

XroadMedia Ncanto

Public API Specification

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I History

Version	Date	Author	Comments/changes
1.0	2012-07-23	Andras Kalmar	First released version for Recommender R3.0, aligned with Feature List 1.1 and Roadmap 1.1
1.01	2012-07-31	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added "position" to the interaction log added "groupId" to the list of recommendations storeId only supports lowercase letters and digits annotation attributes extended to all @asset attributes renamed uiGenreClassification to uiGenreType, sourceNameClassification to sourceNameType and added synopsisType to @annotation, changed all of them to list of strings. added stereo (boolean) to @asset attributes limited rating value range to [-1...+1] extended reserved interaction types
1.02	2012-08-06	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added productionCountry attribute to @asset aligned allowed filter constraint types with future search API requirements
1.03	2012-08-09	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added rating attribute to @recommendation removed age and ageCountry constraint types from @filter in R3.0
1.04	2012-09-06	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> changed language from data type string to type langCode replaced the reference to a subscriber ID in the parameter section of a recommendation request by the subscriber ID itself added sourceLogo attribute to @asset 409 error added to "delete store" request for the case that there is an ongoing ingest into the store
1.05	2012-09-11	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> renamed @asset attribute sourceLogo to sourceLogoUrl extended @topic with topicName and topicUrl
1.06	2012-09-19	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> changed startBin and durationBin format from string to integer removed customProperties from the list of allowed conjuncts

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> renamed all attributes referencing an asset ID consistently to "assetId" renamed REST object for rating and scoring consistently to /profile/<profileId>/scorer
I.07	2012-10-04	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added sourceLogoUrl to annotation template and to the Annex: Metadata attributes changed priceBin format from string to integer
I.08	2012-10-10	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> explained entitlement processing in detail corrected error in syntax of recommendation request response
I.09	2012-10-16	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> changed store attribute "import": <string> to "importing": <boolean> and added new store attribute "importStatus"
I.10	2012-10-31	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Timestamp of the interaction log request changed from required to optional. If not present, the Recommender will automatically generate the timestamp.
I.11	2012-11-12	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added filtering of social recommendations to owners / topics (R3.I feature) specified XSD time format for time of day conditional context rules explained the definition of filter conjuncts more in detail renamed createTime to created_time in @topic corrected uiGenre to be a list of genres per type
I.12	2012-11-27	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added businessScore to the response of recommendation requests added search functionality renamed REST resource for moderated list management from /list to /list/moderated reworked the overview section to cover R3.I functionalities
I.13	2012-12-11	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> deleted query from @searchEngProps, the query is a parameter of the recommendation request and cannot be put into the context updated @predicate syntax for conditional rules of R3.I added optional attribute clientTimeZone to context.global
I.14	2012-12-13	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> renamed clientTimeZone to timeZone improved @predicate syntax for better readability

I.15	2012-12-14	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added uiGenre filtering of recommendations
I.16	2012-12-17	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> turned uiGenre filtering into generic filtering
I.17	2013-01-02	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> changed timezone and time format (from R3.1, backward compatible to R3.0) timestamp in update blacklist request made optional
I.18	2013-01-08	Andras Kalmar	<p>The following R3.2 features have been added:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> prefilter of the preference engine cloning of subscribers playlists added optional customProperties and optional timestamp to moderated lists and playlists
I.19	2013-01-09	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "annotation" added to @assetList object from R3.2 retrieve list(s) calls support the annotation query parameter
I.20	2013-01-11	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> renamed "annotation" attribute of @scoredAsset to "asset" added collaborative similarity engines
I.21	2013-01-21	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added dateTime condition for context rules added errorRatio to @profile added calibrateProfile to interaction log renamed request_recommendations interaction type to requestRecommendations defined targeted advertising features for R3.2 moved the adFrequency attribute from the global section of the context to the adEngine section
I.22	2013-02-20	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> removed requirement that lists have to have at least one element simplified ad targeting configuration (context management) defined @scoredAssetId updated block diagram and the description of targeted advertising in Section 2.2
I.23	2013-02-26	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> some typos corrected changed REST resource of separate ad interleaving request from /adInterleaver to /recommendations/adInterleaver
I.24	2013-03-01	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> simplified adInterleaving configuration

I.25	2013-03-11	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added "excludeSeed" parameter to similarity engine and collaborative similarity engine properties
I.26	2013-03-26	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> limited range of editorial scores in moderated lists to [0,1] renamed adPool consistently to adpool
I.27	2013-04-07	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> deleted adFrequency attribute from context examples, was not corrected when advertising parameters were moved to their own context section in v1.21 of this specification extended @asset by new optional attributes copyControl and contentUrl, supported from R3.2.5 added copyControl to the list of supported filter constraints extended @profile by "name" attribute, only used in explanations. Supported from R3.2.5 added expanded information retrieval for single subscribers, supported from R3.2.5 added remark that the subscriber ID shall be provided with all recommendation requests to allow for internal quality monitoring added recordingSuggestion parameter to @context and to the response of recommendation requests
I.28	2013-04-09	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added GET analytics request (R3.2.5) simplified @elements
I.29	2013-04-23	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added GET all context IDs request (R3.2.5) added separate GET/PUT requests for customProperties of subscribers and profiles (R3.2.5) added "rating" attribute to @scoredAsset (R3.2.5, used by playlists only) made contribution argument of engines optional (R3.2.5) added recordingSuggestion attribute to blending preference engine properties (R3.2.5) added engine specific age limit (R3.2.5)
I.30	2013-04-25	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> added separate annotation for advertising (R3.2.5) optional error tolerance for missing asset IDs added to scoring, rating, and ad interleaving requests (R3.2.5)

I.31	2013-05-14	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • generic recommendation filter extended from single criterion to multiple criteria with AND/OR operators. Supported from R3.2.6 • aligned parameters of interleave ads request with those of a recommendations request: separate annotations for ads and recommendations supported (R3.2.5) • added implicit playlist creation • removed all references to releases up to R3.2.5. This version of the API specification shall only be used with R3.2.5 and above. • Collaborative score request added for R3.3 • renamed context attribute specifying the annotation for ads consistently to adAnnotation • removed errorTolerant parameter of interleave ads request. That request is error tolerant even without the parameter.
I.32	2013-06-05	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • corrected typo: "timestamp" attribute of @scoredAsset shall read "time" • added recordingSuggestion request parameter to rate/score assets in single profile, score assets in multiple profiles, score assets in all profiles of subscriber requests. Supported from R3.2.8. • retrieve assets from active store added for R3.2.9
I.33	2013-06-013	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "rating" attribute removed from @scoredAsset and added to @scoredAssetId (was a typo in the specification, implementation is correct) • extended @genericFilter to support arbitrary operators starting from R3.3 • retrieve assets by filter criteria added to R3.3 • retrieve asset attribute values added to R3.3
I.34	2013-06-24	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • rating of features added to R3.3 • profile.ratedFeatures.likeDegree renamed to rating (R3.3) • added optional "name" attribute to create profile from seed request (analogous to create/update profile) R3.2.10 • explained that recommendation requests don't throw an exception if a non-existing ad pool ID is specified but return recommendations without ads.

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> weight function "priceBin" added to R3.3 Global context attribute maxExplanationLevel added to R3.3
I.35	2013-07-09	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> list of supported features added (R3.3) separate request to change profile name added (R3.2.11) query builder API added (R3.3)
I.36	2013-07-10	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> changed body/response format of change profile name request (R3.2.12)
I.37	2013-07-18	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Twitter based recommendations (engine type "postingBased" added for R3.3 sorting by community rating added for R3.3 described complex search queries (R3.3) defined allowed data type/operator combinations in @genericFilter (R3.3)
I.38	2013-07-31	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> conversion of availabilityStartTime and availabilityEndTime returned by recommendation requests to local time of the subscriber added for R3.3
I.39	2013-08-12	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> support for YouTube API v3.0 added (R3.3) mood attributes of @asset added clarified which interaction log entries are interpreted as ratings
I.40	2013-08-23	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> excludeOwnRatedItems attribute added to collaborative engine properties (R3.3) excludeSeed enum of similarity engine and collaborative similarity engine properties extended by value "none" (R3.3) new statistical list "latestArrivals" (R3.3) a rating value of 0 overwrites any previous rating of the same asset (R3.3)
I.41	2013-08-29	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> subscriber added as query parameter to retrieve assets by filter criteria request (R3.3) changed response object of retrieve assets by filter criteria from [@asset] to [@augmentedAsset] update individual profile/subscriber customProperties attributes added for R3.3
I.42	2013-09-11	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> personalization of search engine results added for R3.3.2 described special role of uiGenre types "broad", "medium", and "fine" for preference engine explanations

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • new optional asset attribute uiProgramType (from R3.3.2) • retrieval of active asset store info without specifying the storeId (R3.3.2)
I.43	2013-09-24	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • topic based YouTube query builder added (R3.3.2) • renamed product from Recommender to Ncanto
I.44	2013-10-11	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • new optional asset attribute subtitleLanguage from R4.0 • from R4.0: metadata of @ratedAsset (in PUT profile body) is now optional and will be loaded from the asset store if missing • new profile filter constraint "priceBin" supported from R3.3.3, removed price constraint • changed recommended priceBin mapping: 0=free, 1=cheap, ...
I.45	2013-10-22	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • file based Axel Springer ingester added (from R3.3.4) • new sorting criteria & multi-criterion sorting added for R4.0
I.46	2013-11-14	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assetType filtering added to context management for R4.0 • support for multiple active asset stores added for R4.0 • support for multiple collaborative matrices added for R4.0 • sourceLineup added for R4.0 • changed entitlement behavior (R4.0) • per asset type annotation added for R4.0 • dot notation support in annotations added for R4.0
I.47	2013-12-12	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • multiSorting feature added to retrieve assets by filter request (R4.0) • sourceLineupName and sourceLineup added to retrieve assets by filter request (R4.0) • default references "<engineName>.seed" and "<engineName>.profile" in context prefEngProps, simEngProps and collSimEngProps (R4.0) • hottest statistical lists aliased as trending (R4.0) • mostPopular statistical lists (R4.0) • recommendation pagination (R4.0) • relative window of availability filtering (R4.0)

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • episode constraint type supported in profile filters (R4.0) • new automatic decision logic about rating type (R4.0)
I.48	2014-02-06	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • corrected groupId type from int to string • removed unnecessary sorting criteria from retrieve assets by filter request • clarified behavior of moderated and statistical lists in case of missing assets • valuator features added (R4.0)
I.49	2014-04-22	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • number of asset stores and total number of assets added to analytics response (R4.0) • skipProfileDislikeThreshold to ignore inactive profiles added to preference engine and blendingPreferenceEngine context (R4.0) • in, exists, notExists generic filter operators added (R4.1) • entitlementSources and entitlementSourceGroups attributes added to context and to subscriber (R4.1) • automatic rating assignment to matching profile added (R4.1) • new asset attributes media, structTip, structEditorialRating (R4.1)
I.50	2014-04-24	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • removed some restrictions from structTip, structEditorialRating, media asset attributes (R4.1)
I.51	2014-05-07	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • added http response codes 403, 415, 429 • deprecated @generic filter operators contains and notContains • added dump feature (R4.0)
I.52	2014-07-29	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • new asset attributes of R4.1 added • sorting by any asset attribute (R4.1) • search term highlighting added (R4.1) • CORS support added (R4.0) • dot and underscore support in store names (R4.1) • window of availability type (R4.1) • beforeAfter (what's on now) (R4.1) • asset types to be processed by IPDS ingester are configurable (R4.1) • pagination for retrieve assets by filter (R4.1) • assetIds attribute of retrieve assets by filter (R4.1)

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • direct annotation (R4.1) • flexible activation/deactivation of stores (R4.1)
1.53	2014-08-20	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • rate an asset in a profile identified by subscriberId and profileName (R4.1) • profile used by preference engine addressed by subscriberId and profileName instead of profileId (R4.1)
1.54	2014-09-23	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • retrieve all dump object IDs (R4.1) • subscriber expiry (R4.1) • activity aware blending preference engine (R4.1) • preference serendipity engine (R4.1) • collaborative serendipity engine (R4.2) • overruling of active stores for program guide and recommendation requests (R4.1) • assetIds global context parameter (R4.1) • rate an asset in multiple matching profiles (R4.1) • weight function trigger "communityRating" (R4.1) • skip profiles attribute of blending preference engine (R4.1) • http compression (R4.1)
1.55	2014-10-02	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • corrected typo in serendipity engine context
1.56	2014-10-13	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • rating in multiple profiles (R4.2) • corrected incomplete conditional annotation specification
1.57	2014-11-28	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • replaced Axel Springer by Funke throughout the document (because of acquisition of the relevant parts of Axel Springer by Funke Mediengruppe) • clarified that Funke ingest from files does not support type filtering • new rating significance algorithm "prefilter" (R4.2) • customProperties attribute of asset stores (R4.2)
1.58	2014-12-15	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • viewing setting support (R4.2)
1.59	2015-01-11	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • window of availability per source and window of availability priority added (R4.2) • blacklist length limiting added (R4.2) • shared profile preference engine (R4.2)
1.60	2015-03-06	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • corrected typo in windowOfAvailabilityPerSource spec • search phrase suggestions (R4.2)

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> configurable search weights (R4.2)
I.61	2015-06-30	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> language support added to query builder API (R4.3) configurable search phrase suggestions (R4.4) playlist asset support for all engines (R4.3) sourceGroup support for entitlement templates (R4.3) window type "strictEnd" (R4.3) conditional attribute value search (R4.3)
I.62	2015-10-12	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> interaction type "share" (R4.4) mostShared statistical list (R4.4) new automatically calculated asset attributes communityViewCount, communityShareCount, communityTrendScore (R4.4) customProperties of list items (@scoredAsset, @scoredAssetId) (R4.4)
I.63	2015-12-04	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> new asset attribute sourceGroupNames (R4.4) excludeOwnRatedItems for preference and blending preference engines (R4.4) notIn operator of @genericFilter (R4.4) genericPrefilter support for profiles (R4.4) per engine generic filter support in contexts (R4.4) arbitrary query parameter based if conditions in context (R4.5) delete assets by filter (R4.4)
I.64	2016-01-20	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> filterFacets added to context.global and to EPG context (R4.4)
I.65	2016-02-26	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> prefilter and genericPrefilter support for create profile from seed request (R4.5) optional profile filters (R4.5) clientCustomProperties (R4.5) interaction type support in rating and create profile from seed requests (R4.5) scoring requests support feature level explanation (R4.5)
I.66	2016-03-18	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> personalized statistical, moderated, and similarity engines (R4.5) defaultLanguage asset attribute (R4.5) extended language filtering: languages and fallbackLanguages context attributes (R4.5)
I.67	2016-04-28	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> new profile filter constraint types (R4.5) new numeric weight functions of R4.5 discrete weight functions added (R4.5)

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • profile strength added (R4.5) • profile like degree features added (R4.5) • sorting sequence added (R4.5)
I.68	2016-05-30	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • defaultSubscriber in recommendation requests (R4.5) • new blending preference engine profileWeights values (R4.5)
I.69	2016-06-10	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • profile selection options for scoring in multiple / all profiles (R4.5)
I.70	2016-06-24	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Profile strength based contribution adjustment of preference, blending preference, shared profile preference, and serendipity preference engines (R4.6)
I.71	2016-07-25	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subscriber merging (R4.6) • Dot characters are not allowed in asset attribute names (R4.6, Elasticsearch 2 limitation)
I.72	2016-08-29	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subscriber customProperties merging (R4.6) • Configurable mapping of asset customProperties fields (R4.6) • Generic entitlements (entitlementFilter), R4.6 • Generic grouping (R4.6) • nestedAnd generic filter operator (R4.6) • multiple windows of availability (R4.6) • sorting condition (R4.6)
I.73	2016-09-19	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explanationConfig (R4.6)
I.74	2016-10-27	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lineup filtering (R4.7) • direct subscriber lineup manipulation (R4.7)
I.75	2016-11-28	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • deprecated additive weight functions (R4.7) • feature rating w/o rating value removes previously active rating (R4.7)
I.76	2017-01-09	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • randomization for preference, blending preference, shared profile preference and serendipity preference engines (R4.7) • CRUD subscriber entitlement, entitlementSources, entitlementSourceGroups, entitlementFilter requests (R4.7) • Top subscriber level like degrees (R4.7) • Individual subscriber level like degrees (R4.8) • Clarified that sorting byEngine sorts by engine name • assetGroups asset attribute (R4.7)

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • per asset group search phrase suggestions (R4.7) • episode grouping priority (R4.7)
1.77	2017-01-19	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • language filtering for search phrase suggestions (R4.8) • seasonTitles & seasonOriginalTitle asset attributes (R4.8) • filterOwnSeries context parameter (R4.8) • delete profile by subscriber ID and profile name (R4.8) • deprecated multiple collaborative matrices support (collaborativeMatrices parameter) in preparation of new collaborative engine in R4.7.1
1.78	2017-04-27	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • introduced data type string512 and changed all IDs to be limited in length. This is not validated in R4.8 yet but the usage of IDs longer than 512 bytes is deprecated. • Distinction parameter of collaborative engine context (R4.8) • Calculate collaborative scores and collaborative valuation features removed from R4.8 • Inputs filter support for retrieve assets by filter requests (R4.8) • Random sorting (R4.8) • New contains/notContains logic of genericFilter (R4.8)
1.79	2017-08-28	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple language filtering for search phrase suggestions (R5.0)
1.80	2017-10-09	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • track & trackSearchTerm parameters added to recommendation and filter requests (R4.8.6) • Frequently used search terms (R4.8.6)
1.81	2017-10-10	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count parameter for POST /like-degrees calls (R5.0) • Viewing setting support for POST /like-degrees calls (R5.0) • Multi-seed similarity engine (R5.0) • assetStores & playlists context attributes supported at engine level (R5.0) • removed deprecated collaborativeMatrices context parameter • collaborativeLearningLevel context parameter (R5.0) • new asset attribute metadataQuality (R5.1)

1.82	2017-11-27	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • allow negative zeroContributionProfileStrengthLimit (R5.0) • collaborative engine excludeOwnRatedItems supports "program" and "series" values (R5.0) • multiple moderated lists support for moderated engines (R5.0) • window of availability filtering at engine level (R5.0) • deprecated retrieve all statistical lists (R5.0) • variables support in genericFilter (R5.0)
1.83	2017-12-31	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • custom explanations support in context (R5.0) • custom explanations of moderated list items (R5.0) • contribution adjustment for all engines (R5.0)
1.84	2018-03-05	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aligned rating significance body style to rest of the API: assetId instead of asset is used. Asset is deprecated. • Corrected typo in collaborativeLearningLevel: allowed values are asset/program/series instead of assetId/programId/seriesId • Fixed incorrect examples for feature ratings of keywords, persons, and customProperties • New origin value of relativeWindowOfAvailability: startOfWeek (R5.0)
1.85	2018-04-05	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Randomization factor for statistical and moderated engines (R5.0) • Configurable ratingAggregation for all rating requests (R5.1) • Per engine minBusinessScore parameter (R5.1) • relativeMinScore attribute for search engines (R5.1) • bookmark lists added (R5.1) • new context attribute bookmarklists (R5.1) • underscores supported in langCode type (R5.0) • configurable availability windows (R5.1) • query parameter variables (R5.1) • variables applied to context via patch syntax (R5.1)

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • minimumLikeDegree threshold for likeDegree variables (R5.1)
I.86	2018-05-09	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • contextId attribute of rating and of log interaction requests (R5.2) • groupingPriority support for filter request (R5.2) • new groupingPriority value episodeForced (R5.2)
I.87	2018-05-22	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • awards added to @asset (R5.2) • deprecated "tip" and "editorialRating" asset attributes (R5.2) • added missing "parameterName" attribute to context.variables (R5.1) • variables support to customExplanations (R5.1) • personal recent search terms (R5.2) • blendingFilterPreferenceEngine (R5.2)
I.88	2018-07-06	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • new value "none" supported by filterOwnSeries (R5.3) • added missing startBin mapping to Table 4 • timestamp variables (R5.3) • groupSize information in retrieve assets by filter and recommendation responses (R5.3)
I.89	2018-07-16	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • multiChannelAudio boolean attribute added to @asset (R5.3)
I.90	2018-07-27	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • search engine property: autocorrection (R5.3) • contextNames (R5.3) • generalized statistical lists (R5.3) • delete statistical list from cache (R5.3) • stacked groups (R5.3) • panel management (R5.3) • multi-context (panel) recommendations (R5.3)
I.91	2018-07-28	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • corrected description of clear statistical list cache command (clear and recalculate) • fixed typo: productionYearBin should read yearBin • validation of string512 type will be activated from R5.4
I.92	2018-10-22	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • new asset attribute: assetFamilies (R5.4) • assetFamilies query parameter for GET /list/statistical requests (R5.4) • program and series level statistical lists (R5.4) • dynamic subscriber groups (R5.4)

1.93	2018-10-25	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "default" value for variables which cannot be resolved (R5.4) • Additional response code 429 for update asset requests (R5.4) • Changed dynamicSubscriberGroups syntax (R5.4)
1.94	2018-11-05	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corrected some typos in dynamicSubscriberGroups (R5.4)
1.95	2018-11-14	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assetFamilies attribute of context.statisticalEngineProperties (R5.4) • statisticalListLevel attribute of context.statisticalEngineProperties (R5.4)
1.96	2018-11-26	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • specified binning of awards for like degree requests • frequency capping (R5.4)
1.97	2019-02-12	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • changed json data type to noDots json for all custom properties • added revenue+currency to log interaction request (R5.6) • added revenue+currency to rating requests (R5.6) • subscriberProperty variables (R5.6) • subscriber conditions for context rules (R5.6) • presentationProperties (R5.6) • per subscriberGroup statistical lists (R5.6) • subscriberGroupFilter for statistical engines (R5.6) • autoclone subscriber feature for recommendation requests (R5.6)
1.98	2019-03-31	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • simplified the specification of context variables
1.99	2019-05-27	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • seedProperty context variables (R5.6) • customScore engine (R5.6) • multi-seed collaborative similarity engine (R5.6)
1.100	2019-06-24	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • subscriber bookmark lists (R5.6) • bookmarkListFilter in global context (R5.6) • grouping priority support in global context (R5.6) • subscriberPlaylists support by individual engines (R5.6) • score asset in single/multiple profiles support viewing settings (R5.6) • windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup (R5.6)

I.101	2019-07-10	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • new groupingPriority values firstUnwatchedEpisode, firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced, firstEpisode, lastEpisode, latestArrival, earlierstArrival (R5.6) • deprecated groupingPriority values episode and episodeForced
I.102	2019-07-15	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ad-hoc preference engine (R5.6)
I.103	2019-07-16	Andras Kalmar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • autoTimeOfDayBin, autoTimeOfWeekBin (R5.6)

2 Overview

The purpose of Ncanto is to provide video recommendations to consumers. This document describes the public Application Programming Interface (API) of release 3 of Ncanto. Section 2 gives a generic and by no means exhaustive overview of the features. Authoritative and subrelease specific information is contained in Section 3.

2.1 Usage Model

Ncanto implements a server-server usage model depicted in Figure 1. Ncanto is connected to a customer server, which is passing requests on behalf of distributed clients of Subscribers. Clients are not directly connected to Ncanto in that case.

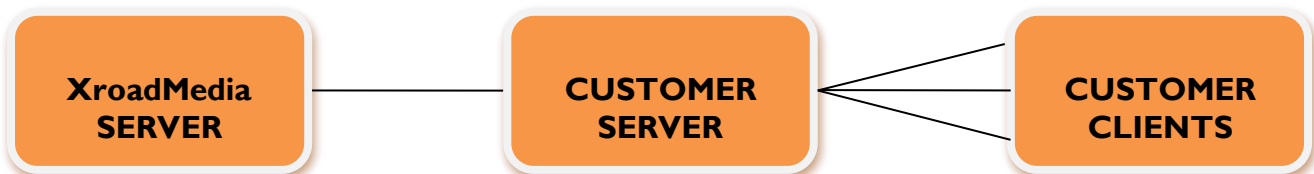


Figure 1: Server-server usage model of Ncanto

In addition to the server-server model, the client-server usage model shown in Figure 2, in which distributed clients directly connect to the API of Ncanto, is supported. In this case, Ncanto has to provide additional security features like client authorization and DoS attack prevention. In addition, CORS (Cross-origin resource sharing) is supported to bypass the same origin security policy of browser based clients in client-server usage scenarios.

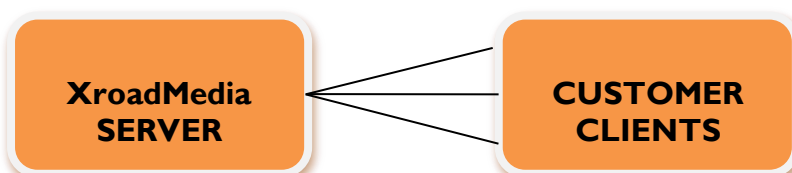


Figure 2: Client-server usage model of Ncanto

2.2 Privacy and Data Protection

Ncanto's recommendation algorithms do not require and do not use any personal information. For privacy reasons no personally identifiable information (PII) may be stored in Ncanto. In particular, all IDs shall be anonymous and the subscriber object shall not contain any PII like e-mail address, gender, age, etc.

For the same reason Ncanto's logs do not contain the IP address of the client.

2.3 Functional and Architectural overview

Figure 3 depicts the functional block diagram of Ncanto. The system is recommending video assets, metadata about which is available in the Asset Store, to clients of the system. Recommendations are generated by (one or more) recommendation Engines implementing various recommendation algorithms. The Mixer combines intermediate results of the recommendation Engines into one list of recommendations (Reclist), which is then sorted and filtered by the Global Postprocessor.

Finally, the Ad Interleaver applies targeted advertising to the Reclist. Ad targeting is done by (one or more) Ad Engines employing different algorithms to find and personalize Ad assets.

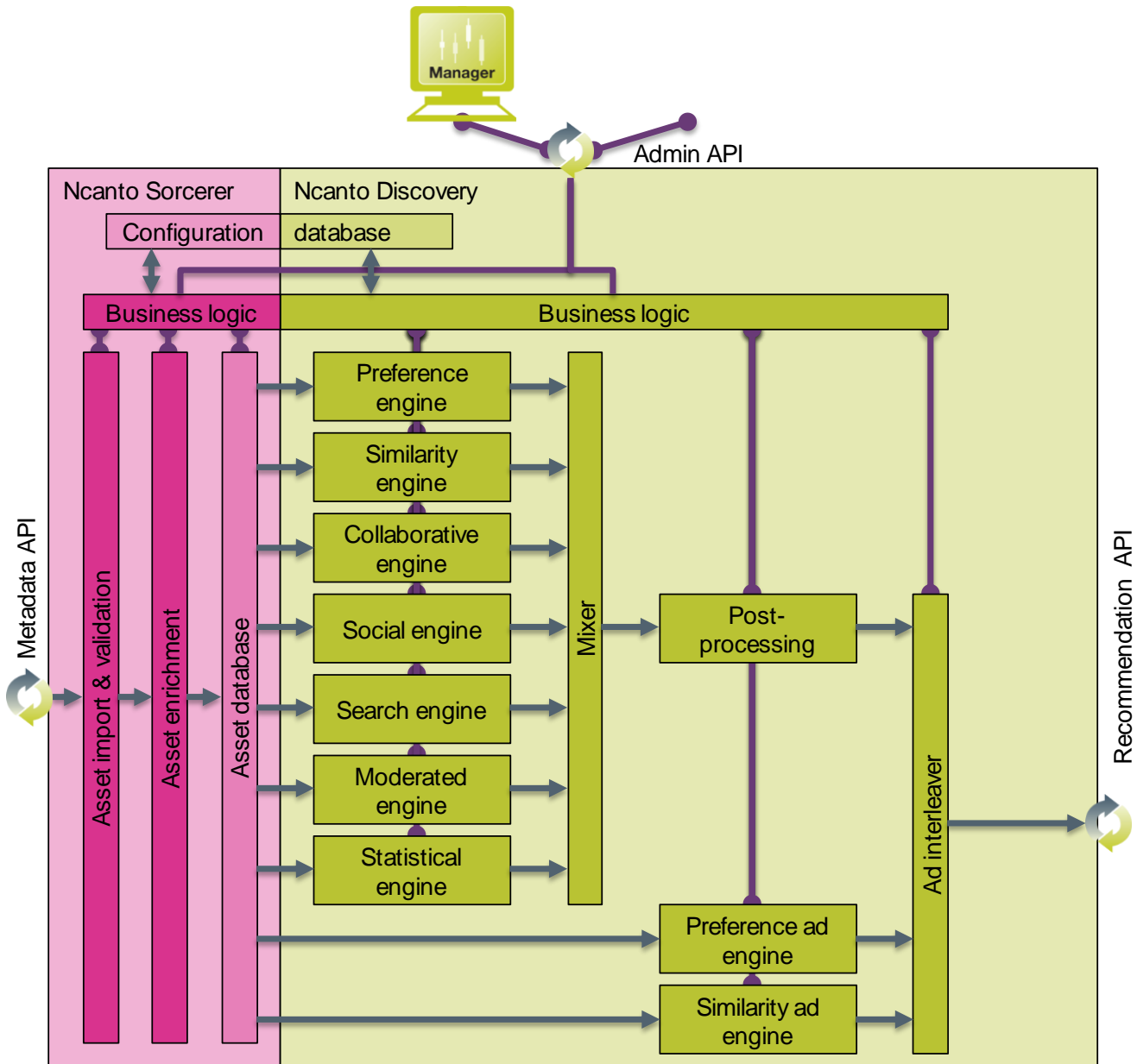


Figure 3: Functional block diagram of Ncanto

2.3.1 Asset Database

The Asset Database stores metadata about all the assets known to Ncanto. The asset database may contain an arbitrary number of asset stores (tables). Asset stores may be active or inactive, only assets in active stores will be considered by Ncanto.

Ncanto supports arbitrary types of assets, e.g. Linear Broadcast, Video on Demand, Over The Top, and Advertising.

Assets in the asset database are identified by their unique Asset ID. Ncanto Assets are organized into Sources, one Source might correspond to one TV channel or a VoD library, or a set of advertising clips. Each source is identified by its unique Source ID. Multiple Sources might be combined into one Source Group. Note that Asset IDs have to be unique across the Asset Store even for assets with

different source IDs in different Source Groups. Moreover asset IDs have to be unique across all active asset stores.

Customer specific asset attributes which do not fit into the predefined Ncanto attributes may be added to the open (schema-less) attribute customProperties.

Asset metadata is provided by one or more metadata providers of the customer. The Asset Store provides an interface (cf. Section 3.6) for metadata providers to ingest assets into the system.

Metadata Enrichment

Ncanto is prepared to enrich available metadata by automatically generating additional attributes. Currently the mood attributes are automatically generated by the "ingest assets" request.

2.3.2 Configuration Store

The Configuration Store is the main database of Ncanto containing information about the system's Subscribers and configuration:

- List of Subscribers and the subscribers' properties
 - Entitlement: defines which Sources and Source Groups a Subscriber has access to
 - Blacklist: contains items (assets, programs, series) which should not be recommended
 - Profiles: preference profiles associated with the Subscriber
 - Topics: preferences from the Subscriber's social network profile, which are relevant to Ncanto
- the preference Profiles comprising
 - a filter defining which assets do roughly match the profile
 - the list of rated assets, e.g. "likes the Simpsons" but "dislikes Two and a half men", defining the implicit part of the profile,
 - rated features, e.g. "likes action movies", "likes Clint Eastwood as actor", defining the explicit part of the profile,
 - blacklist: containing items (assets, programs, series) which should not be recommended
- Annotation templates defining the set of metadata to be returned together with recommendations
- Moderated Lists
- Statistical Lists
- the Collaborative Filtering Matrix
- etc.

2.3.3 Engines

A recommendation Engine is identified by its unique Engine Name and is primarily characterized by its Engine Type. The Engine Type defines which recommendation algorithms and which processing steps (e.g. filtering) are used.

Ncanto supports the following Engine Types:

- Similarity: a Similarity Engine recommends Assets which are semantically similar to a seed asset provided. Optionally the preference profiles of the user are taken into account too to provide personalized similarity recommendations.
- Preference: the Preference Engine recommends assets matching a preference profile, which is derived from user ratings. Multiple profiles per subscriber are supported by Ncanto.
- Social Engine: recommends assets based on the subscriber's social network profile (e.g. Facebook profile)

- Collaborative Engine: recommends assets based on collaborative filtering (Subscribers who watched this, also watched that...)
- Statistical Engine: recommends statistically relevant assets, e.g. most watched or best rated assets. Optionally the preference profiles of the user are taken into account too to provide personalized statistical recommendations.
- Moderated Engine: recommends assets which have been composed by an editor of the customer. Optionally the preference profiles of the user are taken into account too to provide personalized editorial recommendations.
- Search Engine: offers free text and structured search in the Asset Store. Optionally the preference profiles of the user are taken into account too to provide personalized search results.
- Posting Engine: recommends assets based on the subscribers postings to social networks (e.g. Tweets).
- Serendipity Engines: the serendipity flavor of the preference engine provide "surprising" recommendations, i.e. recommendations which do not perfectly match the user's expectations but which are expected to enrich the user experience.
- Custom Score Engine: uses a customer defined score formula to select the assets it recommends

Multiple Engines of the same Engine Type are supported.

A recommendation Engine operates on a set of candidate assets defined by asset type and the Engine's input. By default all engines use all asset types with the exception of "ad" (advertising), this default setting can be overruled on a global or per engine basis. The Input corresponds to one or more Source Groups (cf. Section 2.3.1). Any Engine will only recommend assets which match the specified asset types and which are part of its input.

Other configuration parameters of an Engine comprise e.g. the subscriber or profile IDs to be used, the seed asset for similarity calculation, or filtering criteria like parental control.

The contribution attribute of an Engine defines the relative contribution of the engine to the final Reclist. If the contribution attribute is missing, a default value of 1 is applied to all engines (resulting in all engines contributing to the final Reclist in a uniform way).

Similarity Engine

A Similarity Engine uses the ID of an asset, called the seed asset, as its main input. It searches for other assets with similar characteristics and provides a score indicating how similar the recommended asset is to the seed asset. A list of seed assets is supported too.

Similarity recommendations do not require to store or learn user preference, they are available immediately and, since there is no preference data stored, need little resources.

Preference Engine

Preference engines recommend assets based on the Subscriber's preference, which is learned from explicit or implicit feedback and may be complemented by direct subscriber input ("I like action movies"). Subscriber preference is stored in Profiles.

Ncanto supports feedback communicated to Ncanto as Ratings. A Rating corresponds to hitting a like or dislike button on the user interface of Ncanto's client (explicit asset rating) or is derived from subscriber 0, and +1 are intended to represent "like", "undo", and "dislike" and overwrite any previous

rating of the same asset, rating values in the interval $]-1,0[\cup]0,+1[$ are intended for implicit ratings and are accumulated.

In addition to asset ratings the subscriber may add feature ratings of the type "I like actor XY" or "I don't like genre horror". Asset and feature ratings may be combined in the same profile.

In order to increase the learning speed of Ncanto, multiple Profiles per Subscriber, corresponding e.g. to specific segments of the Subscriber's interests are supported.

Profiles can be created from a seed asset or by defining the Profile's pre-filter and filter explicitly. The Profile's pre-filter is used to define criteria all recommendations for the given profile have to fulfill. In contrast the profile's filter is used to preselect assets which roughly match the Subscriber's preference. This preselection is further narrowed down by scoring according to the preference profile. The more Ratings the Subscriber submits to a specific Profile, the more accurate recommendations will be. Right after the creation of a Profile, there are no preferences learned yet, and a Preference Engine will recommend assets based on its filter only. This phase is characterized by all scores of not rated assets being 0.5. The preference profile kicks in and starts to personalize assets passing the filter by individual scoring as soon as the sum of positive ratings or the sum of negative ratings reaches 1.0 (i.e. in case of "like"/"dislike" ratings after the first positive or first negative rating).

The Profile Strength value is an indicator for the quality and completeness of a preference profile. In general, increasing the number of ratings will improve the profile strength.

Ncanto is also providing "like degree" information about individual feature value pairs in the preference profile, e.g. how much a specific genre or actor is liked by the subscriber. Alternatively, the like degrees of all feature value pairs in the profile or a list of feature value pairs with the highest like degrees can be requested too.

The score provided by a Preference Engine indicates how well the Asset matches the Profile used. To provide recommendations, a Preference Engine takes the ID of one Profile as a reference. Multiple Preference Engines can be configured in parallel to retrieve recommendations mixed from blended Profiles of a Subscriber.

The preference engine takes into account the environment in which feedback is given and content is consumed. The environmental parameters are called viewing setting. The viewing setting considered by Ncanto comprises the variables time of day, time of week, device, mood, location, and activity.

The setting parameters of each asset rating are stored in the preference profile. If the recommendation request contains the setting parameters, Ncanto automatically selects the matching part of the profile.

This feature allows to distinguish different consumption behavior depending on device, time, mood, or location, within the same profile.

The Blending Preference Engine uses all Profiles belonging to a Subscriber and blending recommendations from all of them. If multiple profiles per subscriber are present (e.g. movie, series, news profiles), the blendingPreferenceEngine is used to combine them. The blendingPreferenceEngine ensures that all profiles get their fair share of the recommendations and that profile weights are set smartly depending on how important the profile is for the subscriber. There are various algorithms to calculate the weights of the individual profiles. Besides the default uniform weighting the amount of ratings (positive or all) in the profile, can be taken into account. Excluding inactive profiles completely is supported too.

In contrast, the Blending Filter Preference Engine is used in single profile per subscriber scenarios. To deliver a broad variety of recommendations from a single profile, the Blending Filter Preference

Engine supports multiple segment filters (e.g. movie series, news,...) and ensures that all segments get their fair share of the recommendations and that segment weights are set smartly depending on how important the segment is for the subscriber. There are various algorithms to calculate the weights of the individual segments. Besides the default uniform weighting the amount of ratings (positive or all) matching the segment, can be taken into account. Excluding inactive segments completely is supported too.

The shared profile preference engine blends recommendations from the subscriber's own profile and from profiles of other subscribers who are sharing their profiles with the subscriber. The amount of recommendations from the subscriber's own profile w.r.t. the shared profiles is configurable. The relative distribution of recommendations among the shared profiles is determined automatically by Ncanto by calculating the similarity between the subscriber's own profile and the individual shared profile.

The ad-hoc preference engine does not require the client to send all user interactions to Ncanto to build the profile. A preference profile is created on the fly based on the recently watched items of the subscriber at the time recommendations are requested.

The contribution of the preference engines (preference, serendipity preference, blending preference, shared profile preference, blending filter preference) is automatically adjusted depending on the Profile Strength if the contribution adjustment feature is activated. Contribution adjustment allows to reduce the contribution of a preference engine in case the profile strength is low.

All flavors of the preference engine support randomization, i.e. instead of recommending the content with the highest preference score, a random subset of a larger candidate group of content is recommended.

Social Engine

The Social Engine uses the Subscriber's and the Subscriber's friends' profiles in social networks to generate recommendations. Facebook profiles are supported, other social networks will be added in later releases.

Since Ncanto does not store any personally identifiable information about Subscribers and in order to comply with the terms of use of most social networks, it is the task of the client to retrieve the Subscriber's (and, optionally, also the Subscriber's friends') social profile and to send it to Ncanto. A reference implementation of the social network connector retrieving the profiles and forwarding them to Ncanto is provided.

From the social profiles submitted, Ncanto automatically selects Topics which are relevant to Ncanto. The list of Topics found relevant is returned and stored as a property of the Subscriber.

The Social Engine uses the Subscriber's ID as a reference to provide recommendations matching one of the Subscriber's Topics. A score indicating how well the recommended Asset fits to the Subscriber's social profiles is calculated and returned too. In order to identify the social network profile a recommendation originates from, an optional attribute "owner" is supported. Clients may use the "owner" attribute to store e.g. the first names of the Subscriber's friends.

Posting based Engine

This is another type of a social engine, instead of the user's profile in social networks, messages sent by the user to a social network or received from the user's friends (postings) are used to derive recommendations. Ncanto supports Twitter postings (i.e. tweets) as an input, analyzes the postings, identifies relevant keywords and topics, and returns recommendations matching them. In contrast to

the topics identified by the social engine, postings are highly dynamic and short-lived, they are not stored in Ncanto's database.

Collaborative Engine

A Collaborative Engine learns from the behavior of all the Subscribers of an Ncanto instance. It takes either the ID of a Subscriber or the ID of an Asset as reference and recommends Assets which other Subscribers with similar taste liked before. The Collaborative Engine is tolerant toward poor asset metadata but requires a significant amount of historical data to provide meaningful recommendations. The collaborative engine of Ncanto supports non-video assets (e.g. books, apps, games, etc.) too. By default, all assets (video and non-video) are put into one common collaborative matrix (database). To support large catalogs, Ncanto supports separate collaborative matrices per asset type. If video and non-video assets are used together in one Ncanto instance, the collaborative matrices have to be designed on a case by case basis by XroadMedia personnel, taking into account catalog sizes and cross-domain recommendation requirements.

The multiple matrices support is deprecated from R4.7.1.

Statistical Engine

Statistical Engines recommend Assets from Ncanto supports the following statistical lists:

- **Best rated Assets**
This list is created based on all Ratings of the system's Subscribers, taking into account the absolute number of Ratings as well as the ratio between positive and negative Ratings. Note that because the number of ratings is taken into account too, the score of the statistical engine does not equal the average rating (community rating) of an asset.
- **Most watched Assets**
This list is created from entries in the interaction log. Ncanto needs such information from the client to build the most watched list.
- **Trending Assets**
To create the trending assets list, Ncanto calculates the increase in the number of interactions per time unit and takes the assets with the highest value.
- **Latest arrivals**
The latest arrivals lists contain new assets which have recently become available.
- **Most shared Assets**
This list is created from "share" entries in the interaction log.

The time window of each statistical list is selectable via the context.

The Statistical Engine takes one of the statistical lists as input and recommends assets on the list to the Subscriber. A score is provided indicating the relevance of the asset in the statistical list.

Each statistical list (defined by the type/timeWindow/assetTypes/programTypes parameters) is created on the fly when it is first used. It is then cached for a short period of time depending on the length of the time window used. The default caching durations are:

- 1 minute up to a time window of 10 minutes
- 10% of the length of the time window for time windows between 15 minutes and 40 hours
- 4 hours for time windows longer than 40 hours

Moderated Lists

Moderated Engines use lists of editorial recommendations as input and recommend assets from them.

Search Engine

The Search Engine offers intelligent free text search capabilities among the assets in the asset store. Auto-completion and auto-correction are supported. By default search is performed in the following asset attributes: titles, uiGenres, genreBroad, genreMedium, genreFine, originalTitle, keywords, categories, persons, subtitles, synopses, sourceNames, uiProgramType, uiFunctionNames. The attributes used and the weights per attribute are configurable.

In addition. Structured search based on Lucene syntax is supported:

search for an exact word or phrase	Use double quotes "<phrase>" to search for an exact word or set of words.
include a word	Add a plus before the word (immediately i.e. w/o blank between the operator and the operand) to indicate that the word is mandatory. If the plus sign should not be interpreted as "include" but as part of the query string, escape it with a backslash \.
exclude a word	Add a dash – before the word (immediately i.e. w/o blank between the operator and the operand) to exclude all assets containing the word. If the dash should not be interpreted as "exclude" but as part of the query string, escape it with a backslash \.
proximity search	Use the tilde ~ operator at the end of a phrase to search for the words of the phrase within a limited distance from each other, e.g. "rain man"~2
wildcards	* and ? wildcards represent arbitrary terms or characters, respectively. If the * or ? characters should not be interpreted as wildcards but as part of the query string, escape them with a backslash \.
logical operators	AND, OR, NOT, note that logical operators have to be in CAPITAL letters
parentheses	(and) may be used to control the sequence of evaluation
search within specific fields	Use the asset attribute name followed by a colon and the desired asset attribute value to search in specific fields only. In case of hierarchical asset attributes the dot notation is supported (e.g. persons.actor:eastwood)

Note that the following characters are interpreted as operators by Lucene and have to be escaped by a backslash \ if they should be part of the search string: + - && || ! () { } [] ^ " ~ * ? : \ /

The search terms are highlighted in the response and the names of the asset attributes the search term was found in are returned too.

Ncanto is able to personalize search results. If a subscriber ID is known and personalization is requested, the search algorithm is used to obtain candidate assets, then the scoring mechanism of the preference engine (scoring in all profiles of the subscriber) is applied to determine the result's scores.

In addition to the search engine, which returns assets matching the search query, Ncanto also supports search phrase suggestions. Based on an (incomplete) search term Ncanto suggests complete search phrases together with the asset attribute name the phrase was found in. Note that for best real time performance the database to provide search phrase suggestions is created at ingest time. Hence it is not possible to apply the usual filters (generic filter, window of availability filter, etc.) to search phrase suggestions. Limited filtering of the suggestions is available via the `assetGroups` parameter. If an asset carries the `assetGroups` attribute, its phrases are stored in the search phrase databases of each given asset group. The search phrase suggestion request supports the same `assetGroups` parameter to select the databases the search phrase suggestions should come from. This allows for basic filtering of the search phrase suggestions, e.g. to separate suggestions from adult and non-adult content. The asset group aware search phrase suggestion feature is available from release 4.7.

Another search related feature of Ncanto is the tracking of search terms used and the maintaining of a "popular search terms" list. Popular search terms can be retrieved for any given time period. Blacklisting and whitelisting are supported to avoid offending search terms (e.g. blacklist "sex" but whitelist "Sex and the City"). Popular search terms can also be filtered to a single subscriberId to get the recently used search terms of one subscriber only.

Custom Score Engine

The custom score engine uses a number of custom score functions defined in the context to calculate the score. The contributions of the individual custom score functions are added up and the result is normalized to the value range 0...1

2.3.4 Mixer

The output of the recommendation Engines is combined into a single Reclist by the Mixer. In addition, the Mixer can group recommended assets similar to each other to indicate that they belong together. E.g. if grouping by `programId` is configured, assets representing the same program, e.g. multiple airings of the same movie on TV, or different versions of the same VoD item, are grouped together. The maximum number of assets per group can be limited to receive e.g. only one of such assets. If grouping at series level is selected ("`grouping`":"series" until R4.6, "`groupingAttributes`":["seriesId","programId"] in later releases), all episodes of the same series are grouped together in addition. Starting from R4.6 Ncanto supports generic grouping by any asset attribute. A list of asset attributes is supported, the first attribute present in the asset to be grouped defines which group it will belong to. If series ID is among the grouping attributes, the grouping priority parameter may be used to select which assets shall make it into the groups. By default the assets with highest business score are selected first. Grouping priority based on season and episode numbers selects the first not yet watched new episodes of each series.

Starting from R5.3 the mixer can be configured to stack groups. Instead of returning a flat list of recommendations (with the groups being indicated by the same `groupId` only), all recommendations of a group may be stacked into one object. The first recommendation of the group will constitute the main recommendation, all other recommendations belonging to the same group will be added as stacked recommendations into the main recommendation.

There is one Mixer per Ncanto instance.

2.3.5 Ad Generator and Ad Interleaver

These components offer targeted advertising features integrated into Ncanto. The Ad Generator selects the best matching Ad assets from their for every asset of the Reclist. By default all assets with asset type "ad" are considered as advertising. This may be extended to other asset types via the context. Similarity and user preference based algorithms are supported. The Ad Generator is using a subset of ad assets called an Ad Pool. Ad Pools represent all ads which are applicable at a given point in time or in a given context and are typically managed by the customer's campaign management system.

The task of the Ad Interleaver is to interleave the candidate Ads provided by the Ad Generator into the Reclist. The Ad Interleaver supports the Ad Frequency property: a floating point number between 0 and 1 determining the rate of Ads in the Reclist. E.g. an Ad Frequency of 0.2 means that on average one Ad will be placed for every 5th asset of the Reclist.

There is one Ad Interleaver per Ncanto instance.

2.3.6 Global Postprocessing

Assets can be filtered and sorted both by the Recommendation Engines themselves and also by the Global Postprocessing block. Some of the filtering and sorting rules can be applied at Engine and at Global level. The following filtering options are supported:

- Window of availability

Only Assets which are available during the specified time window are recommended. Time windows may be specified via absolute timestamps (2013-01-01 12:00:00) or relative to the current time (current time + 2h). The following window types are supported: "overlap": any asset the availability of which overlaps with the specified window of availability will be returned. "strictStart": only assets which become available during the specified window are returned. "strictEnd": only assets the availability of which ends during the specified window are returned. "strict": only assets the availability of which is completely inside the specified window (i.e. start and end inside the specified window) are returned.

In addition to a default window of availability applicable to all sources, individual windows per source may be specified to account for different catch-up durations.

Until R4.5 window of availability filtering looks at the asset attributes availabilityStartTime and availabilityEndTime. From R4.6 multiple availability windows may be specified (e.g. the broadcast window and the catch-up window of a TV asset) and will be taken into account by the filter. To this end the additional availabilities have to be provided in the asset's custom properties and the corresponding attributes have to be configured as availability window attributes. Please ask XroadMedia personnel to configure your instance accordingly. From R5.1 the window defined by originalStartTime and originalEndTime can be used, too, and the configuration of the availability windows to be used is exposed via the context.

- Minimum score

Only Assets, the score of which reaches the given threshold are recommended. Threshold are defined on a per engine basis. Preference engines ignore the minimum score requirement until the profile becomes active.

- Minimum Age

Only Assets with a minimum age requirement lower than or equal to the given value are recommended. Ncanto supports parental control per country, hence the country of the viewer is taken into account by the minimum age filter. Assets without minimum age

specification are considered to be suitable for any age. Age limits may be set globally or on a per engine basis.

- viewing Device
Ncanto supports filtering recommendations according to suitability for a specific viewing device. The list of suitable viewing devices is an attribute of every Asset in the system. By specifying the Device in a recommendation request, Assets not suitable for the device can be avoided.
- Generic asset filter
Additional filter criteria based on asset attributes may be defined e.g. to filter recommendations to selected program types or genres. The generic filter syntax supports all asset attributes and the operators exists, equals, in, notEquals, notIn as well as smaller/larger/atLeast/atMost for numerical attributes. Multiple criteria can be defined using the and / or operators. An additional operator, nestedAnd, is supported if multiple criteria have to be matched by the same element of list.
In addition to providing exact values to the generic filter (e.g. genreBroad == thriller), variables are supported, too. In that case Ncanto will resolve e.g. the favorite genreBroad value from the subscriber's profiles and substitute the variable name with the favorite genre automatically.
- Lineup filter
Results are filtered to the personal lineup of the subscriber. Multiple lineups per subscriber are supported and an index based subset of a lineup may be used for filtering (e.g. return assets from the first 8 sources of lineup "default" of the subscriber).

Ncanto supports the following sorting options:

- sorting by score, default direction: descending
The Assets in the final Reclist will be sorted by Score, starting with the highest. This is the default sorting.
- sorting by availability start time, default direction: ascending
The Assets in the final Reclist will be sorted by the start of the window of availability, starting with the earliest.
- sorting by community rating, default direction: descending
Assets with highest community rating are shown first.
- sorting by source lineup:
Results are sorted according to the sequence of sourceIDs in the source lineup, which shall correspond e.g. to the subscriber's lineup of TV channels
- sorting by season/episode, default direction: ascending
Results are sorted by ascending season and ascending episode number (episodes of lowest season in ascending order, then episodes of the later seasons). Note that sorting by episode does not take into account the series ID, i.e. it only makes sense together with sorting by groups.
- sorting by engine:
Results are sorted by engine name.
- sorting by group maximum score, default direction: descending:
Results are sorted by groups, starting with the group containing the asset with the highest score, then the group containing the next lower maximum score.
- sorting by recording suggestion, default direction: descending:
Results with recording suggestion = true are returned first
- sorting by business score, default direction: descending
The asset with the highest business score (weight function of score) is returned first.

- random sorting,
The assets are sorted randomly, direction is ignored.
- sorting by any asset attribute, default direction: ascending:
Results are sorted lexicographically by the asset attribute given in dot notation. Assets with non-existing or empty sorting criterion are appended at the end of the list. If the criterion is not a leaf of the asset but a branch node, the whole node is serialized and used for lexicographic sorting (objects are sorted by keys first). Lists are compared element by element, in case of different lengths, the longer list comes first. If an attribute name contains a dot (e.g. in customProperties), it has to be "escaped" by putting the attribute name in single quotes, e.g. "customProperties.'attribute.1'". Please note that in contrast to sorting byTime, sorting by asset attribute availabilityStartTime treats the value as string and hence does not correctly deal with different time zones.
- sorting by multiple criteria:
An ordered list of the above criteria is specified, the criteria are applied in the order of their appearance in the list. I.e. the result will start with the first (lowest or highest) value of the first criterion. Within the group with the same value of the first criterion assets are sorted by the second criterion.
The default sorting direction can be overruled for all criteria.
- sorting sequence:
A sorting sequence exactly defines the desired order for the given list of attribute values. Values in the sorting sequence are always sorted to the beginning of the result list, in the order of their appearance in the sequence (even if the sorting direction is descending). The remaining values are sorted according to the specified direction.

Starting from R4.4, filter facets may be optionally added to the response. Filter facets contain all available values of a given asset attribute and the corresponding number of assets having that attribute value.

There is one Global Postprocessor block per Ncanto instance.

2.3.7 Blacklisting

Subscribers can put assets they don't want to show up in recommendation lists on a blacklist. Ncanto supports blacklisting at Subscriber level (blacklisted items will not be recommended to the Subscriber, independent of the Engine used) and at Profile level (allowing to create individual blacklists per Profile).

A blacklist comprises three sublists:

- List of unwanted asset IDs to blacklist individual assets
- List of unwanted program IDs to blacklist all assets representing the same program (e.g. multiple airings of the same TV show would be indicated by the same program ID)
- List of unwanted series IDs to blacklist all episodes of a series

The amount of items on the blacklist can be limited automatically by Ncanto. Limits have to be set by XroadMedia personnel during provisioning of a system. If a limit is set, the number of assets, programs, and series is independently limited to the given threshold by applying the FIFO principle.

2.3.8 Business Scoring

Independent of the Engine used, Ncanto provides a recommendation score for every recommended asset, indicating the quality of recommendation.

This recommendation score represents Ncanto's estimate, how well the asset matches the Subscriber's taste, how similar the asset is to the reference asset, etc.

Business Scores are calculated from the Recommendation Scores according to Weight Functions and represent a combined value of how well the asset matches the subscriber's taste and how well recommending the asset serves the service provider's business goals.

With the help of Weight Functions, a service provider can fine tune which assets are recommended, by e.g. pushing assets which are particularly profitable or which are expiring soon.

Business scores are calculated as recommendation score * weight. Note that additive weight functions (business score = recommendation score + weight) are deprecated and should not be used. Additive weights are applied before normalizing the recommendation score, hence the actually applied weights may be smaller than specified for similarity, search, social, and posting engines.

Ncanto supports the following numerical triggers to weight Recommendation Scores:

- remaining availability (based on availabilityEndTime, even if multiple availability windows are used)
- elapsed availability (based on availabilityStartTime, even if multiple availability windows are used)
- profitability
- price bin
- community rating
- community share count
- community trendscore
- community viewcount
- production year
- lease duration
- lease viewcount
- duration
- lightness & pace

The Weight is characterized as a linear spline (piecewise linear approximation) of the desired weight curve and is specified by its nodes. The concept is illustrated in Figure 4. This weight function example is intended to push VoD assets shortly before they expire, i.e. in the last days of availability. The service provider decided to use a multiplicative weight function to start pushing assets 10 days before expiration. The assets are moderately pushed between 5 and 2 days of remaining availability, and finally strongly pushed between 2 days and one day remaining availability. The weight remains at its constant maximum during the last 24 hours.

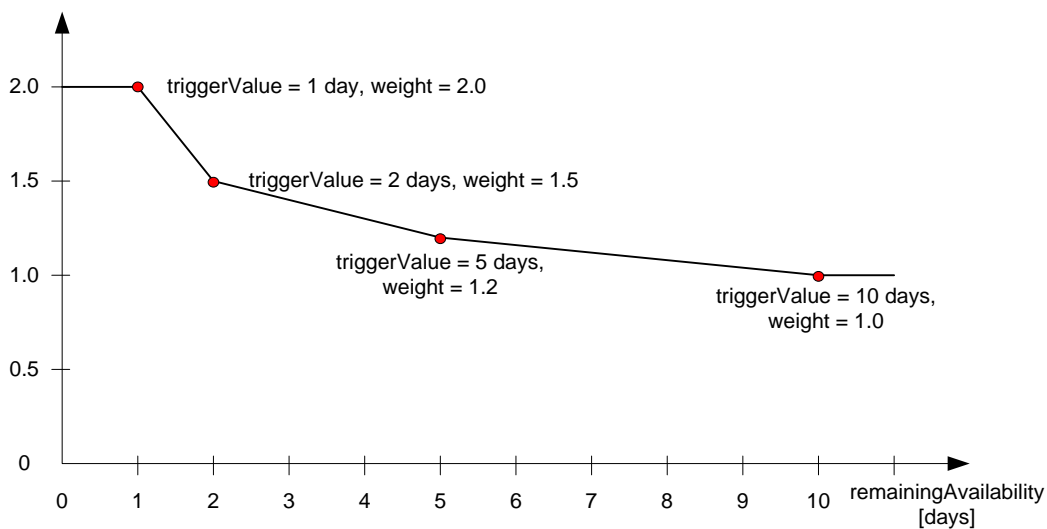


Figure 4: Weight function example

This results in the following nodes of the weight function:

1. triggerValue = 10 days: weight = 1.0. Since this is the node with the biggest triggerValue, the corresponding weight is applied constantly for remainingAvailability > 10 days.
2. triggerValue = 5 days: weight = 1.2
3. triggerValue = 2 days: weight = 1.5
4. triggerValue = 1 day: weight = 2.0. Since this is the node with the smallest triggerValue, the corresponding weight is applied constantly for remainingAvailability < 1 day.

In addition to the numeric triggers, Ncanto supports discrete weight functions too. Any asset attribute/attribute value pair may be defined to boost the business score either additively or multiplicatively.

Discrete weight functions allow e.g. to boost special program types or genres in the results. In case of non-numeric triggers the weight function is not interpreted as a linear spline, the nodes represent independent trigger values which result in a boost. For trigger values not included in the weight function the business score will not be changed.

2.3.9 Context Management

All configuration parameters and weight functions used to provide recommendations are called a Context. Every recommendation request is based on a Context. Contexts can be predefined and referenced in the recommendation request by a context ID, or can be provided as body of the recommendation request, called an Ad-hoc Context. A combination of predefined and ad-hoc Contexts is supported, too.

Context Management allows creating, retrieving, updating and deleting pre-defined Contexts. Each Context is identified by its unique Context ID and comprises one or more Rules of the type

IF <predicate> THEN <properties> ELSE <properties>,

i.e. if the specified condition is met the properties are set according to the THEN clause. If the condition is not met, the properties are set according the ELSE clause.

The predicate may include time (time of day or absolute time) based conditions, subscriber (e.g. subscriber group) based conditions, or conditions dependent on arbitrary query parameters of the recommendation request (e.g. device based). When evaluating subscriber group based conditions, Ncanto takes into account the static subscriber groups ("subscriberGroups" property of the subscriber) as well as the dynamic subscriber groups ("dynamicSubscriberGroups" property of the subscriber, based on the dynamic group definitions described in Section 0.

Time or time of day based conditions are evaluated at the beginning of the time window, for which the recommendations are requested ("windowOfAvailabilityStart" or "relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart" attribute of the context). If that is not available, the current time (converted into the time zone of the client, if that info is available) is used.

A Context comprises an ordered list of globally valid and Engine specific rules. The Rules of a Context are evaluated at runtime and result in a set of configuration parameters used by Ncanto. The unconditional Rules of the pre-defined Context are evaluated first, in the order of their appearance. The unconditional Rules of the ad-hoc Context of the request are evaluated next, again in the order of appearance. After that step the rule conditions are evaluated and the remaining Rules (the ones the conditions of which are met) are evaluated, again starting with the pre-defined Context.

Because Rules are evaluated sequentially, a Rule can overwrite properties set by a previous Rule. If an attribute is defined multiple times in the context, the attribute value of the latest occurrence is kept. Weight functions, global filters, multiSorting criteria, and relativeWindowOfAvailability criteria are replaced as a whole, individual nodes or criteria are not merged.

If the Business Rules result in an incomplete set of parameters for any component of the system (i.e. if mandatory properties like the Engine Type of one Engine are missing), the corresponding component will not be used.

The minimum set of parameters is defined as follows:

Global section:

- numberOfItems
- if typeOfItems == groups, the grouping and maxGroupSize parameters have to be present too

Preference Engines:

- name
- reference profile ID

Social Engines:

- name
- subscriber ID

Similarity Engines:

- name
- reference asset ID

Collaborative Engines:

- name
- subscriber ID

Statistical Engine

- name
- statisticalList ID

Moderated Lists

- name
- moderatedList ID

Search Engine

- name
- search query
- subscriber ID if personalization==subscriber

Blending Preference Engines:

- name
- subscriber ID

Collaborative Similarity Engines:

- name
- reference asset ID

Ad Targeting:

- algorithm
- adFrequency
- adPools

The concept is illustrated by an example below. In this case two Preference Engines, one Social Engine, one Moderated Engine, and one Statistical Engine are used. There are Rules to be applied at global level, as well as Engine specific rules. Business Scoring is applied to the Preference Engine recommending VoD assets to push assets expiring soon.

```
{
  "contextId": "default",
  "rules": [
    {
      "title": "basic engine config",
      "then": {
        "global": {
          "grouping": "none",
          "numberOfItems": 20,
          "typeOfItems": "assets",
          "windowOfAvailabilityStart": "2013-01-01T00:00:00Z",
          "windowOfAvailabilityEnd": "2013-01-02T00:00:00Z ",
          "sorting": "byScore",
          "country": "deu",
          "minAge": 16,
          "subscriberBlacklisting": "true",
          "annotation": "smartphone_short",
          "entitlement": [
            "BBC_TV",
            "VoD_library_17"
          ],
          "device": [
            "smartphone"
          ]
        },
        "preferenceEngines": [
          {
            "name": "prefTv",
            "contribution": 10,
            "inputs": [
              "SrcGrp_TV1",
              "SrcGrp_TV2"
            ]
          }
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

```

    ],
    "profileBlacklisting": "true",
    "profile": "prof1"
  },
  {
    "name": "prefVod",
    "contribution": 10,
    "inputs": [
      "SrcGrp_VoD"
    ],
    "profileBlacklisting": "true",
    "profile": "prof2",
    "weightFunctions": [
      {
        "trigger": "remainingAvailability",
        "type": "multiplicative",
        "nodes": [
          {
            "triggerValue": "86400",
            "weight": "2.0"
          },
          {
            "triggerValue": "172800",
            "weight": 1.5
          },
          {
            "triggerValue": "432000",
            "weight": 1.2
          },
          {
            "triggerValue": "864000",
            "weight": 1
          }
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
],
"socialEngines": [
  {
    "name": "social",
    "contribution": 10,
    "inputs": [
      "SrcGrp_TV1",
      "SrcGrp_TV2",
      "SrcGrp_VoD"
    ]
  }
],
"moderatedEngines": [
  {
    "name": "editorial",
    "contribution": 10,
    "inputs": [
      "srcGrp_VoD"
    ],
    "moderatedList": "moderatedListId17"
  }
],

```

```

    "statisticalEngines": [
      {
        "name": "hottest",
        "contribution": 10,
        "inputs": [
          "srcGrp_TV1",
          "srcGrp_TV2",
          "srcGrp_VoD"
        ],
        "statisticalList": "hottest4h"
      }
    ]
  }
}

```

In addition to the ad-hoc context which allows to extend or modify a pre-defined context at runtime, context variables are supported, too. Context variables are a convenient solution to change a few individual context parameters only. The following variable types are supported:

- like degree variables automatically resolved to a feature value from the subscriber's profiles, e.g. to the subscriber's favorite genre or series.
- query parameter variables the value of which is set by a query parameter of the recommendation request
- timestamp variables resolving a relative time specification (e.g. current time + offset) into an absolute timestamp

See Section 3.16 for a detailed specification of the Context management API.

2.3.10 Moderated List Management

The Moderated List Management API provides create/retrieve/update/delete methods for Moderated Lists. Ncanto supports an arbitrary number of Moderated Lists identified by unique Moderated List Identifiers.

Each Moderated List consists of an ordered sequence of Assets. When a Moderated List is created or updated, Ncanto does not check if the referenced Assets are available in the Asset Store.

However, Assets not available in the Asset Store at the time of recommending them are ignored.

2.3.11 Playlists and Bookmark Lists

Playlists and Bookmark lists both contain references to assets. Although the lists are inherently independent of subscribers, they may be linked to subscribers if required. There are two differences between the list types:

1. The metadata of assets added to a playlist is persisted by Ncanto independent of the availability of the asset in the active asset store. Playlists are intended e.g. for recording applications where a client side recording may exist much longer than the lifetime of the asset in the active store. Keeping the metadata of playlist assets means that such recorded assets can be rated and scored even if they are not available in the store anymore.
2. In contrast Bookmark Lists can only refer to assets present in the active store. Assets removed from the active store are automatically purged from bookmark lists, too. In addition a time to live can be defined for each bookmarked asset, after which it will be removed from the list automatically.

2.3.12 Recommendation API

The core functionality of the Ncanto is to provide recommendations.

Recommendations are requested by specifying the Context (mandatory) and the subscriber, profile, and seed asset IDs to be used.

The response consist of a list of Assets identified by their unique Asset ID and accompanied by metadata for displaying purposes (Annotation), by an Explanation, why the Asset has been recommended, by the Recommendation Score indicating the relevance of the Asset, and by targeted advertising matching the asset.

For consistency reasons, the search functionality is covered by the Recommendation API too.

Pagination, i.e. defining a subset of the recommendation response which should be returned in one step, is supported. Note, however, that Ncanto does not support sessions, each recommendation request is served independently, and the result pages are in fact taken from different recommendation results.

Annotation

Recommended Assets and targeted advertising are annotated by metadata allowing client devices to display basic information about the Assets. The set of metadata attributes to be returned is configured via Annotation Templates. Annotations may be specified globally for all asset types or individually on a per asset type basis.

For all asset attributes which are available in multiple languages one or a list of desired languages may be specified. All other languages are filtered out from the response. If none of the preferred languages is available, the languages from a configurable list of fallback languages are used. If none of the fallback languages is available either, the default language of the asset is used.

Explanations

For transparency reasons Ncanto provides explanations, why a specific asset is recommended. The Explanation comprises a list of strings explaining the cause of recommendation. The importance of the explanation is indicated by its level, the primary explanation having level = 0 contains the Engine Type used to derive the recommendation. More detailed explanations are e.g. sorting and filtering rules or the list of most significant features of a profile which led to the recommendation. The desired depth of explanations is configurable. Starting from R4.6 the language of the explanation itself and the languages of asset attributes used in the explanation are configurable independently. Moreover the maximum level based configuration has been replaced by an exact specification of which explanations are desired and which are not.

Recommendation Score

In addition to the explanation, the relevance of the recommendation is provided. The relevance of a recommendation is expressed as a Score, a decimal number between 0.0 (indicating “not relevant at all”) and 1.0 (indicating “perfect match”).

Recording suggestion

Ncanto might be used by digital video recorders to find assets which are automatically recorded for the user. Ncanto can tag the best recommendations with a separate flag indicating such a recording suggestion.

Recording suggestion is currently supported for preference engines only.

Frequency Capping

In order to avoid the same recommendation served to the same subscriber several times, Ncanto supports frequency capping. The maximum frequency of the same asset in successive recommendation requests can be limited by specifying how often the same asset may be recommended in a given time period to the same subscriber. For performance reasons the time period is limited to 72 hours and a maximum of 1000 recommendation impressions are tracked per subscriber.

In a typical scenario not all the recommendations served by Ncanto are shown to the user (e.g. because a recommendation container in the UI is not completely visible and the user does not scroll to its end). Therefore only the recommendation impressions which are logged by the client via the Log Subscriber Interaction API are considered by frequency capping.

2.3.13 Panel Recommendations

Starting from R5.3 Ncanto is able to combine recommendations from multiple contexts into one single response object. The aim of this feature is to serve all recommendations required to populate a page in the user interface of the client, comprising multiple recommendation containers, in one single request.

Panels consist of multiple containers, each of them associated with one context. Containers may be split into multiple slots. For each slot the recommendation engine which is expected to populate the slot can be defined. If that preferred engine does not deliver enough results, fallback engines defined for the slot will be used.

Ncanto automatically ensures that there are no duplicates in panel recommendations. Assets present in a container are automatically suppressed in subsequent containers of the same panel.

2.3.14 Related online content

Ncanto is able to generate queries to retrieve related content from public online video sources like YouTube etc. Queries are either generated based on a seed asset (to search for online content related to a seed asset) or based on a preference profile (to search for online content related to the preferences of a subscriber). In both cases Ncanto returns a list of API queries for the selected video source. It is the responsibility of Ncanto's client to send those queries to the corresponding APIs.

2.3.15 Program guide API

With the help of flexible filtering queries to the asset store Ncanto provides electronic program guide functions from simple grid presentation to sophisticated faceted browsing.

The program guide API offers configurable annotations and flexible filtering and sorting criteria, very similar to the generic postprocessing applicable to recommendation requests too.

In addition, the actual values of asset attributes together with their counts are available, to be used e.g. by a faceted user interface.

2.3.16 Asset valuation

The asset valuation features help service providers to decide which new (typically out of entitlement) content, e.g. a new pay TV channel, is the most promising for a subscriber and should be offered. In addition the valuation features can also be used to estimate the potential impact and revenue of new

content before the service provider licenses the content for offering to its subscribers. The asset valuator of Ncanto can use the preference profiles to perform the valuation. The selection of assets to be valuated can be based on sourceId, sourceGroupId, or asset store ID.

The valuator either returns the average score of the assets or a list of highest scoring assets.

3 Application Programming Interface

Ncanto’s APIs are designed in the REST (Representational State Transfer) architectural style, using HTTP as the underlying protocol. The main implications of this are:

- Resources (server-side state) are identified by URI.
- The HTTP methods GET, POST, PUT, and DELETE are the verbs to operate on these resources, i.e. to retrieve and change state.
- Communication is stateless in the sense that no contexts between calls exist, other than what is expressed through explicit changes on the resources (POST, PUT, DELETE methods). Specifically, this means there is no notion of a “session” with a “logon” and “logoff”. Any API call is possible anytime, without an enforced sequencing.
- Resource state is transferred as documents in JSON format, all requests shall set http header Content-Type:application/json.
- Json responses are compressed if the client provides an Accept-encoding: gzip header in the request.
- CORS (Cross-origin resource sharing, <http://www.w3.org/TR/cors/>) is supported to bypass the same origin security policy of browser based clients
- http compression is supported for all Ncanto responses
- GZIP compression of request bodies is supported in incoming direction

3.1 Response codes

Errors are signaled using HTTP Status codes. The standard status codes are used as defined in RFC2616. The corresponding error messages are delivered in JSON format and specified in Section 3.

Result	Description	Comment
2xx Success		
200	OK	Successful request
202	Accepted	The request was received but not yet fully processed (e.g. batch).
204	No response	Request successful, but there is no information to send back
4xx Client Error		
400	Bad request	The request could not be understood due to malformed syntax. Explanatory error messages are delivered in the following generic format: <pre> {"description": string, required, error message "what": string required, reference to errored object } </pre>
401	Unauthorized	The request was sent without valid authentication credentials for the requested action

403	Forbidden	The request is not supported at the given URL or your client IP address is blocked.
404	Resource not found	<p>The requested resource was not found. This can apply to one or multiple resources required, details are given in the error message.</p> <p>Explanatory error messages are delivered in the following generic format:</p> <pre> {"description": string, required, error message "what": string required, reference to errored object } </pre>
409	Conflict	<p>The request cannot be fulfilled because it conflicts with the current state of the system. For example, a certain resource already exists and cannot be created twice.</p> <p>Explanatory error messages are delivered in the following generic format:</p> <pre> {"description": string, required, error message "what": string required, reference to errored object } </pre>
415	Unsupported media type	A media type other than application/json or no media type has been specified.
429	Too many requests	<p>The client has exceeded the rate limit set (only used by test and demo instances). Headers X-Ratelimit-Limit: n (requests/sec), X-Ratelimit-Remaining: 0..n (requests) and X-Ratelimit-Reset: 0..1.0 (seconds until the next reset of the bucket) inform the client about the rate limiting configuration. In addition a body Retry-After: 0..1.0s is returned if the limit is exceeded.</p> <p>Note that asset update (POST /store/<storeid>/asset) requests may return 429 even if the rate limit is not yet exhausted. The meaning is the same, the client should retry after a short period. The resources used by update assets requests are limited to avoid impacting the performance of Ncanto.</p>
5xx Server Error		
500	Internal server error	
503	Service not available	

3.2 Customer-Specific Endpoint

Ncanto is presented as an exclusive, single-tenant system to each customer. Therefore each customer shall use one specific base URI to access the system. For instance, a customer “tvbox” is accessing the recommendation API of the system via the base URI <https://api-tvbox.xroadmedia.com/>. For scalability and cost reasons multi-tenant deployments are supported but hidden from the customer.

3.3 Authentication and Authorization

Ncanto offers the following optional authentication and authorization methods:

- Based on network level security, i.e. access from defined source IP addresses only.
- HTTP Basic Authentication on each request with a technical user account defined for the customer.
- Based on a TLS client certificate.
- Based on API key, i.e. a key provided as HTTP request header `api_key` or as query parameter `api_key`

HTTP basic authentication is intended for a limited number of customer servers only, does not support a large number of distributed clients. An authorization header has to be included in each API request by the client (see http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Basic_access_authentication).

Another option is authentication via client certificate signed by single sign-on server of customer or other trusted authorization server. Ncanto is keeping a list of trusted authorization servers. No revocation of certificates is supported, certificates are valid until they expire.

3.4 Transport Layer Security

Unless otherwise specified and agreed with the customer, the API shall be accessed using HTTPS (HTTP over a TLS connection). This prevents eavesdropping and allows clients to verify that they are connected to a legit server.

3.5 Specification Syntax

The API is specified in JSON notation. As there is no standard JSON schema specification, the grammar is given in an ad-hoc notation, using the simple data types specified in the JSON grammar (<http://json.org>) and `@object` to name specific objects defined here.

The following object types are used in the JSON specification:

type	description
string	string according to XSD string data type. If used in URLs, IDs have to be encoded according to RFC3986 Section 2.5: the string should first be encoded as octets according to the UTF-8 character encoding; then only those octets that do not correspond to characters in the unreserved set (ASCII letters, digits, hyphen, dot, underscore, tilde) should be percent-encoded. In JSON objects the ID strings are encoded according to http://www.json.org
nonEmptyString	Any string except "".
string512	Like string, but maximum 512 bytes long after UTF-8 encoding. string512 is introduced from R4.8 for performance improvement reasons. The length is not validated until R5.3 but IDs longer than 512 bytes are deprecated. Validation is introduced from R5.4.
storeName	string of maximum length 200 characters, composed of lowercase ASCII letters and of digits 0-9. Starting from R4.1 store names may contain dots (.) and underscores (_) too.

Int	integer number according to XSD integer data type
decimal	decimal number according to XSD decimal data type, e.g. "1.347"
boolean	true false
enum	one of the specified values
timestamp	time according to XSD dateTime data type, format "CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss[Z (+ -)hh:mm]", e.g. "2001-10-26T21:32:52", "2001-10-26T21:32:52+02:00", "2001-10-26T19:32:52Z", "2001-10-26T19:32:52+00:00", or "2001-10-26T21:32:52.12679"
duration	time interval according to XSD duration data type, format "PnYnMnDTnHnMnS", e.g. "PIY6M15DT12H" (one year, 6 months, 15 days, 12 hours) or "-PT1H" (minus one hour).
time	time of day, format "hh:mm:ss", e.g. "21:32:52", or "21:32:52.12679"
json	JSON object (http://www.json.org)
noDotsJson	JSON object with the limitation that no dots (.) are allowed in keys
langCode	Non-empty string composed of ASCII letters, digits, hyphen '-', and – from R5.0 – underscore '_'. This data type is used for language specifications and is wide enough to support all commonly used language codes, e.g. ISO 639 and BCP 47.
timezone	Timezone info in tz database format (e.g. "Europe/Vienna") or as fixed offset [+Jhh:mm (e.g. "+03:00"). See http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_tz_database_time_zones for a complete list of tz database IDs.

3.6 Metadata Management

See Section 2.3.1 for an introduction to metadata management.

3.6.1 Create or reset Store, change active Store

This request creates an empty store with the given storeId, or, if storeId already exists, updates the store's active state. By default, autoDeactivate=true, i.e. if a store is created in active state or changed to active state, all other stores are automatically deactivated (set to "active": False). To activate multiple stores at the same time, each of them has to be activated independently using the query parameter autoDeactivate=false. Multiple active stores are treated as "one big store".

Some store parameters, e.g. the import status or the earliest/latest availability of assets in the store, are calculated on the fly based on the content and state of the store at the time the query is sent.

Create or update store requests (PUT) ignore those parameters in the body.

PUT	/store/<storeId>?autoDeactivate=false	
body	@store	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400	Request body is syntactically incorrect

@store =

{"storeId": storeName,

optional, unique ID of the store, ignored by PUT method

"active": boolean,

optional, activates the store if set to true. If omitted, the status of an existing store remains unchanged, a new store is created by default in passive state.

"importing": boolean,

optional, current import state, ignored by PUT

```

        method
        optional, detailed information about import
        Progress, ignored by PUT method
    "noOfAssets": int,
        optional, number of assets in the store, ignored
        by PUT method
    "availabilityFrom": timestamp,
        optional, beginning of availability of the earliest
        asset in the store, ignored by PUT method
    "availabilityTo": timestamp,
        optional, beginning of availability of the latest
        asset in the store, ignored by PUT method
    "customProperties": noDotsJson
        optional, arbitrary JSON object containing customer
        specific properties of the asset store. Please
        note that it is not possible to change the data
        type of an existing value in the JSON object
        without deleting and recreating the asset store.
        Supported from R4.2.
    }
    
```

3.6.2 Retrieve Store(s)

This request returns the actual state of the given storeId.

GET	/store/<storeId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist
response	@store See Section 3.6.1 for a definition of @store.	

If storeId is omitted in the request URL, the response comprises a list of all stores of Ncanto.

GET	/store?count=<no_of_stores>&startAfter=<storeId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist
response	[@store, ...] See Section 3.6.1 for a definition of @store. Stores are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

Up to R3.3 the properties of the active store can be queried with:

GET	/store-active	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	there is no active store available
response	@store See Section 3.6.1 for a definition of @store.	

Starting from R4.0 multiple active stores are supported. The above API call is still supported for backward compatibility reasons but is deprecated and, in case of multiple active stores, will only return one of them.

The following request shall be used to retrieve a list of all active stores:

GET	/store-active?all=true	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	there are no active stores present
response	[@store]	

	See Section 3.6.1 for a definition of @store.
--	---

3.6.3 Delete a Store

Deleting a Store automatically deletes all Assets in the Store and the corresponding metadata.

DELETE	/store/<storeId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	409 CONFLICT	Request cannot be executed because an ingest is ongoing.

3.6.4 Retrieve custom properties of an asset store

Supported from R4.2. This request is used to retrieve the custom properties of the asset store.

GET	/store/<storeId>/customproperties	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist
response	customProperties json object	

3.6.5 Update custom properties of an asset store

Supported from R4.2. This request is used to create or to update the custom properties of a profile.

PUT	/store/<storeId>/customproperties	
body	Arbitrary JSON object with no dots in keys (noDotsJson). Shall not exceed 10kbyte per store.	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist

3.6.6 Activate and deactivate stores

Supported from R4.1.

With the help of this request, asset stores can be activated and deactivated individually.

POST	/store-active	
body	<pre>{ "add": [<storeId>], optional, activate the given stores, leave others unchanged "remove": [<storeId>], optional, deactivate the given stores, leave others unchanged "set": [<storeId>] optional, activate the given stores and deactivate all others }</pre>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	At least one <storeId> in the "add" or "set" list is not found. Note that not found store IDs in the "remove" list are ignored.

The attributes are processed in the order: add, remove, set, i.e. if set is present, add+remove are overruled, if the same storeId is present in add and remove, it will be removed.

3.6.7 Update or delete Assets

This request is used to create, update, or delete the metadata of a single or of a group of Assets in the Store identified by storeId. Note that assets can be modified in any of the existing stores, including the active one. Deleting assets is performed first, updating as second step. A generic filter to delete all matching assets is supported from R4.4. See 3.6.11 for the definition of @genericFilter. Please note that indexing new assets is a heavy operation and may impact the performance of other API calls. The amount of assets created/updated in one API call has to be selected carefully. 200 assets per request is typically a good starting point. In case the number of assets is too high Ncanto may return 503 (unavailable) or 504 (gateway timeout) responses. Update asset requests shall be sent sequentially from a single thread. In case of multiple requests in parallel Ncanto may return 429 (too many requests).

POST	/store/<storeId>/asset	
body	<pre>{ "update":[@asset,...], "deleteFilter": @genericFilter "delete":[assetId,...] }</pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <storeId>: unique ID of the store updated • <assetId>: unique ID (type: string512) of the Asset. • See Appendix I for a detailed explanation of the metadata attributes of @asset. 	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist
	429	The update API is temporarily unavailable due to overload, retry after a short period.
	503, 504	The update API is temporarily unavailable due to overload, reduce the number of assets updated in one step.

@asset =

```
{
  "assetId": string512,
  "assetGroups": [string],
  "sourceGroupId": string,
  "sourceGroupIds": [string],
  "sourceId": string,
  "sourceLogoUrl": string,
  "availabilityStartTime": timestamp,
  "availabilityEndTime": timestamp,
  "durationSeconds": int,
  "sequenceNo": int,
  "titles":{<lang>: <title>,
            <lang>: <title>,
            ...},
  "programType": string,
  "assetType": string,
}
```

required, unique ID of the asset. Note that assetIds have to be unique across all active stores in the system.

optional, from R4.7, used to filter search phrase suggestions.

optional, source group ID of the Source, e.g. "BBC_TV_channels", deprecated from R4.1

optional, list of source group IDs of the source, e.g. ["BBC_TV_channels", "English_language_channels"]

required, source ID of the asset, e.g. "BBC1"

optional, URL of source logo)

required, beginning of availability

required, end of availability

required, duration in seconds

optional, from R4.1, sequence number of the asset to be used for sorting

required (at least one title)

<lang>: langCode, <title>:string

required, program type of the asset

required, distinguishing TV, VoD, OTT, ad assets, by default, recommendation engines use assets with assetType!="ad", ad engine and the ad

```

interleaver only work with assets of type="ad".
The used asset types are configurable by
engine.
"assetFamilies": [string], optional, from R5.4, multi-valued alternative to
assetType.
"programId": string, optional, identifying assets representing e.g. the
same movie
"genreFine":[string,...], optional, list of fine granularity genres
"genreMedium":[string,...], optional, list of medium granularity genres
"genreBroad":[string,...], required, list of broad granularity genres
"originalStartTime": timestamp, optional, original (broadcast) start time
"originalEndTime": timestamp, optional, original (broadcast) end time
"publicationTime": timestamp, optional, from R4.1, date/time of publication of
the asset
"lastUpdateTime": timestamp, optional, from R4.1, date/time of last modification
of the asset, if missing, it is set automatically
by update and ingest asset requests
"first": boolean, optional, indicates first time airing
"last": boolean, optional, indicates last airing
"live": string, optional, indicates if the asset is live/ live
recorded, or not live
"pay": boolean, optional, pay flag
"onDemand": boolean, optional, indicates VoD assets
"seriesId": string, optional, identifies all episodes of a series
"season": int, optional, season number, >=0
"episode": int, optional, episode number, >=0
"episodesInSeason": int, optional, number of episodes in the season, from
R4.1, >=1
"ageCountry":{<country>: <age>, optional, collection of country / age pairs
<country>: <age>,
...},
"parentalGuidance": noDotsJson, optional, from R4.1, arbitrary JSON object
describing parental guidance rules
"tip":[string,...], optional, editorial tips, deprecated from R5.2
"structTip": [ optional, a structured alternative to the tip
attribute, supports arbitrary integer/decimal
number and string fields. Ignored by the
preference engine if tip is set.
{ optional, integer type attribute of the tip
<nonEmptyString>: int, optional, decimal type attribute of the tip
<nonEmptyString>: decimal, optional, string type attribute of the tip,
<nonEmptySstring>: string, e.g. vendor, type, etc. Note that numbers in
double quotes are interpreted as strings.
... optional, additional attribute of the tip
}, optional, additional tips
...
],
"editorialRating":[string,...], optional, editorial ratings
"structEditorialRating": [ optional, a structured alternative to the
editorialRating attribute, supports arbitrary
integer/decimal number and string fields. Ignored
by the preference engine if editorialRating is
set.
{ optional, integer type attribute of the ed. rating
nonEmptyString: int, optional, decimal type attribute of the ed. rating
nonEmptyString: decimal, optional, string type attribute of the ed. rating,
nonEmptyString: string, e.g. vendor, type, etc. Note that numbers in
double quotes are interpreted as strings.
... optional, additional attribute of the ed. rating

```

<pre> }, ...], "communityRating": decimal, "communityViewCount": integer, "communityShareCount": integer, "communityTrendScore": decimal, "stereo": boolean, "surroundSound": boolean, "multiChannelAudio": boolean, "bw": boolean, "subtitled": boolean, "wideScreen": boolean, "encoded": boolean, "forBlind": boolean, "hd": boolean, "interactive": boolean, "threeD": boolean, "originalTitle": string, "originalSubtitle": string, "seasonOriginalTitle": string, "audiolang":[string,...], "defaultLanguage": langCode, "subtitleLang": [string], "themeCircle":[string,...], "keywords":{<lang>: [<keyword>,...], <lang>: [<keyword>,...], ...}, "persons":{ <function>:[{ "canonical": string, "perLanguage":{ <lang><name>, ... }, "character": { <lang><string>, ... } }, ...] }, ... }, "uiFunctionNames": { </pre>	<pre> optional, additional editorial ratings optional, calculated from the ratings of all subscribers, normalized to range [0:1] optional, calculated from all play interactions of all subscribers, from R4.4 optional, calculated from all share interactions of all subscribers, from R4.4 optional, calculated from the number of all interactions of all subscribers in the most recent 12h period compared to the pervious 12h period, normalized to range [0:1], from R4.4 optional, stereo sound available optional, surround audio available optional, indicates the availability of multiple independent audio channels, from R5.3 optional, black & white optional, indicates availability of subtitles optional, aspect ratio higher than 4:3 optional, encoded asset optional, audio commentary for sightless optional, high definition optional, interactive asset optional, 3D optional, original title optional, original subtitle optional, from R4.8, original title of the season optional, list of audio languages optional, from R4.5, the default language of the metadata optional, list of subtitle (closed caption) languages (R4.0) optional, genre of theme channel assets optional, list of language/list of keyword pairs <lang>: langCode, <keyword>: string optional, cast of the asset required, <function>: nonEmptyString, e.g. "actor" or "director", "script" or corresponding ID required, main name of the person used by the engines optional, name of the person in different languages <lang>: langCode, <name>: string optional, from R4.1, the character the person is playing language / character name pairs additional persons of the same function additional functions optional, from R4.1, language:function name pairs </pre>
--	--

<pre> nonEmptyString: { <lang>:<function_name>, ... }, "imageUrl":[string,...], "contentUrl":[string], "media": [{ nonEmptyString: int, nonEmptyString: decimal, nonEmptyString>: string, ... }, ...], "leaseDurationMinutes": int, "viewCount": int, "copyControl":[string,...], "productionYearFirst": int, "productionYearLast": int, "productionCountry": [string,...], "uiProductionCountry": { <lang>: [string], ... }, "price":{<currency>: <price>, <currency>: <price>, ...}, "priceBin": int, "profitability": decimal, "targetDemographic":[string,...], "targetDevice":[string,...], "subtitles":{<lang>: <subtitle>, <lang>: <subtitle>, ...}, "seasonTitles":{<lang>: <seasonTitle>, <lang>: <seasonTitle>, ...}, "categories":{<lang>: <category>, <lang>: <category>, ...}, "synopses":{ <type>: {<lang>:<synopsis>, </pre>	<pre> function ID language - function name pairs optional, URL of thumbnail images optional, streaming, download, etc. URL of asset optional, supported from R4.1, attribute to describe any media (images, streaming content, trailers, etc.) associated with the asset. supports arbitrary integer/decimal number and string fields optional, integer attribute of the the medium (e.g. width pixels) optional, decimal number attribute of the medium optional, string attribute of the medium, e.g. "url", "type", "encoding", ... Note that numbers in double quotes are interpreted as strings. optional, additional media attributes optional, additional media optional, lease duration in minutes optional, maximum view count optional, list of DRM attributes optional, first year of production optional, last year of production optional, list of production countries optional, from R4.1, to be used if productionCountry contains IDs language / list of production country pairs optional, map of currency / price pairs <currency>: nonEmptyString, <price>: decimal optional, one of 0="free", 1="cheap", 2="inexpensive", 3="not too expensive", 4="premium", 5="expensive" optional, indicates profitability of the asset optional, demographic criteria of target viewer optional, list of devices the assets is suitable for optional, list of language/subtitle pairs <lang>: langCode, <subtitle>: string optional, list of language/season title pairs <lang>: langCode, <seasonTitle>: string optional, list of language/category pairs <lang>: langCode, <category>: string optional, textual description of the asset required, <type>: nonEmptyString, e.g. "long" or "short to distinguish different synopsis types at least one required, <lang>: langCode, <synopsis>: string </pre>
--	---

<pre> <lang>:<synopsis>, ...}, <type>: {<lang>:<synopsis>, ...}, ...}, "sourceNames":{ <type>: {<lang>:<sourceName>, <lang>:<sourceName>, ...}, <type>: {<lang>:<sourceName>, ...}, ...}, "sourceGroupNames":[{<lang>:<sourceGroupName>, <lang>:<sourceGroupName>, ... }, ...], "uiGenres":{ <type>: [{<lang>:<uiGenre>, <lang>:<uiGenre>, "id": <genreId> ...}, ...], <type>: [{<lang>:<uiGenre>, ...}], ...}, "uiProgramType":{<lang>: <prgT>, <lang>: <prgT>, "id": <prgtId> ...}, "adProduct": string, "adCompany": string, "adTaxonomy":[string,...], "customProperties": noDotsJson, </pre>	<p>optional, name of the source, e.g. "CNN" required, <type>: nonEmptyString, e.g. "long" or "short", to distinguish name spaces ("CNN" vs. "Cable News Corporation") at least one required, <lang>: langCode, <sourceName>: string</p> <p>optional, from R4.4, name of the source group at least one required, <lang>: langCode, <sourceGroupName>: string</p> <p>optional, additional genre classifications for displaying purposes (annotation) required, <type>: nonEmptyString, identifier of the classification, e.g. "long", "short". Types "broad", "medium", and "fine" shall contain the human-readable genre names. If present, those uiGenres are used in preference engine explanations. at least one required, <lang>: langCode, <uiGenre>: string optional, if genreBroad/Medium/Fine contain IDs, this should contain the ID to allow for correct human-readable explanations.</p> <p>optional, program type in human readable form <lang>: langCode, <prgT>: string optional, if programType contains IDs, this should contain the ID to allow for correct human-readable explanations.</p> <p>optional, description of advertised product optional, advertiser optional, ad classification optional, any customer defined properties. Learned by Ncanto in preference profiles. Note that if any special mapping of attributes is required (e.g. timestamp, language map, or nested), you</p>
--	---

```

"clientCustomProperties": noDotsJson, optional, from R4.5, any customer defined
                                properties. Only useable for filtering, sorting,
                                and as annotation. Note that if
                                any special mapping of attributes is required
                                (e.g. timestamp, language map, or nested), you
                                have to ask XroadMedia personnel to configure it.

"lightness": decimal, optional, describing the mood of the asset along
"pace": decimal, optional, describing the mood of the asset along
"relatedAssets": noDotsJson, optional, from R4.1, links to related assets, e.g.
                                trailers or bonus material related to the asset
                                {"trailers":[<assetId>],"bonus":[<assetId>]}
"metadataQuality": decimal, optional, from R5.3, indicator of the richness and
                                of the quality of the metadata. Assets with
                                metadataQuality < 0.1 are masked in preference
                                profiles. The threshold is configurable by
                                XroadMedia personnel.

"awards": [ optional, from R5.2
  {
    "name": string, required, name of the award
    "uiName": { optional, name of the award in different languages
      <langCode>: <string>
    },
    "category": string, optional, category (e.g. best actress)
    "uiCategory": { optional, category in different languages
      <langCode>: <string>
    },
    "year": int, optional, year of the award
    "grade": string, optional, nominated / won / etc.
    "person": string optional, person that won the award
  }
]
}

```

3.6.8 Retrieve Assets by asset ID

This request returns all the metadata about the corresponding assets from a specific asset store. No annotation or sorting is supported, the request is intended for debugging purposes only. Please use the "retrieve assets by filter" request described in 3.6.11 with the "assetIds" parameter instead.

GET	/store/<storeId>/asset?id=<assetId>&id=<assetId>&id=<assetId>...	
result	200 OK	All the given Assets have been returned.
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request or body
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist or one or more of the assetIds do not exist
response	[@asset, ...] See Section 3.6.7 for the definition of @asset.	

To retrieve asset metadata from the active asset store, use the following request (supported from R3.2.9):

GET	/store-active/asset?id=<assetId>&id=<assetId>&id=<assetId>...&includePlaylistAssets=true
------------	--

result	200 OK	All the given Assets have been returned.
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request or body
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist or one or more of the assetIds do not exist
response	[<i>@asset</i> , ...] See Section 3.6.7 for the definition of <i>@asset</i> . If includePlaylistAssets=true, assets are searched for in the active asset store as well as in the database of playlist asset metadata.	

Note that the length of the parameter section of the retrieve assets URL is limited to 7000 characters, which limits the number of assets the metadata of which can be retrieved in one request.

3.6.9 Delete all Assets in a Store

Note that delete all can be applied to any store, including the active one.

DELETE	/store/<storeId>/asset	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	All the assets have been deleted.
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist

3.6.10 Ingest Assets

This request deletes all Assets in the Store and triggers an asynchronous full import of metadata. The mood attributes "lightness" and "pace" are not available in Funke metadata but will be generated automatically during ingestion by Ncanto.

The lastUpdateTime attribute of all assets is set to the current time. The following asset types are ingested:

- broadcast assets from the epg section of the OPML file
- vod assets from the vod section of the OPML file
- advertising assets from the ad section of the OPML file
- theme channel assets from the channel section of the OPML file (starting from R4.1)

Starting from R4.1 the type of assets ingested may be limited via the “types” attribute.

POST	/store/<storeId>	
body	{ "protocol": "IPDS", "feed": <feedUrl> "types": [<enum>] }	required required optional, list of OPML outlines to be processed
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • protocol: identifies the protocol to be used, currently protocol "IPDS", corresponding to Funke IPDS format, is supported • <feedUrl>: URL of metadata feed • types: determines which asset types (which OPML sections) are processed 	
result	202 ACCEPTED	Request successful, import is ongoing in the background
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

From R3.3.4, a full import can be done from a compressed metadata file too. The metadata has to be included in the request body. Note that ingest from file uses all metadata files in the archive, an OPML file is not required. Hence filtering to specific types is not supported.

POST	/store/<storeId>/ingest/archive	
body	multipart/form-data: Part 1: type: application/json {"protocol": "IPDS", required "feed": <string>, required, ignored "types": [<enum>] ignored, } Part 2: type: application/octet-stream metadata_file.zip in Funke EPGdata format.	
result	202 ACCEPTED	Request successful, import is ongoing in the background
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

The following example based on command line tool curl illustrates how the multipart/data-form request has to look like for file based import:

```
curl -s -i -F 'json={"protocol": "IPDS", "feed": "epg.zip"};type=application/json' -F 'file=@<filename.zip>;type=application/octet-stream' -XPOST http://<hostname>/store/<storeId>/ingest/archive
```

3.6.11 Retrieve Assets by filter criteria

This request returns metadata of selected assets from the active asset store and is typically used to populate program guides. Optionally, playlist assets can be included in the response too. In contrast to the retrieve assets by asset ID request (cf. Section 3.6.8), the assets can be filtered by arbitrary criteria and the response can be fine tuned using an annotation template.

Starting from R4.1 pagination of results via the paginationOffset and paginationLimit query parameters is supported. Note that the numberOfItems specification of the context is still observed, but only a subset of the result is returned.

GET	/store-active/asset?adHocContext=@global&includePlaylistAssets=boolean&subscriber=<string>&paginationLimit=<integer>&paginationOffset=<integer>&trackSearchTerm=<string>	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	adHocContext	Mandatory, type @global.
	includePlaylistAssets	Type: boolean. If true, the request uses all playlist assets as candidates too.
	subscriber	Type: string. Mandatory if sorting by lineup or lineupFilter are used in the adHocContext. If present, the subscriber's entitlement will be applied to the results.
	paginationLimit	Type: positive integer. Optional, if present, only the specified number of results is returned.
	paginationOffset	Type: non-negative integer. Optional, if present, the first offset results will be omitted from the response.

	trackSearchTerm	Type: string, optional, supported from R4.8.6. If present, the given string will be tracked as search term.
body	-	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	One or more of the Ids referenced in the adHocContext or the subscriberId do not exist
response	<p>[@augmentedAsset,...] if filterFacets are not included in the adHocContext {"recommendations": [@augmentedAsset], "attributeValues": [@attributeValues]} if filterFacets are included in the adHocContext</p> <p>The metadata of assets is filtered according to the given annotation. If includePlaylistAssets=true, assets are searched for in the active asset store as well as in the database of playlist asset metadata. The subscriber ID is used for blacklisting only.</p>	

POST	/store-active/asset?includePlaylistAssets=boolean&subscriber=<string>&paginationLimit=<integer>&paginationOffset=<integer>&trackSearchTerm=<string>	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	includePlaylistAssets	Type: boolean. If true, the request uses all playlist assets as candidates too.
	subscriber	Type: string. Mandatory if sorting by lineup or lineupFilter are used in the adHocContext. If present, the subscriber's entitlement will be applied to the results.
	paginationLimit	Type: positive integer. Optional, if present, only the specified number of results is returned.
	paginationOffset	Type: non-negative integer. Optional, if present, the first offset results will be omitted from the response.
	trackSearchTerm	Type: string, optional, supported from R4.8.6. If present, the given string will be tracked as search term.
body	@global	mandatory, the adHocContext
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	One or more of the Ids referenced in the adHocContext or the subscriberId do not exist
response	<p>[@augmentedAsset,...] if filterFacets are not included in the adHocContext {"recommendations": [@augmentedAsset], "attributeValues": [@attributeValues]} if filterFacets are included in the adHocContext</p> <p>The metadata of assets is filtered according to the given annotation. If includePlaylistAssets=true, assets are searched for in the active asset store as well as in the database of playlist asset metadata. The subscriber ID is used for blacklisting only.</p>	

The request's adHocContext is based on the global context parameters (cf. Section 3.16.1). In addition to the global context attributes, the following special program guide attributes are supported from R4.1:

- "beforeAfter" to implement "what's on now and what's next" features. In contrast to simple availability window filtering, the beforeAfter feature allows to retrieve a specified number of previous and/or next assets per source.
- "assetIds" attribute to retrieve the metadata of selected assets. Note that "assetIds"=["id1", "id2"] is equivalent to filter={"term": "assetId", "operator": "in", "values": ["id1", "id2"]}

<pre>@global = {"assetTypes": [string], "inputs": [string,...], "grouping": enum, "groupingAttributes": [string], "groupingPriority": enum,</pre>	<pre>optional, defines the asset types to be retrieved. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never returned by retrieve assets requests. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used. Supported from R4.0 optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list means all sourceGroups will be used optional, one of "none", "program", "series", default="none", deprecated from R4.6 optional, list of asset attribute names in dot notation. The first attribute that is present in an asset will define the asset's group. Only leaf attributes are supported, no wildcards. Use "groupingAttributes":["seriesId","programId"] as replacement of the deprecated "grouping":"series" configuration. Supported from R4.6. Overrides "grouping" if both are present in the context. optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes. required, number of items to be returned optional, one of "assets", "groups", default = "assets" optional, defines the max. No. of assets per group, ignored if typeOfItems = assets optional, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict". Default: "overlap". Defines the interpretation of window of availability and relative window of availability. If set to overlap, any overlap between the asset's availability and the specified window of</pre>
<pre>"numberOfItems":int, "typeOfItems": enum, "maxGroupSize": int, "windowOfAvailabilityType": enum,</pre>	<pre>optional, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict". Default: "overlap". Defines the interpretation of window of availability and relative window of availability. If set to overlap, any overlap between the asset's availability and the specified window of</pre>

availability will be allowed. If set to "strictStart" or "strictEnd", the availability start / end of the asset has to lie within the specified window of availability. If set to "strict", both the asset's availability start and also availability end have to lie within the specified window of availability. In case of multiple start / end times one of them has to fulfill the availability conditions.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": enum, optional, supported from R4.2, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative"
Relative means that if a relative window is specified, it overrides any absolute window. Tightest means that the more stringent of the relative and the absolute limits is used. Applies to the generic as well as to the per source window of availability.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, default -infinity, defines the absolute time window in which results shall be available.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, default +infinity, defines the absolute time window in which results shall be available.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional,, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available.
{"origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
"offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
},

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available.
{"origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
"offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
},

"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { optional, supported from R4.2, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs.
the sourceId the special window is applicable to
<sourceId>: { optional, absolute start of the window
"start": timestamp, optional, absolute end of the window
"end": <timestamp>, optional, relative start of the window
"relativeStart": { optional, relative start of the window
"origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
"offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
}
"relativeEnd": { optional, relative end of the window
"origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
"offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
}
},
...
},

"windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs.

<pre> <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [enum], "country": string, "language": langCode "languages": { "sequence": [langCode], "count": int }, "fallbackLanguages": { "sequence": [langCode], "count": int }, "minAge":int, </pre>	<p>the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used)</p> <p>optional, absolute start of the window</p> <p>optional, absolute end of the window</p> <p>optional, relative start of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, relative end of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Supported from R5.1.</p> <p>optional, used to select the desired age rating</p> <p>optional, determines the language of annotations and explanations. If language is present, "languages" and "fallbackLanguages" are ignored and the legacy behavior applies: all language maps are filtered to the single language desired, if that is not available an empty object is returned and no fallbacks apply.</p> <p>optional, from R4.5, ignored if "language" is given</p> <p>required, the first available <count> languages from the list are included in the response. If none of the languages is available in the metadata, the "fallbackLanguages" are used.</p> <p>required,</p> <p>optional, from R4.5, ignored if "language" is given</p> <p>required, the first available <count> languages from the list are included in the response if none of the preferred languages is available in the metadata. If none of the fallbackLanguages is available in the metadata, the defaultLanguage of the asset is used. If the asset has no defaultLanguage or if the defaultLanguage is not available, no language filtering is done at all, all available languages are returned.</p> <p>required,</p> <p>optional, if "country" is specified, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used. Note that</p>
---	--

the global minAge limit may be overruled by per-engine minAge values.

"filter": @genericFilter optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value

"subscriberBlacklisting": boolean, optional, default = false. If subscriberBlacklisting is enabled, the subscriber ID becomes a required parameter of the recommendation request

"sorting": enum, optional default = "byTime", supported values: "byTime", "byLineup", "byEpisode", "multi" or any asset attribute in dot notation. From R4.8 "random" sorting is supported, too. See Section 2.3.6 for details. You can change the sorting direction using sorting=multi.

"multiSorting": [@sortingCriterion], required if "sorting"="multi", ignored otherwise

"annotation": string, optional, annotationId to be used for all asset types

"annotationAttributes":[string], optional, from R4.1, list of asset attributes in dot notation, will be merged with "annotation" if both are present

"conditionalAnnotationAttributes":[@condAnn], optional, from R4.1, list of conditional annotation attributes, see Section 3.10.1, will be merged with "annotation" if both are present

"annotationPerAssetType": { optional, supported from R4.0, individual annotations per asset type. If present, the global annotation is selectively overruled for the corresponding asset types.
 <assetType>: string,
 ...
 }

"entitlement":[string,...], optional, list of entitlements, empty list means all sources will be used. If provided, an entitlement defined here is intersected with the subscriber's default entitlement (until R3.3) or overrules the default (from R4.1) entitlement of the subscriber. Starting from R4.1 the union of entitlement, entitlementSources and entitlementSourceGroups is used.

"entitlementSources": [string], optional, supported from R4.1, list of source IDs to be used as entitlement. The union of entitlement, entitlementSources and entitlementSourceGroups is used.

"entitlementSourceGroups": [string], optional, supported from R4.1, list of sourceGroup IDs to be used as entitlement. The union of entitlement, entitlementSources and entitlementSourceGroups is used.

"device":[string,...], optional, list of device identifiers

"timeZone": timezone, optional, time zone of the client used to evaluate time of day based business rules

"sourceLineupName": string, optional, reference to one of the subscriber's source lineups. If byLineup is one of the sorting criteria, either sourceLineupName or sourceLineup has to be specified.

"sourceLineup": [sourceId], optional, list of source IDs to be used for sorting. If byLineup is one of the sorting criteria, either sourceLineupName or sourceLineup has to be specified. If both are present, sourceLineup overrules sourceLineupName.

"lineupFilter": { optional, if present, the results are filtered to (a subset of) the lineup filter defined by sourceLineupName or sourceLineup. Supported from R4.7.

```

    "startIndex": int,
    "endIndex": int
  },
  "beforeAfter":
    {
      "origin": timestamp or enum,
      "offset": int,
      "limit": int
    },
  "assetIds": [string512],
  "assetStores": [storeid],
  "filterFacets": {
    <attribute>: <count>
  },
  "personalization": enum
}

@genericFilter =
{
  "term": string,
  "value": string,

```

optional, default 0, specifies the index of the first sourceId in the lineup which should be included in the results

optional, default infinity, specifies the index of the last sourceId in the lineup which should be included in the results

optional, supported from R4.1, specifies to return a number of assets around the origin. Typically used for "what's on now and what's next" features. Origin may be an absolute timestamp or "currentTime". Offset points to the first asset to be returned, limit defines the number of assets returned. Note that "limit" assets per source (typically per TV channel) are returned. required, either a timestamp in xsd:datetime format or "currentTime"

required, first asset to be returned. 0: asset aired at "origin" time, 1: next asset, -1: previous asset, ...

required, number of assets to be returned per sourceId

optional, supported from R4.1, returns the metadata of the given assets only.

optional, if provided, the request will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). Supported from R4.1.

optional, from R4.4, returns the specified number of attribute values of the given asset attributes. Note that if filterFacets are requested, the response format changes from [@augmentedAsset] to ["recommendations": [@augmentedAsset], "attributeValues": [@attributeValues]]. leaf attribute of @asset in dot notation: number of values to be returned (0=unlimited) Only leaf attribute names without wildcards are supported, branch attributes and attributes including wildcards are ignored. <attribute>: string, <count>: int.

optional, from R4.5, one of "none" or "subscriber", if set to "subscriber", the results are scored in all profiles of the subscriber. The subscriber ID has to be present in the recommendation request in that case. Default value "none".

required if operator is not "and", "or", or "nestedAnd", name of the asset attribute, e.g. "uiGenre.<type>.<lang>". All asset attributes are supported. If term is specified, the filter consists of one single criterion and a value has to be specified.

required if "term" is defined and operator is not "in", "exists", or "notExists", value of the

```

    "values": [string],
    "operator": enum,
    "criteria": [@genericFilter]
}

```

asset attribute, not allowed if operator is "in", "exists", "notExists".
 required if "term" is defined and "operator"="in", not allowed for other operators, supported from R4.0
 optional, one of "and", "or", "equals", "notEquals", "contains", "notContains", "atMost", "atLeast", "smaller", "larger", "in", "exists", "notExists", starting from R4.4 "notIn", starting from R4.6 "nestedAnd". If operator is one of "and", "or", "nestedAnd": "criteria" have to be specified. If "operator" is one of "equals", "notEquals", "contains", "notContains", "atMost", "atLeast", "smaller", "larger": "term" and "value" have to be specified. If operator is "in", "notIn": "term" and "values" have to be specified. If operator is "exists", "notExists": "term" has to be specified. If "operator" is missing, the default value "equals" is assumed. The allowed combinations of "term" and "operator" are listed in Table 1. Note that "notEquals" returns true if the given metadata attribute is not present at all.
 required if "operator" equals "and", "nestedAnd", or "or".

If a filter criterion is applied to an attribute of type list, the criterion yields true if any of the list elements fulfills it. If multiple filter criteria combined by operator "and" are applied to a list, the result is true if each of the individual criteria is matched by at any list element. The customProperties and clientCustomProperties attributes of the asset may contain list of object data structures where multiple criteria shall be fulfilled by the same list element. In such cases the "nestedAnd" operator shall be used.

Example to illustrate the difference between "and" and "nestedAnd":

Given the two documents

```

{
  "documentId": 1,
  "contributions": [
    {
      "firstName": "Alice",
      "lastName": "Smith"
    },
    {
      "firstName": "Bob",
      "lastName": "Taylor"
    }
  ]
}
{
  "documentId": 2,
  "contributions": [
    {
      "firstName": "Alice",
      "lastName": "Taylor"
    }
  ]
}

```

```

}
a filter
{
  "operator": "and",
  "criteria": [
    {
      "term": "firstName",
      "value": "Alice"
    },
    {
      "term": "lastName",
      "value": "Taylor"
    }
  ]
}

```

would return both documents (in document 1 the first contributor matches Alice, the second matches Taylor), while the filter

```

{
  "operator": "nestedAnd",
  "criteria": [
    {
      "term": "firstName",
      "value": "Alice"
    },
    {
      "term": "lastName",
      "value": "Taylor"
    }
  ]
}

```

would only return document 2 (because there the same list element matches both criteria). Note that the "nestedAnd" operator can only be used for asset attributes which have been configured for nested mapping. Please consult XroadMedia if you want to use the "nestedAnd" functionality.

attribute data type	allowed operators
string	equals, notEquals, exists, notExists, in, notIn. Until R4.7 operators contains and notContains exhibit the same behavior as equals/notEquals. From R4.8 contains/notContains execute a substring filtering at token level, i.e. at complete word level. If "programType": "live sports", programType contains sports will return true, but programType contains sport will be false. Contains and notContains operators only work in searchable string attributes, i.e. titles, uiGenres, genreBroad, genreMedium, genreFine, originalTitle, keywords, categories, persons, subtitles, synopses, sourceNames, productionCountry.
int	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger, exists, notExists, in, notIn
decimal	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger, exists, notExists, in, notIn
boolean	equals, notEquals, exists, notExists, in, notIn
timestamp	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger, exists, notExists, in, notIn
enum	equals, notEquals, exists, notExists, in, notIn

<p>Json, noDotsJson</p>	<p>equals, notEquals, exists, notExists, in, notIn. Until R4.7 operators contains and notContains exhibit the same behavior as equals/notEquals. From R4.8 contains/notContains execute a substring filtering at token level, i.e. at complete word level. If "programType": "live sports", programType contains sports will return true, but programType contains sport will be false. Contains and notContains operators only work in searchable string attributes, i.e. titles, uiGenres, genreBroad, genreMedium, genreFine, originalTitle, keywords, categories, persons, subtitles, synopses, sourceNames, productionCountry.</p>
-------------------------	---

Table 1: Allowed data type / operator combinations in @genericFilter

<pre>@sortingCriterion = {"criterion":enum, "condition": @genericFilter, "direction": enum, "sequence": [string] }</pre>	<p>required, one of "byScore", "byTime", "byLineup", "byEpisode", "byEngine", "byGroupMaxScore", "byBusinessScore". Any asset attribute in dot notation is supported too. See Section 2.3.6 for details. From R4.8 "random" sorting is supported, too. optional, from R4.6. If the criterion points to a list of objects with nested mapping the condition may be used to select which element of the list should be used for sorting. Please note that this only applies to data structures inside customProperties and clientCustomProperties, and that nested mapping has to be configured by XroadMedia personnel. optional, one of "ascending", "descending", default value of criterion used if missing, see Section 2.3.6 for details. optional, supported from R4.5, Values in the sorting sequence are always sorted to the beginning of the result list, in the order of their appearance in the sequence. The remaining values are sorted according to the specified direction. Note that the sorting sequence only works for single value leaf attributes.</p>
<pre>@condAnn = {<attribute>:<@genericFilter, }</pre>	<p>at least one attribute:criterion pair required <attribute>: asset attribute name in dot notation @genericFilter: condition which has to be met for the attribute to be returned, syntax see above.</p>
<pre>@augmentedAsset = {"asset": @asset , "groupId": string,</pre>	<p>assetId and annotation of the asset based on the annotationId defined in the context. availabilityStartTime and availabilityEndTime are converted to the subscriber's timezone (if known) ID of the recommendation group the asset belongs to. groupIds are consecutive integer number strings "0", "1", "2", ... generated by Ncanto to indicate assets which represent multiple</p>

```

    occurrences of the same program or episodes of
    the same series
    "groupSize": int      size of the group, i.e. the number of assets having
                          the same groupId as this one. Supported from R5.3
  }

@attributeValues = {
  "attribute": <attribute_name>,      name of the attribute in dot notation
  "values":[
    {"value": <value>,                value of the attribute
     "count": integer                 number of assets carrying the attribute value
    }
  ]
}

```

3.6.12 Retrieve metadata attribute values

This request returns the list of values of a specific asset attribute currently used in the active asset store or in the active asset store and by playlist assets.

GET	/store-active/attribute/<attribute_name>?includePlaylistAssets=true&assetStores=[<storeid>&condition=@genericFilter	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
parameters	If includePlaylistAssets=true is set, not only the active asset store but also playlist assets are taken into account. If assetStores are specified, only the assets in the given stores will be considered. If a condition is specified, only the assets which fulfil the condition will be considered in the attribute value search. The condition syntax @genericFilter is defined in Section 3.6.11.	
response	<pre>{ "attribute": <attribute_name>, "values": [{ "value": <value>, "count": integer }, ...] }</pre> <p><attribute_name> is the name of one asset attribute specified in dot notation, e.g. "genreBroad" or "persons.actor.english".</p> <p>The response contains a list of values of the given attribute together with the number of matching assets. Example: {"attribute": "persons.actor.english", "values": [{"value": "Clint Eastwood", "count": 100}, {"value": "Robert De Niro", "count": 200}]}</p> <p>If the attribute name given is not pointing to values but represents an intermediate level of the data structure, the corresponding keys are still returned but the counts are omitted. Example: {"attribute": "persons.actor", "values": [{"value": "english"}, {"value": "german"}]}</p>	

3.6.13 Suggest metadata attribute values (search phrase suggestion)

This request returns search phrase suggestions together with the asset attribute name the suggestion was found in. Typical use case of the feature is to provide auto-completed suggestions while the user is typing a search query. If the same suggestion is found in multiple asset attributes, only one is returned and the duplicates are removed. Starting from R4.7 independent search phrase databases are created per asset group (see the assetGroups attribute in Section 3.6.7). The assetGroups parameter allows to select which asset groups the search phrase suggestions should be made from. Starting from R4.8 suggestions can be filtered to one language. Please note that the default duplicate removal is deactivated if language filtering is active.

GET	/store-active/search-phrase/<search_term>numberOfItems=<int>&attributeContributions={<asset_attribute_dot_notation_with_wildcards>:<decimal>,...}&assetGroups=[string]&language=<langcode>&languages=[<langcode>]	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
parameters	<p>numberOfItems: required if attributeContributions are set. Defined the total number of items to be returned. The results will be distributed evenly among the attributes.</p> <p>attributeContributions: if missing, the results are derived from all default attributes used for search. If present, only the specified subset of the search attributes is used. If the attribute is not a leaf of the asset object tree, a wildcard has to be used, e.g. persons.* or persons.*.perLanguage.english. The relative contribution of the attribute to the numberOfAsset results is determined by the decimal value.</p> <p>assetGroups: supported from R4.7. If provided, only those assets which carry the given asset group value will be used for suggestions. If missing, all assets are used (the ones assigned to asset groups as well as the unassigned ones).</p> <p>language: deprecated from R5.0, replaced by languages. If provided, the phrase suggestions are provided from the given language only.</p> <p>languages: if provided, the phrase suggestions are provided from the given languages only.</p>	
response	<p>[{"attribute": <attributeName>, "phrase": <phrase>}, ...]</p> <p><attribute_name>: asset attribute name in dot notation, e.g. "genreBroad" or "persons.actor.perLanguage.english".</p> <p><phrase>: auto-completed search term, e.g. "Brad Pitt"</p>	

3.7 Entitlement Template Management

Entitlement templates define which sources Ncanto may use to recommend assets. Entitlement templates can be associated with a subscriber (default entitlement of the subscriber) and/or with a context. If both are specified, Ncanto will use the entitlement from the context only. From R4.6 a entitlements can also be specified in generic filter syntax.

As an alternative to defining entitlement templates, the entitlement may be specified directly in the context, too. See the entitlementSources, entitlementSourceGroups, and entitlementFilter attributes of @subscriber and @context.

3.7.1 Create or Update an Entitlement Template

This request is used to create a new or to update an existing entitlement template.

PUT	/entitlement/<entId>	
body	@entitlement	
result	204 NO_RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD_REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

```

@entitlement =
{"entitlementId": string512,           optional, unique identifier of the entitlement,
                                     ignored by the PUT method
"sources": [string,...],             at least one required, list of source IDs the
                                     entitlement is composed of. If "sourceGroups" or
"sourcemGroups": [string,...],      optional, list of sourceGroupIds the entitlement is
                                     composed of. Supported from R4.3. If "sources" or
"filter": @genericFilter             optional, from R4.6, generic filter expressing the
                                     entitlement. This allows any asset attribute to
    
```

be used to define the entitlement. If "sources" or "sourceGroups" are also present, the union is used.

}

3.7.2 Retrieve one or all Entitlement Template(s)

This request is used to retrieve an entitlement template.

GET	/entitlement/<entId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	entId does not exist
response	@entitlement	

If entId is omitted from the request URL, a list of all entitlement templates in the database is returned:

GET	/entitlement?count=<no_of_entIds>&startAfter=<entId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@entitlement, ...] Entitlement IDs are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000. Even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.7.3 Delete an Entitlement Template

This request is used to delete one entitlement template.

DELETE	/entitlement/<entId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	entId successfully deleted or not found

3.8 Subscriber Management

3.8.1 Create or Update Subscriber

This request is used to create a new subscriber or to update the attributes of an existing one.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>	
body	@subscriber	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request or body

```
@subscriber =
{"subscriberId": string512,           optional, unique ID of the subscriber, ignored by
                                     PUT request
"customProperties": noDotsJson,      optional, arbitrary JSON object without dots in the
                                     keys, may not be used to store any personally
                                     identifiable information and shall not exceed
                                     1kbyte per subscriber.
"subscriberGroups": [string, ...],   optional, list of (static) subscriber groups the
                                     subscriber belongs to
"dynamicSubscriberGroups": [string], optional, list of dynamic subscriber groups the
                                     subscriber belongs to. Ignored by PUT requests,
                                     calculated on the fly from the dynamic subscriber
                                     group definitions (see Section 0) by GET
                                     requests. Supported from R5.4.
"blacklist": @blacklist,            optional, see definition below
"entitlement": [string, ...],        optional, list of entitlement (template) IDs of the
                                     subscriber, See Section 3.7 for details. The
```

```

union of entitlement, entitlementSources,
entitlementSourceGroups, and entitlementFilter
is used.
"entitlementSources": [string], optional, list of source IDs to be used as
entitlement. The union of entitlement,
entitlementSources, entitlementSourceGroups, and
entitlementFilter is used
"entitlementSourceGroups": [string], optional, list of sourceGroup IDs to be used as
entitlement. The union of entitlement,
entitlementSources, entitlementSourceGroups, and
entitlementFilter is used.
"entitlementFilter": @genericFilter optional, from R4.6, generic filter expression
defining the entitlement. The union of
entitlement, entitlementSources,
entitlementSourceGroups, and entitlementFilter is
used.
"sourceLineups": { optional, supported from R4.0, defines the source
<lineupName>: [string], lineups of the subscriber used for sorting. Each
... source lineup comprises a list of source IDs
}
"profiles":[string,...], optional, list of profile IDs of the subscriber,
see Section 3.8.42 for details
"topics":[@topic,...], optional, list of topics of the subscriber
"playlists": [string], optional, list of playlist IDs
of the subscriber
"bookmarkLists": [string], optional, list of bookmark list IDs
of the subscriber, supported from R5.6
"expiryTime": timestamp OR duration, optional, from R4.1, subscribers are automatically
deleted after expiry if the feature is enabled
via the provisioning system. Durations have to be
positive values.
"lastActivityTime": timestamp optional, from R4.1, automatically updated if
enabled in the provisioning system
}

```

@blacklist (See Section 4.8 for details) =

```

{"assets":[ optional, list of blacklisted assets
{"time": timestamp, optional, time the asset has been blacklisted
"assetId": string512 required, asset ID
},...
],
"programs":[ optional, list of blacklisted programs
{"time": timestamp, optional, time the program has been blacklisted
"programId": string required, program ID
},...
],
"series":[ optional, list of blacklisted series
{"time": timestamp, optional, time the series has been blacklisted
"seriesId": string required, series ID
},...
]
}

```

@topic (see 3.8.24 for details) =

```

{"owner":string, required
"topicId":string, required
"topicName": string, optional, the clear text title of the topic
"topicUrl": [string] optional, URLs of the social network pages the

```

topic was derived from

}

Note that creating or updating a subscriber with a new profileId or topicId does not automatically set up the profile or the topic. Update topics (3.8.23) and update profile (3.9.1) have to be called by the client separately.

3.8.2 Retrieve one or multiple Subscriber(s)

GET	/subscriber/<subId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	subId does not exist
response	@subscriber	
	Empty attributes are omitted from the response. See Section 3.8.1 for the definition of @subscriber.	

GET	/subscriber?count=<no_of_subs>&startAfter=<subId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subId does not exist
response	[<subId>, ...]	
	Subscriber IDs are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

Expanded information about one subscriber's properties can be retrieved with one single request. If the elements parameter is used, Ncanto will

- filter the subscriber's properties and only return those addressed by @elements
- if requested, retrieve the subscriber's profiles, entitlements, and playlists, and return the addressed attributes of those objects too.

The elements to be returned are addressed in dot notation, i.e. profiles.filter will return the filters of all profiles. Wildcards or indexing in lists are not supported.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>?elements=@elements	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subId does not exist
response	@expandedSubscriber	
	Empty attributes are omitted from the response.	

@elements =

```
[
  "<element>.<element>"...,
  ...
]
```

at least one required, path to the element which should be returned. E.g. ["profiles.profileId", "profiles.name", "customProperties"] will omit all subscriber attributes except customProperties and profiles, and will, for all profiles, return profile ID and profile name.

```

@expandedSubscriber =
{"subscriberId": string512,           optional, unique ID of the subscriber, ignored by
                                     PUT request
 "customProperties": noDotsJson,      optional, arbitrary JSON object, May not be used to
                                     store any personally identifiable information and
                                     shall not exceed 1kbyte per subscriber.
 "subscriberGroups": [string,...],    optional, list of subscriber groups the subscriber
                                     belongs to
 "blacklist": @blacklist,            optional, see definition below
 "entitlement": [@entitlement,...],    optional, list of entitlement IDs of the
                                     subscriber, See Section 3.7 for details.
 "profiles": [@profile,...],         optional, list of profile IDs of the subscriber,
                                     see Section 3.8.42 for details
 "topics": [@topic,...],             optional, list of topics of the subscriber
 "playlists": [@assetList]          optional, list of playlist IDs
                                     of the subscriber
}
    
```

3.8.3 Delete Subscriber

DELETE	/subscriber/<subId>?recursive=boolean	
result	204 NO_RESPONSE	subld has been successfully deleted or was not found

If the recursive=true option is used, the playlists and the profiles of the subscriber will be deleted too. If recursive = false or missing, the profiles and playlists are kept.

3.8.4 Retrieve Blacklist

This request is used to retrieve the blacklist of a subscriber. In addition to the subscriber level, blacklists exist at profile level too.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/blacklist	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	@blacklist See Section 3.8.1 for the defintion of @blacklist.	

3.8.5 Update Blacklist

This request is used to create or to update the blacklist of a subscriber. In addition to the subscriber level, blacklists exist at profile level too.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/blacklist	
body	{"add": @blacklist, "remove": @blacklist } See Section 3.8.1 for the defintion of @blacklist.	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

Adding to the blacklist is performed first, removing after.

3.8.6 Retrieve custom properties of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve the custom properties of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/customproperties	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	customProperties noDotsJson object	

3.8.7 Update custom properties of subscriber

This request is used to create or to update the custom properties of a subscriber. If customProperties existed before, they are replaced by the request body.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>/customproperties	
body	Arbitrary JSON object. May not be used to store any personally identifiable information and shall not exceed 1kbyte per subscriber.	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.8 Update individual custom properties attributes of subscriber

This request is used to update individual attributes the custom properties of a subscriber. In contrast to the PUT call above, the body the POST request is merged with the existing customProperties (instead of replacing it).

The following merging rules are applied:

- replace value if key already exists
- add key:value pair if key does not exist
- lists (JSON arrays) are treated as if they were single values, i.e. list elements are never merged but the whole list is replaced.
- the above rules apply at any hierarchical level of customProperties, not only at the top level

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/customproperties	
body	Arbitrary JSON object without dots in the key names. May not be used to store any personally identifiable information and shall not exceed 1kbyte per subscriber.	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.9 Retrieve entitlement of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve the entitlement (list of entitlement IDs) of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlement	
result	200 OK or 204 NO DATA	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	[<string>] list of entitlement IDs	

3.8.10 Update entitlement of subscriber

This request is used to create or to update the entitlement (list of entitlement IDs) of a subscriber. If an entitlement existed before, they are replaced by the request body.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlement	
body	[<string>] list of entitlement IDs	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.11 Delete entitlement of subscriber

This request is used to delete the entitlement (list of entitlement IDs) of a subscriber.

DELETE	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlement	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.12 Retrieve entitlement sources of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve the entitlement sources (list of source IDs) of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementSources	
result	200 OK or 204 NO DATA	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	[<string>] list of source IDs	

3.8.13 Update entitlement sources of subscriber

This request is used to create or to update the entitlement sources (list of source IDs) of a subscriber. If entitlementSources existed before, it is replaced by the request body.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementSources	
body	[<string>] list of source IDs	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.14 Delete entitlement sources of subscriber

This request is used to delete the entitlement sources (list of source IDs) of a subscriber.

DELETE	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementSources	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.15 Retrieve entitlement source groups of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve the entitlement source groups (list of source group IDs) of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementSourceGroups	
result	200 OK or 204 NO DATA	Request successful

	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	[<string>] list of source group IDs	

3.8.16 Update entitlement source groups of subscriber

This request is used to create or to update the entitlement source groups (list of source group IDs) of a subscriber. If entitlementSourceGroups existed before, it is replaced by the request body.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementSourceGroups	
body	[<string>] list of source group IDs	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.17 Delete entitlement source groups of subscriber

This request is used to delete the entitlement source groups (list of source group IDs) of a subscriber.

DELETE	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementSourceGroups	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.18 Retrieve entitlement filter of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve the entitlement filter of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementFilter	
result	200 OK or 204 NO DATA	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	@genericFilter	

3.8.19 Update entitlement filter of subscriber

This request is used to create or to update the entitlement filter of a subscriber. If entitlementFilter existed before, it is replaced by the request body.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementFilter	
body	@genericFilter	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.20 Delete entitlement filter of subscriber

This request is used to delete the entitlement filter of a subscriber.

DELETE	/subscriber/<subId>/entitlementFilter	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.21 Update Profiles

This call is used to assign a Profile to a Subscriber or to remove profiles from a subscriber. The assignment is stored for administrative purposes only and is not mandatory, stand alone profiles are allowed too. Ncanto does not check for conflicts (e.g if one Profile is assigned to multiple Subscribers). From R4.8, if recursive is missing or false, the profile is only removed from the profile list of the subscriber, but not delete. If recursive==true, the profile itself is deleted too. If removeByName is used instead of remove, all profiles with the matching names (multiple profiles of the subscriber may have the same name) are deleted.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/profiles?recursive=boolean	
body	{"add": [<profileId>, ...], "remove": [<profileId>, ...], "removeByName": [<profileName>]}	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.22 Retrieve Profiles

This request returns the list of profiles associated with a given subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/profiles	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	[<profileId>, ...]	

3.8.23 Update Topics

The update topics call takes as its input information from a person’s social profile. The social profile is an expression of a set of interests (“likes”) which is used to generate *topics*. The topic IDs are then used to request recommendations through the uniform Recommendation API calls (see 3.17).

To enable the client to distinguish between the subscriber’s own and their contacts’ likes, the API accepts multiple social profiles in a single call, identified by the name of the owner. This name is a string only used for identifying which topic belongs to which social profile, it is used in the explanation of recommendations (see 3.17). Ncanto analyzes the social profiles and generate a number of topics for the Subscriber.

There is no guaranteed number of topics to expect and the client must not assume any relation between likes and topics (i.e. one like may result in zero, one, or more topics, and one topic may be the result of one or more likes). Topics are not “owned” by any user – a topic is a self-sufficient key to create recommendations.

As of the current API version, only social profiles from Facebook are accepted. The social profile type FACEBOOK is largely identical to the format delivered by Facebook’s REST API: a list of Facebook Likes as JSON.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/topics	
body	[{"owner":string,	optional, name of the owner of the profile

	<pre>"type":enum, "socialProfile":[{" "name":string, "category":string, "id":string, "created_time":timestamp}, ...]}, ...]</pre>	required, only "facebook" supported at least one required required, name of the Facebook page required, category of the Facebook page required, ID of the Facebook page optional,
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subId does not exist
response	[@topic,...] See Section 3.8.1 for the definition of @topic.	

3.8.24 Retrieve Topics

This request returns the list of topics associated with a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/topics	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subId does not exist
response	[@topic,...] See Section 3.8.1 for the definition of @topic.	

3.8.25 Update Source Lineups of the Subscriber

This request is used to create or to update all lineups of a subscriber in one step. Source lineups are used to filter and sort results.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>/sourceLineups	
body	<pre>{ <lineupName>: [<sourceId>], <lineupName>: string, <sourceId>: string ... }</pre>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subId does not exist

3.8.26 Retrieve Source Lineups of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve all source lineups of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/sourceLineups	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subId does not exist
response	<pre>{ <lineupName>: [<sourceId>], <lineupName>: string, <sourceId>: string ... }</pre>	

3.8.27 Delete Source Lineups of Subscriber

This request deletes all source lineups of the subscriber.

DELETE	/subscriber/<subId>/sourceLineups	
result	204 NO_RESPONSE	Source lineups have been successfully deleted or were not found

3.8.28 Update Single Source Lineup of Subscriber

This request is used to create or to update one lineup of a subscriber.

PUT	/subscriber/<subId>/sourceLineups/<lineupName>	
body	[<sourceId>] <sourceId>: string	
result	204 NO_RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist

3.8.29 Retrieve Single Source Lineup of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve one source lineup of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/sourceLineups/<lineupName>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist or lineupName does not exist
response	[<sourceId>] <sourceId>: string	

3.8.30 Delete Single Source Lineup of Subscriber

This request deletes one source lineup of the subscriber.

DELETE	/subscriber/<subId>/sourceLineups/<lineupName>	
result	204 NO_RESPONSE	Source lineup has been successfully deleted or was not found

3.8.31 Retrieve Source Lineup names of subscriber

This request is used to retrieve all source lineup names of a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/sourceLineupNames	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld does not exist
response	[<sourceLineupName>] <sourceLineupName>: string	

3.8.32 Score Assets in all Profiles of a Subscriber

For every individual asset this request selects the Profile best matching the asset and scores the asset in that Profile. Cf. Section 3.9.11.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/profiles?errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=boolean&scoringProfiles=enum	
body	{"toScore": [<assetId>, ...], "maxExplanationLevel": integer, "explanationConfig": {"language": <langcode>, "types": [<type_enum>], "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>]}	

	<p>Request parameter errorTolerant=true may be added to ignore assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the response code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.</p> <p>Starting from R4.5, feature level explanations of the scores are provided if maxExplanationLevel is set to 3. Note that other explanation levels are not supported. maxExplanationLevel is deprecated from R4.6 and the more flexible "explanationConfig" parameter shall be used. "explanationConfig" supports independent specifications of explanation language (default: English), of the explanation types (only "feature" supported), and of the language of asset attributes in the explanation (metadataLanguages, the first language from the list which is available in the asset is used, fallback to canonical names and IDs if none is available). If explanationConfig is provided, maxExplanationLevel will be ignored.</p> <p>Starting from R4.5 the profile selection algorithm for scoring is configurable via the parameter scoringProfiles. If scoringProfiles is omitted or set to "prefilter", all profiles the prefilter of which pass the asset are used for scoring. If there are multiple such profiles, the maximum of the scores is returned. If scoringProfiles is set to "filter", the profile filter is taken into account in addition. By using the value "filter" one can achieve that only those assets receive a score which would also be returned as blending preference engine recommendations.</p>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId or assetId or subId does not exist
response	<pre>[{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation,...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...]</pre>	

3.8.33 Rating Significance / Rate an asset in all matching profiles of a subscriber

Estimates, how significant the asset provided in the request body is for the different Profiles of the Subscriber. Significance values are normalized to the range [0, 1], 0 meaning poor match between the asset and the profile and 1 corresponding to a perfect match between the two. Starting from R4.2 two algorithms are supported: by default, the cosine similarity between the asset and the profile's filter is calculated. If significanceAlgorithm=prefilter is specified, the filters are ignored and only the prefilters are taken into account. If the asset passes the profile's prefilter, the significance is 1.0, otherwise the significance is 0.0.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/profiles?significanceAlgorithm=prefilter or cosine	
body	<pre>{ "assetId":<assetId>, new from R5.0 "asset":<assetId> deprecated from R5.0 }</pre>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	assetId or subId does not exist or subscriber does not have profiles
response	[{"profileId": string512, "significance": decimal},...]	

Starting from R4.1 the rating significance request can automatically assign the rating to matching profiles. By default the rating is automatically applied if there is exactly one profile matching (i.e. with significance > 0). If no unique matching profile can be found, the request returns 409 response code. The assets given in toScore are then scored with all profiles of the subscriber. If the query parameter allowMultipleMatching is set to true, the rating is applied to all profiles which are matching.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/profile-matching?errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=boolean&allowMultipleMatching=boolean&scoringProfiles=enum	
body	<pre>{ "assetId": string512, "rating": decimal, "ratingAggregation": enum, "type": enum, "toScore": [string,...], "setting": { "timeOfDayBin": <string>, "timeOfWeekBin": <string>, "device": <string>, "locationBin": <string>, "moodBin": <string>, "activity": <string>, "autoTimeOfDayBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> }, "autoTimeOfWeekBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> } }, "interaction": <string>, "contextId": <string>, "revenue": <decimal>, }</pre>	<p>required, ID of the asset rated</p> <p>required, range [-1,...+1], +1 for explicit "like", -1 for explicit "dislike"</p> <p>optional, from R5.1, one of "accumulate", "overwrite", default value: "accumulate". Specifies if implicit ratings (-1 < ratingValue < 1) replace the previous rating or are added to the previous rating</p> <p>optional, one of "single", "series", if missing, the type is determined automatically: if seriesId is present: type=series, else: type=single</p> <p>optional, list of asset IDs to be re-scored</p> <p>optional, viewing setting of the rating</p> <p>optional, e.g. "morning", "evening"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend"</p> <p>optional, the device used</p> <p>optional, e.g. "home", "work"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "happy", "sad"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing"</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p> <p>optional, if provided, the interaction log entry will contain interaction type <string> instead of the default value "rate". Supported from R4.5.</p> <p>optional, if provided, the given contextId will be logged in the interaction log. Supported from R5.2.</p> <p>optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6.</p>

	<pre>"currency": <string>, "maxExplanationLevel": integer "explanationConfig": { "language": <langcode>, "types": [<type_enum>], "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] }</pre>	<p>optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6.</p> <p>optional, if set to 3, the response contains feature level explanations of the score. Supported from R4.5, deprecated from R4.6</p> <p>optional, supported from R4.6, if present, maxExplanationLevel is ignored</p> <p>optional, the desired language of the explanation, default: English</p> <p>only "feature" supported for feature level explanations equivalent to those of the preference engine</p> <p>optional, preferred language of the asset attributes used in the explanation, fallback to IDs and canonical names if none of the languages is available.</p>
	<p>Request parameter errorTolerant=true may be added to ignore "toScore" assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the response code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.</p> <p>Starting from R4.5 the profile selection algorithm for scoring is configurable via the parameter scoringProfiles. If scoringProfiles is omitted or set to "prefilter", all profiles the prefilter of which pass the asset are used for scoring. If there are multiple such profiles, the maximum of the scores is returned. If scoringProfiles is set to "filter", the profile filter is taken into account in addition. By using the value "filter" one can achieve that only those assets receive a score which would also be returned as blending preference engine recommendations.</p>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	assetId or subscriber ID does not exist or subscriber does not have profiles
	409 CONFLICT	no single matching profile could be found, use POST /subscriber/<subId>/profiles and assign rating manually.
response	<pre>[{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation,...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...]</pre>	

3.8.34 Rate an Asset / score assets in a profile identified by its name

This request is supported from R4.1. It is equivalent to the Rate an Asset request described in Section 3.9.10, the only difference is that the profile to which the rating shall be applied is not identified by its unique profile ID but is addressed via subscriber ID and profile name. The asset IDs provided in "toScore" are scored in the selected profile only.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/profile-matching?profileName=string&errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=boolean	
body	<pre>{ "assetId": string512, "rating": decimal, "ratingAggregation": enum, "type": enum, "toScore": [string,...], "setting": { "timeOfDayBin": <string>, "timeOfWeekBin": <string>, "device": <string>, "locationBin": <string>, "moodBin": <string>, "activity": <string>, "autoTimeOfDayBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> }, "autoTimeOfWeekBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> } }, "interaction": <string>, "contextId": <string>, "revenue": <decimal>, "currency": <string>, "maxExplanationLevel": integer "explanationConfig": { "language": <langcode>,</pre>	<pre>optional, ID of the asset rated required if assetId is present, range [-1, ...+1],+1 for explicit "like", -1 for explicit "dislike" optional, from R5.1, one of "accumulate", "overwrite", default value: "accumulate". Specifies if implicit ratings (-1 < ratingValue < 1) replace the previous rating or are added to the previous rating optional, one of "single", "series", if missing, the type is determined automatically: if seriesId is present: type=series, else: type=single optional, list of asset IDs to be re-scored optional, viewing setting of the rating optional, e.g. "morning", "evening" optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend" optional, the device used optional, e.g. "home", "work" optional, e.g. "happy", "sad" optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing" optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair optional, if provided, the interaction log entry will contain interaction type <string> instead of the default value "rate". Supported from R4.5. optional, if provided, the given contextId will be logged in the interaction log. Supported from R5.2. optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6. optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6. optional, if set to 3, the response contains feature level explanations of the score. Supported from R4.5, deprecated from R4.6 optional, supported from R4.6, if present, maxExplanationLeve is ignored optional, the desired language of the</pre>

	<pre> "types": [<type_enum>], "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] } } </pre> <p>explanation, default: English only "feature" supported for feature level explanations equivalent to those of the preference engine</p> <p>optional, preferred language of the asset attributes used in the explanation, fallback to IDs and canonical names if none of the languages is available.</p> <p>Request parameter <code>profileName</code> identifies the profile. Ncanto will search for a profile with the given name among the profiles of the subscriber. If there is no profile or if there are multiple profiles with the given name, an exception is thrown.</p> <p>Request parameter <code>errorTolerant=true</code> may be added to ignore "toScore" assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the response code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.</p>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	assetId or subscriber ID does not exist or subscriber does not have a profile with the given names
	409 CONFLICT	the subscriber has multiple profiles with the given name
response	<pre> [{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation,...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...] </pre>	

3.8.35 Retrieve Playlists

This request returns the playlists associated with a subscriber.

GET	/subscriber/<subId>/playlists	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subscriber ID does not exist
response	[<listId>]	

3.8.36 Update Playlists

This request is used to update the playlists associated with a subscriber.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/playlists	
body	<pre> {"add": [<listId>], "remove": [<listId>] } </pre>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request

	404 NOT FOUND	subscriber ID does not exist
--	----------------------	------------------------------

Adding of playlists is performed first, removing after. Note that update playlists does not check if the added playlists actually exist.

3.8.37 Clone a Subscriber

The clone subscriber request creates a copy of the given template subscriber. The profiles, playlists and bookmark lists of the template subscriber will be cloned, the IDs of the new entities will be <newSubId>_<oldProfile/Playlist/BookmarklistId>. All other properties of the template subscriber (topics, subscriberGroups, etc.) will be copied.

However, the previous ratings of the template subscriber will not be cloned to update the collaborative matrix and statistical lists.

POST	/subscriber/<newSubId>	
body	{"template":<templateSubId>}	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subld of the template does not exist
response	@subscriber See Section 3.8.1 for the definition of @subscriber.	

3.8.38 Merge Subscribers

The merge subscribers request copies the blacklists, playlists, source lineups, topics, and profiles of the subscriber to be merged into the combined subscribers. Playlists and topics are merged at ID level, i.e. the playlist and topic IDs of the merged subscriber are added to the combined subscriber. The lineups of the merged subscriber are copied to the combined subscriber too, unless there is already a lineup of the same name. In that case the lineup is not merged. The custom properties of the subscriber are merged using the logic described in Section 3.8.8.

Each profile of the merged subscriber which does not match a profile of the combined subscriber with the same name is copied into the profile list of the combined subscriber. If a profile of the same name exists, the profiles are merged by adding all the rated assets of the merged profile to the combined profile.

At the end of the merging process the merged subscriber is deleted, as well as its merged profiles (i.e. those which matched a profile of the same name and have therefore been merged at rated asset level).

POST	/subscriber/<combinedSubId>	
body	{"mergeSubscriber":<toBeMergedSubId>}	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	Either <combinedSubId> or <toBeMergedSubId> do not exist
response	Merged subscriber object	

3.8.39 Calculate collaborative scores

Returns the collaborative scores of a list of assets. Collaborative scores are calculated across all collaborative matrices, a specific matrix does not have to be selected. Note that the feature is deprecated from R4.7.1 and will be removed from R4.8.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/collaborative	
body	{ "toScore": [<assetId>, ...] }	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	subId ID does not exist
response	[{"assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal}, ...]	

3.8.40 Source, sourceGroup, and asset store valuation

The valuation request returns the average score of all assets or a list of all assets with a score greater than or equal to the given minimum score, for all assets with a specified sourceId, a specified sourceGroupId, or for all assets which are in a specified asset store.

Scoring is either done using the preference engine and all profiles of the subscriber (see Section 3.8.32) or using the collaborative engine (see Section 3.8.39). It is possible to specify a list of source IDs, a list of sourceGroup IDs and a list of asset stores. In that case the results are calculated individually for each sourceId, sourceGroupId, or asset store.

Note that the valuation request accepts inactive store IDs too.

POST	/subscriber/<subId>/valuator	
body	<pre>{ "algorithm": enum, required, only "preference" supported from R4.8 "result": [enum], required, allowed "averageScore", "highestScoreAssets" "minScore": decimal, required if "result" contains "highestScoreAssets" "sources": [<sourceId>], optional, list of sources to be valuated individually, at least one of sources/sourceGroups/stores required "sourceGroups": [<sGId>], optional, list of sourceGroups to be valuated individually, at least one of sources/sourceGroups/stores required "stores": [<storeId>] optional, list of asset stores to be valuated individually, may include inactive stores. At least one of sources/sourceGroups/stores required }</pre>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	storeId does not exist
response	<pre>{ "algorithm": enum, see body "sources": { <sourceId>: { "averageScore": <decimal>, sourceId: see body matching the given sourceId average score of all assets "highestScoreAssets": [<assetId>] list of asset IDs with score greater than or equal to minScore }, ... }, "sourceGroups": { <sourceGroupId>: { sourceGroupId: see body </pre>	

<pre> "averageScore": <decimal>, matching the given sourceGroupId "highestScoreAssets": [<assetId> }, ... }, "stores": { <storeId>: { "averageScore": <decimal>, given asset store "highestScoreAssets": [<assetId> }, ... } } </pre>	<p>average score of all assets</p> <p>list of asset IDs with score greater than or equal to minScore</p> <p>storeId: see body</p> <p>average score of all assets in the</p> <p>list of asset IDs with score greater than or equal to minScore</p>
---	---

3.8.41 Retrieve like degrees of all profiles of a subscriber

The like degree is Ncanto's estimate how well a feature / feature value pair (e.g. genreBroad: romance) is perceived. Like degrees are decimal values normalized to the range [0:1], values below 0.5 indicate rejection, values above 0.5 liking.

The GET version of the request returns the feature / feature value pairs of all profiles of the subscriber which have the highest like degrees.

GET	/subscriber/<subscriberId>/like-degrees?count=<integer>	
path parameters	subscriberId	Unique ID of the subscriber the like degrees are requested of.
query parameters	count	Optional, type positive integer. The maximum number of like degrees to be returned.
body	-	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Count is negative
	404 NOT FOUND	subscriberId not found
response	<pre> { "totalNumberOfFeatureValuePairs": <int>, the total number of feature value pairs in all preference profiles of the subscriber. "likeDegrees": [{ "feature": <string>, the feature name (see section Table 4 for the list of supported feature names, e.g. genreBroad the feature value, the data type depends on the feature's data type. E.g. "romance" the like degree in range [0:1] "featureValue": <any>, "likeDegree": <decimal> }, ...] } </pre>	

The POST request allows to filter to individual features (e.g. genre like degrees only). From R5.0 a viewing setting can be provided, too. If a viewing setting is specified, Ncanto will return like degrees learned in the same viewing setting. If there is no or not enough information about the desired viewing setting available, like degrees will be blended from all learned viewing settings, emphasizing the desired viewing setting.

POST	/subscriber/<subscriberId>/like-degrees?count=<integer>	
path parameters	subscriberId	Unique ID of the subscriber the like degrees are requested of.
query parameters	count	Optional, type positive integer, supported from R5.0. The maximum number of like degrees to be returned.
body	<pre> { "features": [<featureName>], "setting": { "timeOfDayBin": <string>, "timeOfWeekBin": <string>, "device": <string>, "locationBin": <string>, "moodBin": <string>, "activity": <string>, "autoTimeOfDayBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> }, "autoTimeOfWeekBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> } } } </pre> <p>optional. The supported feature names correspond to the root features listed in Table 43.9.1, e.g. "genreBroad" or "persons" but not "persons.actor". If no features are provided, the response will contain all features of the profile.</p> <p>optional, supported from R5.0, the viewing setting the like degrees of which are requested.</p> <p>optional, e.g. "morning", "evening"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend"</p> <p>optional, the device used</p> <p>optional, e.g. "home", "work"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "happy", "sad"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing"</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Invalid feature name
	404 NOT FOUND	subscriberId not found
response	<pre> { "totalNumberOfFeatureValuePairs": <int>, "likeDegrees": [{ </pre> <p>the total number of feature value pairs in the preference profile</p>	

	<pre> "feature": <string>, "featureValue": <any>, "likeDegree": <decimal> }, ...] } </pre>	<p>the feature name (see section 3.9.1 for the list of supported feature names, e.g. genreBroad)</p> <p>the feature value, the data type depends on the feature's data type. E.g. "romance"</p> <p>the like degree in range [0:1]</p>
--	---	---

3.8.42 Retrieve recently used search terms of the subscriber

This request returns the recently used tracked search terms used by the subscriber. The tracking of search terms is supported by recommendation requests (if a search engine is part of the context) as well as by retrieve assets by filter requests (e.g. for use cases where the client combines the search phrase suggestions feature with a filter request).

Note that the blacklist/whitelist described in Sections 3.23.1 and 3.23.2 is applicable to the personal search terms of one subscriber too.

The search terms are ordered by descending timestamp in the response.

GET	/subscriber/<subscriberId>/search-terms?limit=<positiveInteger>&timeWindow=<duration>&actualCounts=<boolean>&startsWith=<string>	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	limit	Type: positive integer, defines the number of most recent search terms to be returned
	timeWindow	Type: positive duration, defines the time window from which the recent search terms should be collected
	actualCounts	Type: boolean. If true, Ncanto checks how many assets matching the search term are available in the active store at the time of querying.
body	-	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD_REQUEST	Request parameters are syntactically incorrect
response	<pre> [{ "searchTerm":<string>, "timestamp": <timestamp>, "actualCount": <integer> }] </pre> <p>the search term (lowercased)</p> <p>the last time the term was searched for</p> <p>the number of assets in the active store matching the search term</p> <p>Note that actualCount is omitted from the response if the query parameter is missing or set to false.</p>	

3.9 Profile Management

3.9.1 Create or Update Profile

This call is used to create a new profile or to update an existing one. Starting from R4.0 the metadata of ratedAssets is not mandatory, Ncanto tries to look up missing metadata in the active asset store and in playlist assets. Please note that if a profile is created / updated with new rated assets, the new ratings will not be applied to the collaborative engine.

PUT	/profile/<profileId>	
body	@profile	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request or body
	404 NOT FOUND	The metadata of at least one ratedAsset is missing in the body and not found in the active asset store and in playlist assets.

@profile =

```

{"profileId": string512,
"customProperties": noDotsJson,
"calibrationFactor": decimal
"errorRatio": decimal,
"name": string,
"prefilter": @filter,
"genericPrefilter": @genericFilter,
"filter": @filter,
"ratedAssets": [@ratedAsset,...],
"ratedFeatures": [@ratedFeature,...]
"blacklist": @blacklist,
"playlists": [string]
}

```

optional, unique ID of the profile, ignored by the PUT request

optional, arbitrary, customer defined properties of the Profile as JSON object without dots in the key names. May not be used to store any personally identifiable information and shall not exceed 1kbyte per profile.

required, calibration factor of the Profile. Use 0.5 as initial value when creating a new channel.

optional, last error ratio value

optional, name of the profile, e.g. "my movies" to be used in explanations

optional, the pre-filter of the profile

optional, from R4.4, new syntax offering more flexibility than the @filter. If "genericPrefilter" is present, "prefilter" is not allowed.

required, the filter of the Profile. From R4.5 the filter can be omitted if a prefilter or a genericPrefilter is present.

optional

optional,

optional, see 3.8.1 for the definition of @blacklist

optional, list of playlist IDs associated with the profile

@filter =

```

[@disjunct,...]

```

at least one disjunct required, list of disjuncts of the filter

@disjunct =

```

{"disjunctType": enum,
"conjuncts": [@conjunct,...]
}

```

required, "operatorDefined" or "likedSingle" or "likedSeries"

at least one conjunct required

@conjunct =

```

{"constraintType": enum,
"operator": enum,
"value": string
}

```

required, see table below for details

required, see table below for details

required, see table below for details

```

@ratedAsset =
{"timestamp": timestamp,           required, time of rating
 "assetId": string512,             required, ID of the rated asset
 "seriesId": string,              optional, series ID of the rated asset
 "type": enum                      optional, one of "single", "series", default:
                                   "single"
"rating": decimal,                required, rating value (e.g. 1.0 for explicit
                                   like, -1.0 for explicit dislike)
"metadata": @asset                 optional, full metadata of the asset. See 3.6.7 for
                                   a definition of @asset. If missing, Ncanto tries
                                   to load the asset metadata from the active asset
                                   store and from the playlist asset store. A 404
                                   exception is thrown if the metadata of one or
                                   more assets is not found.
}

@ratedFeature =                    optional,
{"timestamp": timestamp,           required, time of rating
 "feature": string,                required, name of the rated feature in dot
                                   notation, e.g. "persons.actor"
"featureValue": string,           required, value of the rated feature, e.g. "Clint
                                   Eastwood", corresponding to the canonical name of
                                   the person (see @asset)
"rating": decimal,                required, like degree of the feature/value pair
                                   0 <= likeDegree <= 1
}

```

constraint type	allowed operators
sourceId	equals, notEquals
startBin	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
durationBin	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
first	Equals
last	Equals
live	equals, notEquals
pay	Equals
onDemand	Equals
priceBin	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
titles	contains, notContains, equals, notEquals. equals/notEquals searches for assets whose title, at least in one language, exactly matches the "value". contains/notContains only works with single word "values" and does a full text search in all titles.
originalTitle	contains, notContains, equals, notEquals. equals/notEquals searches for assets whose original title exactly matches the "value". contains/notContains only works with single word "values" and does a full text search in the original title.
seriesId	Equals
season	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
episode (from R4.0)	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
productionYearFirst	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
productionYearLast	equals, notEquals, atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger

productionCountry	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
tip	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
editorialRating	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
communityRating	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
surroundSound	Equals
bw	Equals
subtitled	Equals
forBlind	Equals
hd	Equals
interactive	Equals
threeD	Equals
programType	equals, notEquals
assetType	equals, notEquals
genreFine	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
genreMedium	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
genreBroad	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
themeCircle	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
audioLang	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
keywords	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
persons	contains, notContains. Selects assets which include the given person in their metadata (in any function and in any language). Full match is required, i.e. "Clint" will not match "Clint Eastwood".
subtitles	contains, notContain. Only works with single word "values" and does a full text search in all subtitles.
categories	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
synopses	contains, notContains. Only works with single word "values" and does a full text search in all synopses.

sourceNames	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
uiGenres	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
copyControl	contains, notContains
adProduct	contains, notContains
adCompany	contains, notContains
adTaxonomy	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
targetDevice	contains, notContains, selects assets which include / do not include the specified single value in the asset attributes (list of values).
sourceGroupIds (from R4.5)	contains, notContains
communityViewCount (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
communityShareCount (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
communityTrendScore (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
stereo (from R4.5)	Equals
wideScreen (from R4.5)	Equals
encoded (from R4.5)	Equals
defaultLanguage (from R4.5)	equals, notEquals
subtitleLang (from R4.5)	contains, notContains
themeCircle (from R4.5)	contains, notContains
leaseDurationMinutes (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
viewCount (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
profitability (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
targetDemographic (from R4.5)	contains, notContains
targetDevice (from R4.5)	contains, notContains
lightness (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger
pace (from R4.5)	atMost, smaller, atLeast, larger

Table 2: Supported constraint type and operator combinations

Start time bins	0 = "night": [01:00, 06:00[1 = "morning": [06:00, 11:00[2 = "noon": [11:00, 15:00[3 = "afternoon": [15:00, 18:00[4 = "early evening": [18:00, 22:00[5 = "late evening": all others
Duration bins	0 = "very short": [000, 015[minutes 1 = "short": [015, 030[minutes 2 = "fair": [030, 060[minutes

	3 = "medium": [060, 090[minutes 4 = "long": [090, 120[minutes 5 = "very long"; [120,+INF[minutes
--	---

Table 3: Attribute binning used in profile filters

3.9.2 Create a Profile from Seed

This call is used to create a new Profile based on the characteristics of a seed asset. Ncanto automatically creates the filter of the Profile and adds the seed asset to ratedAssets with rating=1. calibrationFactor, ratedFeatures, and blacklist are initialized.

POST	/profile/<profileId>	
body	<pre> {"name": string, "customProperties":<customer_defined_properties>, "seed":<assetId> "setting": { "timeOfDayBin": <string>, "timeOfWeekBin": <string>, "device": <string>, "locationBin": <string>, "moodBin": <string>, "activity": <string>, "autoTimeOfDayBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> }, "autoTimeOfWeekBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> } }, "prefilter": @filter, "genericPrefilter": @genericFilter "interaction": <string> } </pre>	optional optional required optional, from R4.2, viewing setting of the rating optional, e.g. "morning", "evening" optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend" optional, the device used optional, e.g. "home", "work" optional, e.g. "happy", "sad" optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing" optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair optional, from R4.5, if present the prefilter is added to the profile optional, from R4.5, if present, the generic prefilter is added to the profile optional, if provided, the interaction log entry will contain interaction type <string> instead of the default value "rate". Supported from R4.5.
result	204 NO RESPONSE 400 BAD REQUEST 404 NOT FOUND	Request successful Malformed request or body assetId not found

3.9.3 Retrieve a Profile

This request returns the full description of a profile.

GET	/profile/<profileId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request or body
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId not found
response	@profile	

3.9.4 Delete a Profile

DELETE	/profile/<profileId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	profileId has been successfully deleted or was not found

3.9.5 Retrieve Blacklist

This request returns the blacklist of a profile.

GET	/profile/<profileId>/blacklist	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist
response	@blacklist	

3.9.6 Update Blacklist

This request is used to create or update the blacklist of a profile.

POST	/profile/<profileId>/blacklist	
body	{"add": @blacklist, "remove": @blacklist }	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist

Adding to the blacklist is performed first, removing after.

3.9.7 Retrieve custom properties of profile

This request is used to retrieve the custom properties of a profile.

GET	/profile/<profileId>/customproperties	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist
response	customProperties noDotsJson object	

3.9.8 Update custom properties of profile

This request is used to create or to update the custom properties of a profile.

PUT	/profile/<profileId>/customproperties	
------------	---------------------------------------	--

body	Arbitrary JSON object without dots in the key names. May not be used to store any personally identifiable information and shall not exceed 1kbyte per profile.	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist

3.9.9 Update individual custom properties attributes of profile

This request is used to update individual attributes the custom properties of a profile. In contrast to the PUT call above, the body the POST request is merged with the existing customProperties (instead of replacing it).

The following merging rules are applied:

- replace value if key already exists
- add key:value pair if key does not exist
- lists (JSON arrays) are treated as if they were single values, i.e. list elements are never merged but the whole list is replaced.
- the above rules apply at any hierarchical level of customProperties, not only at the top level

POST	/profile/<profileId>/customproperties	
body	Arbitrary JSON object without dots in the key names. May not be used to store any personally identifiable information and shall not exceed 1kbyte per profile.	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist

3.9.10 Rate an Asset in a single profile

This request is used to communicate a rating (like or dislike) of an asset to Ncanto. If a list of assets is provided in the request body, the recommendation scores of the assets will be recalculated after updating the profile with the new rating. Rating values -1, 0, and +1 replace (overwrite) any previous rating of the same asset, rating values in the range]-1, 0[U]0, +1[are accumulated within the interval [-0.9, 0.9] but don't override a previous -1 or +1 rating.

POST	/profile/<profileId>/scorer?errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=boolean	
body	<pre>{ "assetId": string512, "rating": decimal, "ratingAggregation": enum, "type": enum, "subscriber": string, "toScore": [string,...],</pre>	<p>required, ID of the asset rated</p> <p>required, range [-1,...+1], +1 for explicit "like", -1 for explicit "dislike"</p> <p>optional, from R5.1, one of "accumulate", "overwrite", default value: "accumulate". Specifies if implicit ratings (-1 < ratingValue < 1) replace the previous rating or are added to the previous rating</p> <p>optional, one of "single", "series", default: "single". If missing, the type is determined automatically: if seriesId is present: type=series, else: type=single</p> <p>optional, subscriber ID</p> <p>optional, list of asset IDs to be re-scored</p>

	<pre> "setting": { "timeOfDayBin": <string>, "timeOfWeekBin": <string>, "device": <string>, "locationBin": <string>, "moodBin": <string>, "activity": <string>, "autoTimeOfDayBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> }, "autoTimeOfWeekBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> } }, "interaction": <string>, "contextId": <string>, "revenue": <decimal>, "currency": <string>, "maxExplanationLevel": integer "explanationConfig": { "language": <langcode>, "types": [<type_enum>], "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] } </pre> <p>Request parameter errorTolerant=true may be added to ignore "toScore" assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the response code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.</p>	<p>optional, viewing setting of the rating</p> <p>optional, e.g. "morning", "evening"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend"</p> <p>optional, the device used</p> <p>optional, e.g. "home", "work"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "happy", "sad"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing"</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p> <p>optional, if provided, the interaction log entry will contain interaction type <string> instead of the default value "rate". Supported from R4.5.</p> <p>optional, if provided, the given contextId will be logged in the interaction log. Supported from R5.2.</p> <p>optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6.</p> <p>optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6.</p> <p>optional, if set to 3, the response contains feature level explanations of the score. Supported from R4.5, deprecated from R4.6.</p> <p>optional, supported from R4.6, if present, maxExplanationLeve is ignored</p> <p>optional, the desired language of the explanation, default: English</p> <p>only "feature" supported for feature level explanations equivalent to those of the preference engine</p> <p>optional, preferred language of the asset attributes used in the explanation, fallback to IDs and canonical names if none of the languages is available.</p>
result	200 OK	Request successful

	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId or assetId or subscriber ID does not exist
response	<pre>[{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation,...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...]</pre>	

3.9.11 Rate an Asset in multiple Profiles

By default the rating is automatically applied to one of the given profiles if there is exactly one profile matching (i.e. with rating significance > 0). If no unique matching profile can be found, the request returns 409 response code. If the query parameter allowMultipleMatching is set to true, the rating is applied to all profiles which are matching.

The assets given in toScore are then scored in all profiles specified.

POST	/profile/<profileId1>,<profileId1>,.../scorer?errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=Boolean&allowMultipleMatching=boolean&scoringProfiles=enum	
body	<pre>{ "assetId": string512, "rating": decimal, "ratingAggregation": enum, "type": enum, "subscriber": string, "toScore": [string,...], "setting": { "timeOfDayBin": <string>, "timeOfWeekBin": <string>, "device": <string>, "locationBin": <string>, "moodBin": <string>, "activity": <string>, "autoTimeOfDayBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> }, "autoTimeOfWeekBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> } } }</pre>	<p>required, ID of the asset rated</p> <p>required, range [-1,...+1], +1 for explicit "like", -1 for explicit "dislike"</p> <p>optional, from R5.1, one of "accumulate", "overwrite", default value: "accumulate". Specifies if implicit ratings (-1 < ratingValue < 1) replace the previous rating or are added to the previous rating</p> <p>optional, one of "single", "series", default: "single". If missing, the type is determined automatically: if seriesId is present: type=series, else: type=single</p> <p>optional, subscriber ID</p> <p>optional, list of asset IDs to be re-scored</p> <p>optional, viewing setting of the rating</p> <p>optional, e.g. "morning", "evening"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend"</p> <p>optional, the device used</p> <p>optional, e.g. "home", "work"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "happy", "sad"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing"</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning</p>

	<pre> of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair } }, "interaction": <string>, optional, if provided, the interaction log entry will contain interaction type <string> instead of the default value "rate". Supported from R4.5. "contextId": <string>, optional, if provided, the given contextId will be logged in the interaction log. Supported from R5.2. "revenue": <decimal>, optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6. "currency": <string>, optional, if provided the given value will be logged for the interaction. Supported from R5.6. "maxExplanationLevel": integer optional, if set to 3, the response contains feature level explanations of the score. Supported from R4.5, deprecated from R4.6. "explanationConfig": { optional, supported from R4.6, if present, maxExplanationLeve is ignored "language": <langcode>, optional, the desired language of the explanation, default: English "types": [<type_enum>], only "feature" supported for feature level explanations equivalent to those of the preference engine "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] optional, preferred language of the asset attributes used in the explanation, fallback to IDs and canonical names if none of the languages is available. } } } Starting from R4.5 the profile selection algorithm for scoring is configurable via the parameter scoringProfiles. If scoringProfiles is omitted or set to "prefilter", all profiles the prefilter of which pass the asset are used for scoring. If there are multiple such profiles, the maximum of the scores is returned. If scoringProfiles is set to "filter", the profile filter is taken into account in addition. By using the value "filter" one can achieve that only those assets receive a score which would also be returned as blending preference engine recommendations. </pre>	
<p>result</p>	<p>200 OK</p>	<p>Request successful</p>
	<p>400 BAD REQUEST</p>	<p>Malformed request</p>
	<p>404 NOT FOUND</p>	<p>one of the profile IDs or assetIds or does not exist</p>
<p>response</p>	<pre> [{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation,...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...] Request parameter errorTolerant=true may be added to ignore "toScore" assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the respose </pre>	

	code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.
--	--

3.9.12 Score Assets in single Profile

This request returns the recommendation scores of the assets in the request body. The scores are calculated using a single profile. Cf. Section 3.8.32. The request body parameters are explained in detail in Section 3.9.10.

POST	/profile/<profileId>/scorer?errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=boolean&scoringProfiles=enum	
body	<pre>{ "toScore": [<assetId>, ...], "maxExplanationLevel": integer, "explanationConfig": { "language": <langcode>, "types": [<type_enum>], "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] }, "setting": @setting }</pre> <p>Feature level explanations of the scores are provided if maxExplanationLevel is set to 3 or if explanationConfig.types contains "feature". Note that other explanation levels are not supported. maxExplanationLevel is deprecated from R4.6 and the more flexible "explanationConfig" parameter shall be used. "explanationConfig" supports independent specifications of explanation language (default: English), of the explanation types (only "feature" supported), and of the language of asset attributes in the explanation (metadataLanguages, the first language from the list which is available in the asset is used, fallback to canonical names and IDs if none is available). If explanationConfig is provided, maxExplanationLevel will be ignored.</p>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId or assetId does not exist
response	<pre>[{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation, ...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...]</pre> <p>Request parameter errorTolerant=true may be added to ignore "toScore" assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the response code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.</p> <p>Starting from R4.5 the profile selection algorithm for scoring is configurable via the parameter scoringProfiles. If scoringProfiles is omitted or set to "prefilter", all profiles the prefilter of which pass the asset are used for scoring. If there are multiple such profiles, the maximum of the scores is returned. If scoringProfiles is set to "filter", the profile filter is taken into account in addition. By using the value "filter" one can achieve that only those assets receive a score which would also be returned as blending preference engine recommendations.</p>	

3.9.13 Score Assets in multiple Profiles

This request returns the recommendation scores of the assets in the request body. The scores are calculated by selecting, for each asset individually, the best matching one from a list of profiles and

calculating the score in that Profile. The rating corresponds to the rating in the best matching Profile, too. Cf. Section 3.8.32. The request body parameters are explained in detail in Section 3.9.11

POST	/profile/<profileId1>,<profileId1>,.../scorer?errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=boolean&scoringProfiles=enum	
body	<pre>{ "toScore": [<assetId>, ...], "maxExplanationLevel": integer, "explanationConfig": { "language": <langcode>, "types": [<type_enum>], "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] }, "setting": @setting }</pre> <p>Feature level explanations of the scores are provided if maxExplanationLevel is set to 3 or if explanationConfig.types contains "feature". Note that other explanation levels are not supported.</p> <p>maxExplanationLevel is deprecated from R4.6 and the more flexible "explanationConfig" parameter shall be used. "explanationConfig" supports independent specifications of explanation language (default: English), of the explanation types (only "feature" supported), and of the language of asset attributes in the explanation (metadataLanguages, the first language from the list which is available in the asset is used, fallback to canonical names and IDs if none is available). If explanationConfig is provided, maxExplanationLevel will be ignored.</p> <p>The profile selection algorithm for scoring is configurable via the parameter scoringProfiles. If scoringProfiles is omitted or set to "prefilter", all profiles the prefilter of which pass the asset are used for scoring. If there are multiple such profiles, the maximum of the scores is returned. If scoringProfiles is set to "filter", the profile filter is taken into account in addition. By using the value "filter" one can achieve that only those assets receive a score which would also be returned as blending preference engine recommendations.</p>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	one of the profile IDs or assetIds or does not exist
response	<pre>[{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation,...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...]</pre> <p>Request parameter errorTolerant=true may be added to ignore "toScore" assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the response code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.</p>	

3.9.14 Retrieve Playlists

This request returns the playlists associated with a profile.

GET	/profile/<profileId>/playlists	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist
response	[<listId>]	

3.9.15 Update Playlists

This request is used to update the playlists associated with a profile.

POST	/profile/<profileId>/playlists	
body	{"add": [<listId>], "remove": [<listId>] }	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist

Adding of playlists is performed first, removing after. Note that update playlists does not check if the added playlists actually exist.

3.9.16 Retrieve Bookmark Lists

This request returns the bookmark lists associated with a profile. Supported from R5.6.

GET	/profile/<profileId>/bookmarkLists	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist
response	[<listId>]	

3.9.17 Update Bookmark Lists

This request is used to update the bookmark lists associated with a profile. Supported from R5.6.

POST	/profile/<profileId>/bookmarkLists	
body	{"add": [<listId>], "remove": [<listId>] }	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist

Adding of bookmark lists is performed first, removing after. Note that update bookmark lists does not check if the added bookmark lists actually exist.

3.9.1 Rate a Feature

This request is used to communicate an explicit rating (like degree) of a feature-value pair (e.g. persons.actor = Clint Eastwood) to Ncanto. If a list of assets is provided in the request body, the recommendation scores of the assets will be recalculated after updating the profile with the new rating.

POST	/profile/<profileId>/scorer?errorTolerant=true&recordingSuggestion=boolean	
body	{"feature": string, "featureValue": sting, "rating": decimal, "subscriberId": string512, optional, subscriber ID "toScore": [string, ...] optional, list of asset IDs to be re-scored "maxExplanationLevel": integer }	required, name of the feature rated in dot notation required, value of the feature rated optional, range [-1,...+1]. If missing or null, a previously present rating for the feature-value pair will be removed. optional, subscriber ID optional, list of asset IDs to be re-scored optional, if set to 3, the response contains feature level explanations of the score.

	<pre>"explanationConfig": { "language": <langcode>, "types": [<type_enum>], "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] }</pre>	<p>Supported from R4.5, deprecated from R4.6. optional, supported from R4.6, if present, maxExplanationLeve is ignored</p> <p>optional, the desired language of the explanation, default: English</p> <p>only "feature" supported for feature level explanations equivalent to those of the preference engine</p> <p>optional, preferred language of the asset attributes used in the explanation, fallback to IDs and canonical names if none of the languages is available.</p>
	<p>Request parameter errorTolerant=true may be added to ignore "toScore" assetIds which are missing from the asset store. If the parameter is set, the respose code will be 200 and the response will only include the assets found in the store.</p> <p>The supported feature names are summarized in</p>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId or feature or subscriber ID does not exist
response	<pre>[{ "assetId": string512, "score": decimal, "rating": decimal, "recordingSuggestion": boolean, "explanations": [@explanation,...], see 3.17 for the definition }, ...]</pre>	

feature name	remark
sourceId	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
first	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
live	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
onDemand	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
startBin	see Table 3
durationBin	see Table 3
priceBin	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
ageBin	see Table 5
yearBin	see Table 5
productionCountry	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
tip	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
audioLang	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
editorialRating	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
surroundSound	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
subtitled	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
assetType	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
communityRatingBin	see Table 5
forBlind	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7

bw	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
hd	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
interactive	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
threeD	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
programType	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
genreFine	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
genreMedium	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
genreBroad	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
themeCircle	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
keywords.<langcode>	see below
persons.<function>	see below
adProduct	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
adCompany	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
adTaxonomy	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
targetDemographic	see corresponding asset attribute in section 3.6.7
customProperties.<attributeName>. ...	see below

Table 4: Supported Feature Names

In case of keyword, person, and customProperties ratings the feature names and values have to be generated according to the following rules:

Keywords: keywords.<language>:<keyword>, e.g. for "keywords": {"eng":"mykeyword"} the feature name is "keywords.eng", the value is " mykeyword".

Persons: persons.<function>:<canonicalName>, e.g. for "persons": {"actor":[{"canonical":"Robert De Niro"}]} the feature name is "persons.actor", the value " Robert De Niro".

Custom properties: customProperties.<pathElement>.<pathElement>:<value>

E.g. for "customProperties" :

```
{
  "property1": ["a", "b", "c"],
  "property2": 12.0,
  "property3": {
    "typeA": 1,
    "typeB": 2
  }
}
```

the feature names/value pairs are "customProperties.property1": "a" or "customProperties.property3.typeB": "2".

Production year bins	bin 0 ... 0-1950
	bin 1 ... 1945-1955
	bin 2 ... 1950-1960
	bin 3 ... 1955-1965
	bin 4 ... 1960-1970
	bin 5 ... 1965-1975
	bin 6 ... 1970-1980
	bin 7 ... 1975-1985
	bin 8 ... 1980-1990

	bin 9 ... 1985-1995 bin 10 ... 1990-2000 bin 11 ... 1995-2005 bin 12 ... 2000-2010 bin 13 ... 2005-2015 bin 14 ... 2010-2020 ...
Age bins	0 = [0, 4[years 1 = [4, 7[years 2 = [7, 14[years 3 = [14, 18[years 4 = [18, inf] years
Community rating bins	0 = "hated": [0.0, 0.2[1 = "unpopular": [0.2, 0.4[2 = "ignored": [0.4, 0.6[3 = "popular": [0.6, 0.8[4 = "loved": [0.8, 2.0]
Start time bins	0 = "night": [01:00, 06:00[1 = "morning": [06:00, 11:00[2 = "noon": [11:00, 15:00[3 = "afternoon": [15:00, 18:00[4 = "early evening": [18:00, 22:00[5 = "late evening": all others
Awards	<awardName>_0: 0...3 awards of type <awardName> present in the asset <awardName>_1: 2...5 awards of type >awardName> present in the asset <awardName>_2: 3...10 awards of type >awardName> present in the asset <awardName>_3: 5 or more awards of type >awardName> present in the asset

Table 5: Binning of feature values

3.9.2 Retrieve name of profile

This request is used to retrieve the name attribute of a profile.

GET	/profile/<profileId>/name	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist
response	{"name": <profileName>}	

3.9.3 Update name of profile

This request is used to create or to update the name attribute of a profile.

PUT	/profile/<profileId>/name	
body	{"name": <profileName>}	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId does not exist

3.9.4 Retrieve profile strengths

The profile strength feature returns an indication of the richness of one or multiple preference profiles. The aim is to motivate the user to provide more rating feedback. Note that in comparison to the profile's error ratio the profile strength is

- Always available in real time (the error ratios are only calculated once per day if the profile has received at least 10 positive plus 10 negative ratings)
- More deterministic: additional feedback always increases the profile strength while the error ratio may even increase if the new feedback contradicts to previous knowledge

The profile strength algorithm takes into account asset likes (rating value = 1.0), asset dislikes (rating value=-1.0), positive implicit asset feedback (0.0 < rating value < 1.0), negative implicit asset feedback (-1.0 < rating value < 0.0), positive feature ratings (rating value > 0.0) and negative feature ratings (rating value < 0.0) independently.

The profile strength is a decimal value in the range [0:1], composed of the following contributions:

- Likes: maximum contribution 0.2
- Dislikes: maximum contribution 0.2
- Positive implicit feedback: maximum contribution 0.1
- Negative implicit feedback: maximum contribution 0.1
- Positive feature ratings: maximum contribution 0.2
- Negative feature ratings: maximum contribution 0.2

As a consequence if a client does not use all feedback types, the maximum value of the profile strength will be lower than 1.0. Some examples:

- Only asset ratings are possible, no feature ratings: maximum profile strength value 0.6
- Only likes and dislikes are used: maximum profile strength value 0.4
- Only positive implicit asset ratings (e.g. viewing information) are available: maximum profile strength value 0.1

If multiple profile IDs are specified, the profile strength values are calculated independently and returned as a list.

GET	/profile/<profileId1>,<profileId2>,.../strength	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	At least one of the profiles not found
response	<pre>[{ "profileId": <profileId1>, "strength": <decimal> }, { "profileId": <profileId2>, "strength": <decimal> }, ...]</pre>	

3.9.5 Retrieve like degrees of a profile

The like degree is Ncanto's estimate how well a feature / feature value pair (e.g. genreBroad: romance) is perceived. Like degrees are decimal values normalized to the range [0:1], values below 0.5 indicate rejection, values above 0.5 liking.

The GET version of the request returns the feature / feature value pairs of the profile which have the highest like degrees.

GET	/profile/<profileId>/like-degrees?count=<integer>	
path parameters	profileId	Unique ID of the profile the like degrees are requested of.
query parameters	count	Optional, type positive integer. The maximum number of like degrees to be returned.
body	-	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Count is negative
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId not found
response	<pre> { "totalNumberOfFeatureValuePairs": <int>, the total number of feature value pairs in the preference profile, the max. meaningful count value. "likeDegrees": [{ "feature": <string>, the feature name (see Table 4 for the list of supported feature names, e.g. genreBroad the feature value, the data type depends on the feature's data type. E.g. "romance" the like degree in range [0:1] "featureValue": <any>, "likeDegree": <decimal> }, ...] } </pre>	

The POST request allows to filter to individual features (e.g. genre like degrees only). From R5.0 a viewing setting can be provided, too. If a viewing setting is specified, Ncanto will return like degrees learned in the same viewing setting. If there is no or not enough information about the desired viewing setting available, like degrees will be blended from all learned viewing settings, emphasizing the desired viewing setting.

POST	/profile/<profileId>/like-degrees?count=<integer>	
path parameters	profileId	Unique ID of the profile the like degrees are requested of.
query parameters	count	Optional, type positive integer, supported from R5.0. The maximum number of like degrees to be returned.
body	<pre> { "features": [<featureName>], optional. The supported feature names correspond to the root features listed in Table 4, e.g. "genreBroad" or "persons" but not "persons.actor". If no features are provided, the response will contain all features of the profile. "setting": { optional, supported from R5.0, the viewing setting the like degrees of which are requested. "timeOfDayBin": <string>, optional, e.g. "morning", "evening" } </pre>	

	<pre> "timeOfWeekBin": <string>, "device": <string>, "locationBin": <string>, "moodBin": <string>, "activity": <string>, "autoTimeOfDayBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> }, "autoTimeOfWeekBin": { <offsetFrom>: <binName> } </pre>	<p>optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend"</p> <p>optional, the device used</p> <p>optional, e.g. "home", "work"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "happy", "sad"</p> <p>optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing"</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p> <p>optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time</p> <p>at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair</p>
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Invalid feature name
	404 NOT FOUND	profileId not found
response	<pre> { "totalNumberOfFeatureValuePairs": <int>, "likeDegrees": [{ "feature": <string>, "featureValue": <any>, "likeDegree": <decimal> }, ...] } </pre>	<p>the total number of feature value pairs in the preference profile</p> <p>the feature name (see section 3.9.1 for the list of supported feature names, e.g. genreBroad)</p> <p>the feature value, the data type depends on the feature's data type. E.g. "romance"</p> <p>the like degree in range [0:1]</p>

3.10 Annotation Management

3.10.1 Create or Update an Annotation Template

This request creates or updates the set of metadata attributes which accompany recommendations.

PUT	/annotation/<annotationId>	
body	@annotation	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

@annotation = {"annotationId": string512, optional, unique ID of the annotation template, is

```

        ignored in the PUT request

"uiGenreType": [string,...]      optional, list of the UI genre types
                                  to be returned (see uiGenre <type> in @asset)
"sourceNameType": [string,...]  optional, list of the source name
                                  types to be returned (see sourceName
                                  <type> in @asset)
"synopsisType": [string,...]    optional, list of the synopsis <type>s to be
                                  returned
"attributes":[enum,...],        optional, list or metadata attributes to be
                                  returned as annotation
"conditionalAttributes": {      optional, supported from R4.2, defines attributes
    <attribute>: <@genericFilter>  which should only be returned if the condition is
                                  met
                                  at least one attribute/condition pair required
    <attribute>: asset attribute in dot notation
    @genericFilter: condition according to
    genericFilter syntax (see Section 3.6.11). Note
    that in annotation conditions the "and" operator
    does not make sense, it is always interpreted as
    "nestedAnd", i.e.in case of list attributes all
    criteria have to be matched by the same list
    element.
}
    
```

Supported attributes are all top level attributes of @asset.

Starting from R4.0 direct addressing of attribute types using the dot notation is supported too. I.e.

```

{"attributes": ["synopses.short"]} may be used instead of
{"attributes":["synopses"], "synopsisType": "short"}
    
```

Please note that the dot notation allows to select a specific language too (e.g. {"attributes": ["synopsis.short.eng"]}), but this is not recommended. Language selection shall be done via the context.

3.10.2 Retrieve one or multiple Annotation Template(s)

GET	/annotation/<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	annotationId does not exist
response	@annotation	

GET	/annotation?count=<no_of_annotationIds>&startAfter=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@annotation,...] Annotation IDs are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.10.3 Delete Annotation Template

DELETE	/annotation/<annotationId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	annotationId successfully deleted or not found

3.1.1 Moderated List Management

3.1.1.1 Create or Update a Moderated List

This request is used to create or update a list of editorial recommendations. The corresponding recommendation scores have to be provided by the editor, too.

Note that Ncanto does not check if the assetId which is put into the moderated list exists in the active asset stores or not.

PUT	/list/moderated/<listId>	
body	@assetList	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

```

@assetList =
{"listId": string512,                                optional, unique ID of the moderated list
 "assets": [@scoredAsset,...],                       optional, empty lists are allowed
 "customProperties": noDotsJson                       optional, arbitrary customer defined properties of
                                                       the moderated list as JSON object without dots in
                                                       the key names
}

@scoredAsset =
{"assetId": string512,                               required, asset ID
 "score": decimal,                                  required, editorial score in range [0,1]
 "timestamp": timestamp,                            optional, time of adding / modifying the asset.
                                                       Note that the timestamp is not set automatically
                                                       by Ncanto.
 "customProperties": noDotsJson,                     optional, customer defined properties of the
                                                       editorial recommendation
 "asset": @asset,                                   optional, metadata of the asset. "asset" is ignored
                                                       by PUT requests and returned filtered by the
                                                       annotation template by GET requests
 "customExplanations": {                            optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to
                                                       the moderated asset if recommended by a moderated
                                                       engine.
  <type>: {                                          mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)
    <langcode>: <explanationText>                    mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. In
                                                       contrast to the customExplanations of the context
                                                       no variables are supported here.
  }
}
}
    
```

3.1.1.2 Retrieve one or multiple Moderated List(s)

GET	/list/moderated/<listId>?annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	listId not found
response	@assetList	

GET	/list/moderated?count=<no_of_lists>&startAfter=<listId>&annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@assetList]	

	Lists are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.
--	--

An optional parameter annotation can be used to retrieve selected metadata fields of the assets. Note if a moderated list is retrieved without annotation, Ncanto does not check if the asset IDs are present in the active stores. In contrast, if an annotation is specified, only assets which are part of an active store will be returned.

3.11.3 Delete a moderated list

DELETE	/list/moderated/<listId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	listId successfully deleted or not found

3.12 Statistical List Management

Statistical Lists are updated by Ncanto automatically in one hour intervals. Until Ncanto R5.2, statistical lists with fixed time windows are supported. Table 6 summarizes the allowed statistical list IDs supported until R5.2, which are deprecated and replaced by list type / time window starting from R5.3.

listId	description
mostWatched8h	Most watched assets of the last 8 hours (sliding window, updated each hour). Takes into account all interactions of type "play".
mostWatched1d	Most watched assets of the last day (sliding window, updated each hour). Takes into account all interactions of type "play".
mostWatched1w	Most watched assets of the last week (sliding window, updated each hour). Takes into account all interactions of type "play".
bestRated8h	Best rated assets of the last 8 hours (sliding window, updated each hour). Takes into account the average rating of an asset as well as the number of ratings the asset received.
bestRated1d	Best rated assets of the last day (sliding window, updated each hour). Takes into account the average rating of an asset as well as the number of ratings the asset received.
bestRated1w	Best rated assets of the last week (sliding window, updated each hour). Takes into account the average rating of an asset as well as the number of ratings the asset received.
hottest4h, aliased as trending4h from R4.0	Trending assets of the last 4 hours (sliding window, updated each hour), i.e. assets which received the most attention in the last observation period compared to the previous observation period. Note that "hottest" and "trending" are aliases and refer to the same statistical lists. All interactions with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the hottest list calculation.
hottest12h, aliased as trending12h from R4.0	Trending assets of the last 12 hours (sliding window, updated each hour), i.e. assets which received the most attention in the last observation period compared to the previous observation period. Note that "hottest" and "trending" are aliases and refer to the same statistical lists. All interactions

	with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the hottest list calculation.
hottest3d, aliased as trending3d from R4.0	Trending assets of the last 3 days (sliding window, updated each hour), i.e. assets which received the most attention in the last observation period compared to the previous observation period. Note that "hottest" and "trending" are aliases and refer to the same statistical lists. All interactions with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the hottest list calculation.
latestArrivals1d	Assets, the availabilityStartTime of which has passed during the last day, sorted by ascending elapsed availability. This statistical list is limited to a maximum of 100 assets.
latestArrivals1w	Assets, the availabilityStartTime of which has passed during the last week, sorted by ascending elapsed availability. This statistical list is limited to a maximum of 100 assets.
latestArrivals4w	Assets, the availabilityStartTime of which has passed during the last four weeks, sorted by ascending elapsed availability. This statistical list is limited to a maximum of 100 assets.
mostPopular8h	Assets which received most attention in the last 8 hours. All interactions with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the popular list calculation.
mostPopular1d	Assets which received most attention in the last 24 hours. All interactions with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the popular list calculation.
mostPopular1w	Assets which received most attention in the last 7 days. All interactions with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the popular list calculation.
mostShared8h	Assets which received the most "share" interactions in the last 8 hours.
mostShared1d	Assets which received the most "share" interactions in the last 24hours.
mostShared1w	Assets which received the most "share" interactions in the last 7 days.

Table 6: Statistical list IDs supported by Ncanto (until R5.2, deprecated from R5.3)

Starting from R5.3 a generalized statistical list approach is introduced and the fixed list IDs above are deprecated. The generalized approach comprises separate list type and time window parameters. The supported list types are summarized in Table 8. The time window is specified in XSD:duration format.

list types	description
mostWatched	Most watched. Takes into account all interactions of type "play".
bestRated	Best rated. Takes into account the average rating of an asset as well as the number of ratings the asset received.
trending	Trending, i.e. assets which received the most attention in the last time window compared to the previous time window. All interactions with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the hottest list calculation.

latestArrivals	Assets, the availabilityStartTime of which has passed during the time window, sorted by ascending elapsed availability. This statistical list is limited to a maximum of 100 assets.
mostPopular	Assets which received most attention during the time window. All interactions with an asset, e.g. of types play, rate, etc. are included in the popular list calculation.
mostShared	Assets which received the most “share” interactions in the last 8 hours.
mostShared	Assets which received the most “share” interactions during the time window.

Table 7: Statistical list types supported by Ncanto from R5.3

3.12.1 Retrieve an asset level Statistical List

The following request is supported from R5.3:

GET	/list/statistical/<listType>/<timeWindow>?assetTypes=[<string>]&programTypes=[<string>]&assetFamilies=[string]&subscriberGroups=[<subGroupId>]&annotation=<annotationId>	
query parameters	assetTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetType will be included in the statistical list.
	programTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given programType will be included in the statistical list.
	assetFamilies	Optional, from R5.4, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetFamilies will be included in the statistical list.
	subscriberGroups	Optional from R5.6, type list of strings. If provided, only interactions of the subscribers which are member of at least one of the given groups are taken into account. Not supported in case of listType latestArrivals.
	annotation	Optional, type string. Reference to the annotation template specifying which asset attributes should be returned along with the list.
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Wrong list type or time window, or invalid query parameter.
	404 NOT FOUND	annotation not found
response	@assetList	

Note that if a statistical list is retrieved without annotation, Ncanto does not check if the asset IDs are still present in the active stores. In contrast, if an annotation is specified, only assets which are part of an active store will be returned.

The following request using the list IDs is deprecated from R5.3:

GET	/list/statistical/<listId>?annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Invalid query parameter
	404 NOT FOUND	listId not found
response	@assetList	

The following request returning multiple statistical lists in one call is deprecated from R5.0:

GET	/list/statistical?count=<no_of_lists>&startAfter=<listId>&annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@assetList] Lists are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons latestArrivals lists are not included in the response but have to be queried individually.	

3.12.2 Retrieve program and series level Statistical Lists

Starting from R5.4 Ncanto maintains statistical lists at programId and seriesId levels, too. All the list types of Table 7 except "latestArrivals" are supported. The statistical lists at program and series level are generated from the same (asset level) interaction data which is also used for the asset level statistical lists, but using the programId or seriesId of the assets.

GET	/list/statisticalProgram/<listType>/<timeWindow>?assetTypes=[<string>]&programTypes=[<string>]&assetFamilies=[string]&subscriberGroups=[string]	
query parameters	assetTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetType will be considered when creating the statistical list.
	programTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given programType will be considered when creating the statistical list.
	assetFamilies	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetFamilies will be considered when creating the statistical list.
	subscriberGroups	Optional from R5.6, type list of strings. If provided, only interactions of the subscribers which are member of at least one of the given groups are taken into account.
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Wrong list type, time window, or query parameter.
response	{"programs": [{"programId": string, "score": decimal}]}	

GET	/list/statisticalSeries/<listType>/<timeWindow>?assetTypes=[<string>]&programTypes=[<string>]&assetFamilies=[string]&subscriberGroups=[string]	
query parameters	assetTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetType will be considered when creating the statistical list.
	programTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given programType will be considered when creating the statistical list.
	assetFamilies	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetFamilies will be considered when creating the statistical list.
	subscriberGroups	Optional from R5.6, type list of strings. If provided, only interactions of the subscribers which are member of at least one of the given groups are taken into account.
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Wrong list type, time window, or query parameter.
response	{"series": [{"seriesId": string, "score": decimal}]}	

3.12.3 Recalculate Statistical List

For performance reasons statistical lists are cached for a short period of time depending on the time window. The caching durations are described in Section 2.3.3. In order to clear the cache and to force the recalculation for one specific statistical list the following request is supported from R5.3:

DELETE	/list/statistical/<listType>/<timeWindow>?assetTypes=[<string>]&programTypes=[<string>]&assetFamilies=[string]&subscriberGroups=[string]	
query parameters	assetTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetType will be included in the statistical list.
	programTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given programType will be included in the statistical list.
	assetFamilies	Optional, from R5.4, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetFamilies will be included in the statistical list.
	subscriberGroups	Optional from R5.6, type list of strings. If provided, only interactions of the subscribers which are member of at least one of the given groups are taken into account.
result	200 OK	Request successful

From R5.4 the following API calls are supported, too:

DELETE	/list/statisticalProgram/<listType>/<timeWindow>?assetTypes=[<string>]&programTypes=[<string>]&assetFamilies=[string]&subscriberGroups=[string]	
query parameters	assetTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetType will be included in the statistical list.
	programTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given programType will be included in the statistical list.
	assetFamilies	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetFamilies will be included in the statistical list.
	subscriberGroups	Optional from R5.6, type list of strings. If provided, only interactions of the subscribers which are member of at least one of the given groups are taken into account.
result	200 OK	Request successful

DELETE	/list/statisticalSeries/<listType>/<timeWindow>?assetTypes=[<string>]&programTypes=[<string>]&assetFamilies=[string]&subscriberGroups=[string]	
query parameters	assetTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetType will be included in the statistical list.
	programTypes	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given programType will be included in the statistical list.
	assetFamilies	Optional, type list of strings. If provided, only assets of the given assetFamilies will be included in the statistical list.
	subscriberGroups	Optional from R5.6, type list of strings. If provided, only interactions of the subscribers which are member of at least one of the given groups are taken into account.
result	200 OK	Request successful

The legacy syntax specifying the statistical list via list ID is supported, too, but it is deprecated from R5.3:

DELETE	/list/<listId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful

3.13 Playlist Management

The metadata of assets in a playlist is persisted by Ncanto in order to allow for rating and scoring of the playlist assets even if they are not available in the active store anymore. Assets remain in a playlist until they are removed by the client, no automatic purging is supported.

Assets in a playlist may be used as candidates for recommendations.

3.13.1 Create or update a playlist

This request is used to create or restore a playlist. Note that because the metadata of playlist assets is stored by Ncanto, all assets on the playlist have to be available in the active or playlist asset stores, otherwise a not found exception is thrown.

PUT	/list/playlist/<listId>	
body	@assetList	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	At least one of the asset IDs in the @assetList has not been found.

3.13.2 Add assets to and remove assets from a playlist

To add assets to or remove assets from a playlist, use the POST method described below. Again, the metadata of the added assets is saved by Ncanto in a special asset store, hence the assets to be added have to be available in the active or playlist asset store.

POST	/list/playlist/<listId>	
body	{"add": [@scoredAssetId], "remove": [@scoredAssetId] }	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	at least one of the assets to be added has not been found.

Adding of assets is performed first, removing after. Note that if an asset is added to a non-existing playlist, the list will be created automatically.

```
@scoredAssetId =
{"assetId": string512,           required, asset ID
 "score": decimal,             optional, personal score in range [0;+1]
 "rating": decimal,           optional, personal rating in range [-1;+1]
 "customProperties": noDotsJson optional, customer defined properties of the
                               playlist asset
}
```

3.13.3 Retrieve one or multiple playlist(s)

Retrieve single playlist:

GET	/list/playlist/<listId>?annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	listId not found
response	[@assetList]	

Retrieve a group of playlists:

GET	/list/playlist?listId=<listId>&listId=<listId>&...&annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	one of the listIds not found
response	[@assetList]	

Retrieve all playlists:

GET	/list/playlist?count=<no_of_lists>&startAfter=<listId>&annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@assetList] Lists are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.13.4 Delete a playlist

DELETE	/list/playlist/<listId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	listId successfully deleted or not found

3.14 Bookmark List Management

In contrast to playlists bookmark lists can only refer to assets still available in the active store. Hence the metadata of bookmark list assets is not persisted, and assets are automatically removed from a bookmark list as soon as they are removed from the active store. In addition an expiry timestamp may be defined for each asset in the list, after which the asset is removed automatically, too.

3.14.1 Create or update a bookmark list

This request is used to create or restore a bookmark list. Note that assets on the bookmark list have to be available in the active stores, otherwise a not found exception is thrown.

PUT	/list/bookmarklist/<listId>	
body	@assetListTtl	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	At least one of the asset IDs in the @assetList was not found.

```
@assetListTtl =
{
  "listId": string512,
  "assets": [@scoredAssetTtl,...],
  "customProperties": noDotsJson
}

@scoredAssetTtl =
{
  "assetId": string512,
  "score": decimal,
  "timestamp": timestamp,
  "expiryDateTime": timestamp,
  "customProperties": noDotsJson,
  "asset": @asset,
  "customExplanations": {
    <type>: {
      <langcode>: <explanationText>
    }
  }
}
```

optional, unique ID of the moderated list
optional, empty lists are allowed
optional, arbitrary customer defined properties of the moderated list as JSON object without dots in the key names
required, asset ID
required, editorial score in range [0,1]
optional, time of adding / modifying the asset. Note that the timestamp is not set automatically by Ncanto.
optional, the expiry date after which the asset shall be removed automatically from the list.
optional, customer defined properties of the editorial recommendation
optional, metadata of the asset. "asset" is ignored by PUT requests and returned filtered by the annotation template by GET requests
optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to the moderated asset if recommended by a moderated engine.
mandatory, explanation type (string)
mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. In contrast to the customExplanations of the context no variables are supported here.

3.14.2 Add assets to and remove assets from a bookmark list

To add assets to or remove assets from a bookmark list, use the POST method described below. Again, the the assets to be added have to be available in the active stores.

POST	/list/bookmarklist/<listId>
-------------	-----------------------------

body	{"add": [@scoredAssetIdTtl], "remove": [@scoredAssetIdTtl] }	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	at least one of the assets to be added has not been found.

Adding of assets is performed first, removing after. Note that if an asset is added to a non-existing bookmark list, the list will be created automatically.

```
@scoredAssetIdTtl =
{"assetId": string512,           required, asset ID
 "score": decimal,             optional, personal score in range [0;+1]
 "rating": decimal,           optional, personal rating in range [-1;+1]
 "customProperties": noDotsJson, optional, customer defined properties of the
                               playlist asset
 "expiryDateTime": timestamp   optional, the expiry date after which the asset
                               shall be removed automatically from the list.
}
```

3.14.3 Retrieve one or multiple bookmark list(s)

Retrieve single bookmark list:

GET	/list/bookmarklist/<listId>?annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	listId not found
response	[@assetListTtl]	

Retrieve a group of bookmark lists:

GET	/list/bookmarllist?listId=<listId>&listId=<listId>&...&annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	one of the listIds not found
response	[@assetListTtl]	

Retrieve all bookmark lists:

GET	/list/bookmarklist?count=<no_of_lists>&startAfter=<listId>&annotation=<annotationId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@assetListTtl] Lists are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.14.4 Delete a bookmark list

DELETE	/list/bookmarklist/<listId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	listId successfully deleted or not found

3.15 Ad Pool Management

Ad Pools define which advertising assets are available and applicable to (may be placed into) which asset. Ad Pools are typically an output of the customer's ad campaign manager. An Ad Pool comprises two parts:

1. a list of ad assets available for placement into any asset
2. a list of ad assets dedicated for placement into individual assets

Ad Pools are expected to be updated in real time by the campaign manager.

3.15.1 Create or Update an Ad Pool

This request creates or updates an ad pool

PUT	/adpool/<adpoolId>	
body	@adpool	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

```
@adpool =
{"adpoolId": string512,           optional, unique ID of the ad pool, ignored
                                by the PUT request
 "genericAds": [adAssetId],      optional, list of ads which can be placed into any
                                asset
 "dedicatedAds": {
   <assetId>: [adAssetId,...],    optional, list of ads per asset
 }
}
```

3.15.2 Retrieve one or multiple Ad Pool(s)

Retrieve single ad pool:

GET	/adpool/<adPoolId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	adPoolId not found
response	@adpool	

Retrieve a group of ad pools:

GET	/adpool?adpoolId=<adpoolId>&adpoolId=<adpoolId>&...	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	one of the adPools not found
response	[@adpool]	

Retrieve all adPools:

GET	/adpool?count=<no_of_adpools>&startAfter=<adpoolId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@adpool] Ad pools are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.15.3 Delete an Ad Pool

DELETE	/adpool/<adpoolId>
---------------	--------------------

result	204 NO RESPONSE	ad pool successfully deleted or not found
---------------	------------------------	---

3.15.4 Ingest Ad Pool

This request deletes the ad pool and triggers an asynchronous full import of the ad pool.

POST	/adpool/<adpoolId>	
body	{ "protocol": "IPDS", "feed": <feedUrl> }	required, only "IPDS" corresponding to Axel Springer IPDS format is supported required, URL of the IPDS stream
result	202 ACCEPTED	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
	404 NOT FOUND	adPoolId does not exist

3.16 Context Management

See 2.3 for an explanation of the concepts used in this chapter.

3.16.1 Create or Update a Context

PUT	/context/<contextId>	
body	@context	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

Please note that most of the attributes of a Context are optional because the pre-defined Context is combined with the ad-hoc Context at runtime.

Which attributes are required to arrive at a valid configuration at runtime, is summarized in Section 2.3.9.

Note that all unconditional rules have to be placed in front of conditional rules in the context.

@context =	
{ "contextId": string512,	optional, unique name of the context, ignored by the PUT request
"contextNames": {	optional, from R5.3, name of the context (to be used e.g. as container title in the UI of the client)
<langcode>: <contextName>	mandatory, language / context name pairs. The context name may include references to context variables in the syntax <code>\${<variableName!"<defaultValue">"}</code> . Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given.
},	
"presentationProperties": noDotsJson,	optional, supported from R5.6. If present, the contents are copied into the recommendation response. Intended to communicate presentation and layout parameters to the client.
"variables": {	optional, supported from R5.0, definition of variables used in the context.
<variableName>: @variableDef	required, variable name/definition pairs, names are of type non-empty string
}	
"rules": [@rule,...]	required, business rules of the context

```

}
The attributes required to define a variable depend on the variable type which can be one of the
following values: "likeDegree", "queryParameter" (from R5.1), "timestamp" (from R5.3),
"subscriberProperty" (from R5.6), "seedProperty" (from R5.6).

@variableDef =
{
  "type": "likeDegree",                required
  "profileName": string,              optional for variables of type "likeDegree",
                                     defines which profile of the subscriber
                                     the like degree has to be taken from. Ignored
                                     if profileId is present, too.
  "profileId": string,                optional for variables of type "likeDegree",
                                     defines which profile to be used via
                                     reference to the query parameter of the
                                     recommendation request.
  "feature": string,                 required for variables of type "likeDegree", same
                                     as in like degree request, see Section 3.8.41 for
                                     details.
  "setting": @setting,                optional for variables of type "likeDegree", same
                                     as in like degree request, see Section 3.8.41 for
                                     details.
  "index": integer,                  optional for variables of type "likeDegree",
                                     default=0, non-negative integer, defines
                                     which like degree should be used. By default
                                     (index=0) use the featureValue with the highest
                                     like degree. If index=1 use the featureValue with
                                     the second highest like degree
  "minLikeDegree": <decimal>,        optional, range [0:1], default value 0. If the like
                                     degree of the feature value addressed by the
                                     index is lower than minLikeDegree, the variable
                                     is not resolved. Supported from R5.1.
  "default": string,                 optional, from R5.4, specifies a default value for
                                     the variable, to be used if the variable cannot
                                     be resolved
  "patches": [
    {
      "operation": <enum>,            optional, allowed value = default value "replace"
      "path": <string>                required, pointer in dot notation to a context
                                     parameter which should be replaced by the
                                     variable. Rules are addressed by their title,
                                     engines by the engine name. Example: "rules.
                                     <ruleTitle>.then.similarityEngines.
                                     <simEngineName>.global.contribution".
    }
  ]
}
}
or
{
  "type": "queryParameter",          required
  "parameterName": string,           required if "type"=="queryParameter", specifies the
                                     value of which query parameter of the
                                     recommendation request shall be used
  "default": string,                 optional, from R5.4, specifies a default value for
                                     the variable, to be used if the variable cannot

```

<pre>"patches": [{ "operation": <enum>, "path": <string> }]</pre>	<p>be resolved optional, from R5.1, defines where the variable will be used in the context</p> <p>optional, allowed value = default value "replace" required, pointer in dot notation to a context parameter which should be replaced by the variable. Rules are addressed by their title, engines by the engine name. Example: "rules.<ruleTitle>.then.similarityEngines.<simEngineName>.global.contribution".</p>
<p>or</p> <pre>{ "type": "timestamp", "origin": enum, "offset": duration, "default": string, "patches": [{ "operation": <enum>, "path": <string> }] }</pre>	<p>required required if "type"=="timestamp", origin of the relative time specification, allowed values "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required if "type"=="timestamp", offset with respect to the "origin" in XSD duration format optional, from R5.4, specifies a default value for the variable, to be used if the variable cannot be resolved optional, from R5.1, defines where the variable will be used in the context</p> <p>optional, allowed value = default value "replace" required, pointer in dot notation to a context parameter which should be replaced by the variable. Rules are addressed by their title, engines by the engine name. Example: "rules.<ruleTitle>.then.similarityEngines.<simEngineName>.global.contribution".</p>
<p>or</p> <pre>{ "type": "subscriberProperty", "path": <string>, "default": string, "patches": [{ "operation": <enum>, "path": <string> }] }</pre>	<p>required required if "type"=="subscriberProperty", path to the subscriber property containing the variable value optional, from R5.4, specifies a default value for the variable, to be used if the variable cannot be resolved optional, from R5.1, defines where the variable will be used in the context</p> <p>optional, allowed value = default value "replace" required, pointer in dot notation to a context parameter which should be replaced by the variable. Rules are addressed by their title, engines by the engine name. Example: "rules.</p>

```

        <ruleTitle>.then.similarityEngines.
        <simEngineName>.global.contribution".
    }
  ]
}
or
{
  "type": "seedProperty",
  "seed": string,
  "path": string,
  "default": string,
  "patches": [
    {
      "operation": <enum>,
      "path": <string>
    }
  ]
}

@rule =
{"title": string,
 "if": @predicate,
 "then": @properties,
 "else": @properties
}
optional
optional, @predicate object
required, @properties object
optional, @properties object

@predicate =
{"operator": enum,
 "operands" : [@predicate]
}
required, one of "and", "or"
required, any number of @predicate

or

@predicate =
{"variable": enum,
 "operator": enum,
 "value": string
}
required, see table below
required, see table below
required, see table below

```

variable	allowed operators	value definition
----------	-------------------	------------------

timeOfDay	atLeast, atMost	time of day in XSD time format (see Section 3.5)
subscriberGroups	contains	string
dateTime	atLeast, atMost	date / time in XSD datetime format (see Section 3.5)
From R4.4 also: <queryParamsName>	equals, notEquals	The value of the corresponding query parameter of the recommendation request.
from R5.6 also: subscriber.<path>	equals, notEquals	the value of the attribute of the subscriber, addressed in dot notation. E.g. subscriber.customProperties.property1 or subscriber.subscriberGroups

@properties =

```

{"similarityEngines": [@simEngProps,...],           optional
 "preferenceEngines": [@prefEngProps,...],         optional
 "serendipityPreferenceEngines": [@prefSerendipityEngProps], optional
 "sharedProfilePreferenceEngines": [@sharedProfilePrefEngProps], optional
 "socialEngines": [@socEngProps,...],             optional
 "postingEngines": [@postingEngProps,...],        optional
 "collaborativeEngines": [@collEngProps,...],     optional
 "statisticalEngines": [@statEngProps,...],      optional
 "moderatedEngines": [@modEngProps,...],         optional
 "searchEngines": [@searchEngProps,...],         optional
 "blendingPreferenceEngines":[@blndPrefEngProps]  optional
 "blendingFilterPreferenceEngines": [@blndFiltPrefEngProps] optional
 "collaborativeSimilarityEngines": [@collSimEngProps], optional
 "customScoreEngines": [@customScoreEngProps],   optional, from R5.6
 "adHocPreferenceEngines": [@adHocPrefEngProps], optional, from R5.6
 "adTargeting": @adTargetingProps,              optional
 "global": @globalProps                          optional
}
    
```

@simEngProps =

```

{"assetTypes": [string],                            optional, defines the asset types to be used by the
                                                    engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in
                                                    the global context, it is overruled by this
                                                    definition for the given engine. Note that for
                                                    compatibility to earlier releases the asset type
                                                    "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is
                                                    never used by recommendation engines. If
                                                    "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types
                                                    with the exception of "ad" are used.

"name": string,                                    required, unique name of the engine
"inputs": [string,...],                            optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input,
                                                    empty list or omitted entitlement means all
                                                    sourceGroups will be used

"assetStores": [<storeid>],                         optional, if defined, all engines for which no
                                                    separate assetStores configuration is provided
                                                    will use the given asset store(s) instead of the
                                                    active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no
                                                    asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to
                                                    provide recommendations from playlists only).

"playlists": [<string>],                            optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the
                                                    given playlists will be used as recommendation
                                                    candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in
                                                    addition to the assets in the active/given
                                                    assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-
                                                    empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists
                                                    configuration for the specific engine.

"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,                  optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of
    
```

the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.

"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>], optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.

"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool, optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.

"contribution": decimal, optional, range[0, +inf[
 "minScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1]
 "minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, +inf], supported from R5.1
 "minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.

"filter": @genericFilterVar, optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.

"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional
 "seed": string, optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL identifying the seed asset to be used The default value of "<engineName>.seed" is used if the seed reference is not specified.

"seeds": string, optional, supported from R5.0, <reference> query parameter of the recommendation request identifying the list of seed assets to be used by the similarity engine. The default value <engineName>.seeds is used if the seed reference is not specified. If seed and seeds are both specified, all the asset IDs are used.

"excludeSeed": enum, optional, one of "none", "asset", "program", "series", default: "asset", defines if only the seed asset(s), all assets with the same program IDs as the seed(s), or all assets with the same series IDs as the seed(s) shall be excluded from the recommendations

"personalization": <enum>, optional, from R4.5, one of "none" or "subscriber", if set to "subscriber", the results are scored in all profiles of the subscriber. The subscriber ID has to be present in the recommendation request in that case. Default value "none".

"personalizationWeight": decimal, optional, from R4.5 relative contribution of the preference score wrt the similarity score, range [0:1], default value 1.0.

"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode",

"episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability start time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

```

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time
window in which recommendations shall be
available. Sets the relative window of
availability start or overrides the global
setting for the particular engine only. See
@globalProps for a complete description of the
attribute.
  {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
    "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
  },
"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time
window in which recommendations shall be
available. Sets the relative window of
availability start or overrides the global
setting for the particular engine only. See
@globalProps for a complete description of the
attribute.
  {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
    "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
  },
"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window
of availability definition for selected source
IDs for the particular engine only.
  <sourceId>: { the sourceId the special window is applicable to
    "start": <timestamp>, optional, absolute start of the window
    "end": <timestamp>, optional, absolute end of the window
    "relativeStart": { optional, relative start of the window
      "origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
        "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
      "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
    }
    "relativeEnd": { optional, relative end of the window
      "origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
        "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
      "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
    }
  },
  ...
},
"windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the
generic window of availability definition for
selected source group IDs.
  <sourceGroupId>: { the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable
to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both
used)
    "start": timestamp, optional, absolute start of the window
    "end": <timestamp>, optional, absolute end of the window
    "relativeStart": { optional, relative start of the window
      "origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
        "startOfWeek"
      "offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
    }
    "relativeEnd": { optional, relative end of the window
      "origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
        "startOfWeek"
      "offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
    }
  }
}

```

```

    },
    ...
  },
  "availabilityWindows": [<enum>],
  "frequencyCapping": {
    "timeWindow": <duration>,
    "cap": <integer>
  },
  "customExplanations": {
    <type>: {
      <langcode>: <explanationText>
    }
  },
  "contributionAdjustment": {
    "minFactor": decimal
  }
}

@prefEngProps = @prefSerendipityEngProps =
{"assetTypes": [string],
"name": string,
"inputs": [string,...],
"assetStores": [<storeid>],

```

optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1.

optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.

required, the observation period

required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.

optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine

mandatory, explanation type (string)

mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax `${<variableName!"<defaultValue>"}`. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given.

optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will automatically fine tune the contribution of the engine between contribution and contribution * minFactor

optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0]

optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.

required, unique name of the engine

optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used

optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided

<p>"playlists": [<string>],</p>	<p>will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only). optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p>
<p>"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,</p>	<p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],</p>	<p>optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.</p>
<p>"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool,</p>	<p>optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"contribution": decimal, "minScore": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, +inf[optional, range [0, 1]. Preference engines ignore the minimum score requirement until the profile becomes active.</p>
<p>"minBusinessScore": decimal, "minAge": int,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1 optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.</p>
<p>"filter": @genericFilterVar,</p>	<p>optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.</p>
<p>"profile": string,</p>	<p>optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to one profile ID The default value of "<engineName>.profile" is used if the profile reference is not specified.</p>
<p>"profileName": string,</p>	<p>optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to one profileName, which, in connection with the subscriberId uniquely identifies a profile. If the query parameter <engineName>.profileName is used as <reference>, the specification in the context is not necessary. Note that if "profile" is specified in the context or the <engineName>.profile query parameter is present in the recommendation request, profileName and <engineName>.profileName are ignored.</p>
<p>"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...],</p>	<p>optional</p>

```

"profileBlacklisting": boolean,
"recordingSuggestion": boolean
optional, default = false
optional, default = false, if true, recommendation
requests will return a flag indicating if the
recommendation is suggested to be automatically
scheduled by recording devices.

"skipProfileDislikeThreshold": int,
optional, if present, preference engines having no
positively rated asset but at least the given
number of negatively rated assets in the profile
will be skipped by setting their contribution to
0, unless all preference engines would be
skipped, in which case the attribute is ignored.

"excludeOwnRatedItems": enum,
optional, R4.4, one of "none", "asset", "program",
"series", excludes assets/programs/series which
have already been rated in the profile from
recommendations. Default "none". If set to
program, program and asset IDs are excluded. If
set to series, series, program, and asset IDs are
excluded.

"contributionAdjustment": {
optional, from R4.6, allows to reduce the
contribution of the preference engine if the
strength of the profile is low.
  "zeroContributionProfileStrengthLimit": deprecated from R5.0, renamed to
  minContributionProfileStrengthLimit
  "minContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [0:1]. If the
  profile strength is below this limit, the
  contribution of the preference engine is set to
  contribution * minFactor. Negative values are
  deprecated.
  "fullContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [
  minContributionProfileStrengthLimit, 1]. If the
  profile strength is above that limit, the
  contribution is not adjusted. If the profile
  strength is between the two limit, the
  contribution is linearly adjusted between zero
  and the full contribution.
  "minFactor": decimal
optional, from R5.0, decimal value in range
[0.0:1.0[, default value 0.0. Defines the minimum
contribution of the engine as minContribution =
contribution * minFactor.
},
"randomizationFactor": decimal>=1.0,
optional, if provided, the engine does not return
the requested number of assets with highest
scores, but a random subset of the requested
number * randomizationFactor highest score
assets. Supported from R4.7.

"groupingPriority": enum,
optional, only episode & episodeForced supported
before R5.6, allowed values
"businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode",
"episode" (deprecated, same as
firstUnwatchedEpisode),
"firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced"
(deprecated, same as
firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode",
"lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival",
default "businessScore". Determines which
episodes are first selected to populate each
series group. By default the assets are selected
randomly if the business scores of the episodes
are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore).

```

If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability start time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

{ "origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
 },

```

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time
                                window in which recommendations shall be
                                available. Sets the relative window of
                                availability start or overrides the global
                                setting for the particular engine only. See
                                @globalProps for a complete description of the
                                attribute.
    {"origin": <enum>,                                required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    "offset": <duration>                                "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
    },                                                  required, offset in XSD duration format
"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window
    <sourceId>: {                                       of availability definition for selected source
    "start": <timestamp>,                                IDs for the particular engine only.
    "end": <timestamp>,                                  the sourceId the special window is applicable to
    "relativeStart": {                                  optional, absolute start of the window
    "origin": <enum>,                                    optional, absolute end of the window
    "offset": <duration>                                optional, relative start of the window
    }                                                    required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    "relativeEnd": {                                    "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
    "origin": <enum>,                                    required, offset in XSD duration format
    "offset": <duration>                                optional, relative end of the window
    }                                                    required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    },                                                  "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
    },                                                  required, offset in XSD duration format
    ...
},
"windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the
    <sourceGroupId>: {                                   generic window of availability definition for
    "start": timestamp,                                 selected source group IDs.
    "end": <timestamp>,                                  the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable
    "relativeStart": {                                  to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both
    "origin": enum,                                       used)
    "offset": duration                                  optional, absolute start of the window
    }                                                    optional, absolute end of the window
    "relativeEnd": {                                    optional, relative start of the window
    "origin": enum,                                       required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    "offset": duration                                  "startOfWeek"
    }                                                    required, offset in XSD duration format
    },                                                  optional, relative end of the window
    },                                                  required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    ...                                                "startOfWeek"
    },                                                  required, offset in XSD duration format
},
"availabilityWindows": [<enum>], optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or
                                "availabilityStartEndTime", default value
                                ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset
                                attribute pairs determine the asset's
                                availability. By default only
                                availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are
                                used. This can be replaced or extended by
                                originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites

```

<pre> "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> } } } } } @sharedProfilePrefEngProps = {"assetTypes": [string], "assetStores": [<storeid>], "playlists": [<string>], "subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>, </pre>	<p>the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1.</p> <p>optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.</p> <p>required, the observation period</p> <p>required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine</p> <p>mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)</p> <p>mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax <code>\${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}</code>. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <code><defaultValue></code> if one is specified, or by <code>""</code> if no default is given.</p> <p>optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.</p> <p>required, unique name of the engine</p> <p>optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used</p> <p>optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only).</p> <p>optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p> <p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine.</p>
---	---

Supported from R5.6.

"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>], optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.

"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool, optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.

"contribution": decimal, optional, range [0, +inf[
"minScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1] . Preference engines ignore the minimum score requirement until the profile becomes active.

"minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1
"minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.

"filter": @genericFilterVar, optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.

"profile": string, optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to one profile ID The default value of "<engineName>.profile" is used if the profile reference is not specified.

"profileName": string, optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to one profileName, which, in connection with the subscriberId uniquely identifies a profile. If the query parameter <engineName>.profileName is used as <reference>, the specification in the context is not necessary. Note that if "profile" is specified in the context or the <engineName>.profile query parameter is present in the recommendation request, profileName and <engineName>.profileName are ignored. If the recommendation request contains a "sharedSubscriberIds" query parameter, profiles matching profileName of the corresponding subscribers are used to blend recommendations from, as if their IDs were specified in sharedProfileIds.

"sharedProfileIds": string, optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to a list of profile IDs, e.g. sharedProfiles=["profId1","profId2"]. "<engineName>.sharedProfileIds" is used as default if the profile reference is not specified.

"sharedProfilesWeight": <decimal>, required, range: [0:1], this defines the weight of all shared profiles together within the contribution of the engine (i.e. if sharedProfilesWeight=0.3, 30% of recommendations will come from the shared profiles, 70% from the main profile used)

```

"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...],    optional
"profileBlacklisting": boolean,            optional, default = false
"recordingSuggestion": boolean             optional, default = false, if true, recommendation
                                           requests will return a flag indicating if the
                                           recommendation is suggested to be automatically
                                           scheduled by recording devices.
"skipProfileDislikeThreshold": int,        optional, if present, preference engines having no
                                           positively rated asset but at least the given
                                           number of negatively rated assets in the profile
                                           will be skipped by setting their contribution to
                                           0, unless all preference engines would be
                                           skipped, in which case the attribute is ignored.
"contributionAdjustment": {                optional, from R4.6, allows to reduce the
                                           contribution of the preference engine if the
                                           strength of the profile is low. The adjustment is
                                           done individually for each main/shared profile.
  "zeroContributionProfileStrengthLimit": deprecated from R5.0, renamed to
                                           minContributionProfileStrengthLimit
  "minContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [0:1]. If the
                                           profile strength is below this limit, the
                                           contribution of the preference engine is set to
                                           contribution * minFactor. Negative values are
                                           deprecated.
  "fullContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [
                                           minContributionProfileStrengthLimit, 1]. If the
                                           profile strength is above that limit, the
                                           contribution is not adjusted. If the profile
                                           strength is between the two limit, the
                                           contribution is linearly adjusted between zero
                                           and the full contribution.
  "minFactor": decimal                     optional, from R5.0, decimal value in range
                                           [0.0:1.0[, default value 0.0. Defines the minimum
                                           contribution of the engine as minContribution =
                                           contribution * minFactor.
},
"randomizationFactor": decimal>=1.0,      optional, if provided, the engine does not return
                                           the requested number of assets with highest
                                           scores, but a random subset of the requested
                                           number * randomizationFactor highest score
                                           assets. Supported from R4.7.
"groupingPriority": enum,                  optional, only episode & episodeForced supported
                                           before R5.6, allowed values
                                           "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode",
                                           "episode" (deprecated, same as
                                           firstUnwatchedEpisode),
                                           "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced"
                                           (deprecated, same as
                                           firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode",
                                           "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival",
                                           default "businessScore". Determines which
                                           episodes are first selected to populate each
                                           series group. By default the assets are selected
                                           randomly if the business scores of the episodes
                                           are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore).
                                           If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected,
                                           the first not yet watched episode of each series
                                           are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is
                                           specified, the first not yet watched episode is
                                           selected even if there are other episodes with

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higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See

<pre> @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { <sourceId>: { "start": <timestamp>, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], "frequencyCapping": { </pre>	<pre> optional, from R5.0, overrides the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only. the sourceId the special window is applicable to optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format } optional, supported from R5.6, overrides the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs. the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used) optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format } optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1. optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the </pre>
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<pre> "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> } } } } } @socEngProps = {"assetTypes": [string], "name": string, "owners": [string,...], "topics": [string,...], "inputs": [string,...], "assetStores": [<storeid>], "playlists": [<string>], "subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>, </pre>	<p>particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.</p> <p>required, the observation period</p> <p>required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine</p> <p>mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)</p> <p>mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax <code>\${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}"</code>. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <code><defaultValue></code> if one is specified, or by <code>""</code> if no default is given.</p> <p>optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.</p> <p>required, unique name of the engine</p> <p>optional, list of topic owners the social engine shall use to provide recommendations. If both "owners" and "topics" are defined, all topics matching either criteria are used</p> <p>optional, list of topics the social engine shall use to provide recommendations. If both "owners" and "topics" are defined, all topics matching either criteria are used</p> <p>optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used.</p> <p>optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only).</p> <p>optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p> <p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of</p>
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playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.

"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>], optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.

"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool, optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.

"contribution": decimal, optional, range [0,+inf[
 "minScore": deimal, optional, range [0, 1]
 "minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1
 "minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.

"filter": @genericFilterVar, optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.

"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional
 "groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values
 "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode",
 "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode),
 "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode",
 "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival",
 default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber

already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only.

 <sourceId>: { the sourceId the special window is applicable to

 "start": <timestamp>, optional, absolute start of the window

 "end": <timestamp>, optional, absolute end of the window

<pre> "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> </pre>	<pre> optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs. the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used) optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1. optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration. required, the observation period required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber. optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString) mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context </pre>
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<pre> } }, "contributionAdjustment": { "minFactor": decimal } } @postingEngProps = {"assetTypes": [string], "name": string, "postingType": string, "postings": [string,...], "inputs": [string,...], "assetStores": [<storeid>], "playlists": [<string>], "subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>, "bookmarkListFilter": [<string>], "subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool, </pre>	<p>variables in the syntax $\\${\langle\text{variableName!}\langle\text{defaultValue}\rangle}$. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the $\langle\text{defaultValue}\rangle$ if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will automatically fine tune the contribution of the engine between contribution and contribution * minFactor optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0[</p> <p>optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used required, unique name of the engine required, supported values: "twitter" required, list of postings (tweets) optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used. optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only). optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine. optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6. optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1. optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter".</p>
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Supported from R5.6.

"contribution": decimal, optional, range [0,+inf[

"minScore": deimal, optional, range [0, 1]

"minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1

"minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.

"filter": @genericFilterVar, optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.

"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional

"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative",

"tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

```

    {"origin": <enum>,
      "offset": <duration>
    },
  "relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd":
    {"origin": <enum>,
      "offset": <duration>
    },
  "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": {
    <sourceId>: {
      "start": <timestamp>,
      "end": <timestamp>,
      "relativeStart": {
        "origin": <enum>,
        "offset": <duration>
      }
      "relativeEnd": {
        "origin": <enum>,
        "offset": <duration>
      }
    },
    ...
  
```

required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only.

the sourceId the special window is applicable to

optional, absolute start of the window

optional, absolute end of the window

optional, relative start of the window

required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

optional, relative end of the window

required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

```

    },
    "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": {optional, supported from R5.6, overrides the
        generic window of availability definition for
        selected source group IDs.
        <sourceGroupId>: {the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable
            to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both
            used)
            "start": timestamp, optional, absolute start of the window
            "end": <timestamp>, optional, absolute end of the window
            "relativeStart": { optional, relative start of the window
                "origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
                "startOfWeek"
                "offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
            }
            "relativeEnd": { optional, relative end of the window
                "origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
                "startOfWeek"
                "offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
            }
        },
        ...
    },
    "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or
    "availabilityStartEndTime", default value
    ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset
    attribute pairs determine the asset's
    availability. By default only
    availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are
    used. This can be replaced or extended by
    originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites
    the global setting for one engine only. Supported
    from R5.1.
    "frequencyCapping": { optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is
        allowed to recommend the same asset to a
        subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the
        particular engine the global frequencyCapping
        configuration.
        "timeWindow": <duration>, required, the observation period
        "cap": <integer> required, the maximum number of occurrences of the
        same assetId in recommendations of the same
        subscriber.
    },
    "customExplanations": { optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to
        all recommendations coming from this engine
        <type>: { mandatory, explanation type (notEmptyString)
            <langcode>: <explanationText> mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The
            explanationText may include references to context
            variables in the syntax
            ${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}}.
            Variable names which cannot be resolved are
            replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is
            specified, or by "" if no default is given.
        }
    },
    "contributionAdjustment": { optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will
        automatically fine tune the contribution of the
        engine between contribution and contribution *
        minFactor
        "minFactor": decimal optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0[

```

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}
}

@collEngProps =
{"assetTypes": [string],
  optional, defines the asset types to be used by the
  engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in
  the global context, it is overruled by this
  definition for the given engine. Note that for
  compatibility to earlier releases the asset type
  "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is
  never used by recommendation engines. If
  "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types
  with the exception of "ad" are used.

"name": string,
  required, unique name of the engine
"inputs": [string,...],
  optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input,
  empty list or omitted inputs mean all
  sourceGroups will be used

"assetStores": [<storeid>],
  optional, if defined, all engines for which no
  separate assetStores configuration is provided
  will use the given asset store(s) instead of the
  active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no
  asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to
  provide recommendations from playlists only).

"playlists": [<string>],
  optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the
  given playlists will be used as recommendation
  candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in
  addition to the assets in the active/given
  assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-
  empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists
  configuration for the specific engine.

"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,
  optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of
  the subscriber will be used as recommendation
  candidates too. After resolving into a list of
  playlist IDs this will be merged with the
  directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites
  the global configuration for the specific engine.
  Supported from R5.6.

"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],
  optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in
  The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used
  as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.

"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool,
  optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of
  the subscriber will be used as recommendation
  candidates. After resolving into a list of
  bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the
  directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter".
  Supported from R5.6.

"distinction": decimal,
  optional, range 0..1, default value 0.5. If set to
  a low value, the engine will recommend assets
  which are popular among users similar to the
  subscriber. If set to a high value, the engine
  will prefer assets which are more popular among
  users similar to the subscriber than with other
  users. Supported from R4.8.

"collaborativeLearningLevel": enum
  optional, supported from R5.0, one of "asset",
  "program", "series", default: "asset". This
  parameter defines if the collaborative engine
  shall work at individual asset level, at program
  level (not distinguishing between assets with the
  same program ID), or at series level (not

```

<pre> "minScore": decimal, "minBusinessScore": decimal, "minAge": int, "filter": @genericFilterVar, "excludeOwnRatedItems": enum, "contribution": decimal, "weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], "groupingPriority": enum, "filterOwnSeries": enum, </pre>	<pre> distinguishing between assets with the same seriesId). optional, range [0, 1] optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1 optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used. optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0. optional, one of "none", "asset", from R5.0 also "program" and "series. default="none". If "asset", the collaborative engine will not recommend assets which have been rated by the subscriber itself. If set to program, program and asset IDs are excluded. If set to series, series, program, and asset IDs are excluded. optional, range [0, +inf[optional optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes. optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different </pre>
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behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only.

 <sourceId>: { the sourceId the special window is applicable to

 "start": <timestamp>, optional, absolute start of the window

 "end": <timestamp>, optional, absolute end of the window

 "relativeStart": { optional, relative start of the window

 "origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

<pre> "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> } } </pre>	<p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs.</p> <p>the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used)</p> <p>optional, absolute start of the window</p> <p>optional, absolute end of the window</p> <p>optional, relative start of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, relative end of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1.</p> <p>optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.</p> <p>required, the observation period</p> <p>required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine</p> <p>mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)</p> <p>mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax \${<variableName!"<defaultValue>"}. Variable names which cannot be resolved are</p>
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	replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given.
<pre> } }, "contributionAdjustment": { "minFactor": decimal } } } } </pre>	<p>optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will automatically fine tune the contribution of the engine between contribution and contribution * minFactor</p> <p>optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0[</p>
<pre> @statEngProps = { "statisticalList": enum, "type": enum, "timeWindow": xsd_duration "statisticalListLevel": enum, "assetTypes": [string], "programTypes": [string], "assetFamilies": [string], "subscriberGroupFilter": bool, "name": string, "inputs": [string,...], "assetStores": [<storeid>], </pre>	<p>optional, ID of the statistical list, see Table 6., deprecated from R5.3. If the list ID is specified, list type, timeWindow, and programTypes, and assetFamilies are not allowed.</p> <p>optional, from R5.3, type of the statistical list, allowed values: see Table 7. If type is specified, timeWindow has to be specified, too.</p> <p>optional, from R5.3, time window of the statistical list, mandatory if type/timeWindow are used to specify the statistical list.</p> <p>optional, one of "asset", "program", or "series", default "asset", defines if the statistical asset or program or series lists have to be used. Supported from R5.4.</p> <p>optional, defines the asset types to be included in the statistical list. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.</p> <p>optional, from R5.3, defines the program types to be included in the statistical list. Allowed only if type/timeWindow are used to specify the statistical list.</p> <p>optional, from R5.4, defines the asset families to be included in the statistical list. Allowed only if type/timeWindow are used to specify the statistical list.</p> <p>optional, from R5.6. Ignored if the list type is "latestArrivals". For other list types only the interactions of the subscriber groups the subscriber belongs to will be taken into account.</p> <p>required, unique name of the engine</p> <p>optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used</p> <p>optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to</p>

<p>"playlists": [<string>],</p>	<p>provide recommendations from playlists only). optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p>
<p>"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,</p>	<p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],</p>	<p>optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.</p>
<p>"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool,</p>	<p>optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"minScore": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, 1]</p>
<p>"minBusinessScore": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1</p>
<p>"minAge": int,</p>	<p>optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.</p>
<p>"filter": @genericFilterVar,</p>	<p>optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0</p>
<p>"contribution": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, +inf[</p>
<p>"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...],</p>	<p>optional</p>
<p>"personalization": <enum>,</p>	<p>optional, from R4.5, one of "none" or "subscriber", if set to "subscriber", the results are scored in all profiles of the subscriber. The subscriber ID has to be present in the recommendation request in that case. Default value "none".</p>
<p>"personalizationWeight": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, from R4.5 relative contribution of the preference score wrt the statistical score, range [0:1], default value 1.0.</p>
<p>"groupingPriority": enum,</p>	<p>optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each</p>

series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability start time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

{"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",

<pre> "offset": <duration> }, "relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { <sourceId>: { "start": <timestamp>, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], </pre>	<pre> "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only. the sourceId the special window is applicable to optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs. the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used) optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only </pre>
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availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are
used. This can be replaced or extended by
originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites
the global setting for one engine only. Supported
from R5.1.
"frequencyCapping": {
    optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is
    allowed to recommend the same asset to a
    subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the
    particular engine the global frequencyCapping
    configuration.
    "timeWindow": <duration>,
    required, the observation period
    "cap": <integer>
    required, the maximum number of occurrences of the
    same assetId in recommendations of the same
    subscriber.
},
"customExplanations": {
    optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to
    all recommendations coming from this engine
    <type>: {
    mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)
    <langcode>: <explanationText>
    mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The
    explanationText may include references to context
    variables in the syntax
    ${<variableName!"<defaultValue">"}.
    Variable names which cannot be resolved are
    replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is
    specified, or by "" if no default is given.
    }
},
"contributionAdjustment": {
    optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will
    automatically fine tune the contribution of the
    engine between contribution and contribution *
    minFactor
    "minFactor": decimal
    optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0
},
"randomizationFactor": decimal>=1.0,
    optional, if provided, the engine does not return
    the requested number of assets with highest
    scores, but a random subset of the requested
    number * randomizationFactor highest score
    assets. Supported from R5.0.
}

@modEngProps =
{"assetTypes": [string],
    optional, defines the asset types to be used by the
    engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in
    the global context, it is overruled by this
    definition for the given engine. Note that for
    compatibility to earlier releases the asset type
    "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is
    never used by recommendation engines. If
    "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types
    with the exception of "ad" are used.
    "name": string,
    required, unique name of the engine
    "inputs": [string,...],
    optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input,
    empty list or omitted inputs mean all
    sourceGroups will be used
    "assetStores": [<storeid>],
    optional, if defined, all engines for which no
    separate assetStores configuration is provided
    will use the given asset store(s) instead of the
    active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no

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<p>"playlists": [<string>],</p>	<p>asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only). optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p>
<p>"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,</p>	<p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],</p>	<p>optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.</p>
<p>"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool,</p>	<p>optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"minScore": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, 1]</p>
<p>"minBusinessScore": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1</p>
<p>"minAge": int,</p>	<p>optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.</p>
<p>"filter": @genericFilterVar,</p>	<p>optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.</p>
<p>"contribution": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, +inf[</p>
<p>"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...],</p>	<p>optional</p>
<p>"moderatedList": string,</p>	<p>optional, ID of the moderated list</p>
<p>"moderatedLists": [string],</p>	<p>optional, from R5.0, list of IDs of moderated lists to be used by the engine. All assets of all lists are concatenated into one list. If moderatedList is specified, too, all list IDs in moderatedList and moderatedLists are used together.</p>
<p>"personalization": <enum>,</p>	<p>optional, from R4.5, one of "none" or "subscriber", if set to "subscriber", the results are scored in all profiles of the subscriber. The subscriber ID has to be present in the recommendation request in that case. Default value "none".</p>
<p>"personalizationWeight": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, from R4.5 relative contribution of the preference score wrt the moderated score, range [0:1], default value 1.0.</p>
<p>"groupingPriority": enum,</p>	<p>optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as</p>

firstUnwatchedEpisode),
 "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced"
 (deprecated, same as
 firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode",
 "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival",
 default "businessScore". Determines which
 episodes are first selected to populate each
 series group. By default the assets are selected
 randomly if the business scores of the episodes
 are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore).
 If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected,
 the first not yet watched episode of each series
 are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is
 specified, the first not yet watched episode is
 selected even if there are other episodes with
 higher business scores. firstEpisode and
 lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season /
 episode numbers available, ignoring which of them
 have already been watched. latestArrival /
 earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest /
 latest availability start time to populate the
 group. Only effective if type of items =
 groups and if seriesId is among the grouping
 attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude",
 "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the
 recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber
 already follows (play events are available) or to
 exclude such series IDs from the recommendations.
 In connection with grouping priority different
 behaviors for already followed series and for new
 discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap",
 "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default:
 "overlap". Sets the window of availability type
 or overrides the global setting for the
 particular engine only. See @globalProps for a
 complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative",
 "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the
 window of availability priority or overrides the
 global setting for the particular engine only.
 See @globalProps for a complete description of
 the attribute. Note that engine level window of
 availability always overrides global window of
 availability, the priority attribute only decides
 between absolute and relative windows specified
 at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the
 window of availability start or overrides the
 global setting for the particular engine only.
 See @globalProps for a complete description of
 the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the
 window of availability end or overrides the
 global setting for the particular engine only.
 See @globalProps for a complete description of
 the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time

<pre> {"origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> }, "relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": {"origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { <sourceId>: { "start": <timestamp>, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, </pre>	<p>window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only.</p> <p>the sourceId the special window is applicable to</p> <p>optional, absolute start of the window</p> <p>optional, absolute end of the window</p> <p>optional, relative start of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, relative end of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs.</p> <p>the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used)</p> <p>optional, absolute start of the window</p> <p>optional, absolute end of the window</p> <p>optional, relative start of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, relative end of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p>
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<pre> ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], </pre>	<p>optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1.</p>
<pre> "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, </pre>	<p>optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.</p> <p>required, the observation period</p> <p>required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.</p>
<pre> "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> } }, </pre>	<p>optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine</p> <p>mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)</p> <p>mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax <code>\${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}</code>. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <code><defaultValue></code> if one is specified, or by <code>"</code> if no default is given.</p>
<pre> "contributionAdjustment": { "minFactor": decimal }, "randomizationFactor": decimal>=1.0, } </pre>	<p>optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will automatically fine tune the contribution of the engine between contribution and contribution * minFactor</p> <p>optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0[</p> <p>optional, if provided, the engine does not return the requested number of assets with highest scores, but a random subset of the requested number * randomizationFactor highest score assets. Supported from R5.0.</p>
<pre> @searchEngProps = {"assetTypes": [string], </pre>	<p>optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.</p>
<pre> "name": string, "inputs": [string,...], </pre>	<p>required, unique name of the engine</p> <p>optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input,</p>

	empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used
"assetStores": [<storeid>],	optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only).
"playlists": [<string>],	optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.
"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,	optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.
"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],	optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.
"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool,	optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.
"minScore": decimal,	optional, range [0, 1]
"minBusinessScore": decimal,	optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1
"relativeMinScore": decimal	optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1. If set, only search results with score > relativeMinScore * score of the best result will be returned.
"minAge": int,	optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.
"filter": @genericFilterVar,	optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.
"contribution": decimal,	optional, range [0, +inf[
"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...],	optional
"personalization": enum,	optional, one of "none", "subscriber", default "none". If "subscriber", the search engine returns personalized results (candidate results are determined by the search query, but the scores are obtained using scoring in all profiles of the subscriber). The subscriber ID has to be present in the recommendation request in that case.
"personalization": <enum> ,	optional, from R4.5, one of "none" or "subscriber",

```

    if set to "subscriber", the results are scored in
    all profiles of the subscriber. The
    subscriber ID has to be present in the
    recommendation request in that case. Default
    value "none".
"personalizationWeight": decimal, optional, from R4.5 relative contribution of the
    preference score wrt the similarity score, range
    [0:1], default value 1.0.
"highlighting": bool, optional, if set to true, the response will contain
    asset fragments containing the search term
"highlightingConfig": { optional, highlighting options
    "fragmentSize": int, optional, default = 100, maximum size of the text
    fragment in characters, the fragment will be
    truncated to whole words
    "startTag": string, optional, default "<em>", tag to indicate the
    beginning of the search term in the fragment
    "endTag": string, optional, default "</em>", tag to indicate the
    end of the search term in the fragment
},
"attributeWeights": { optional, allows to limit the asset attributes the
    search is performed in and the boost factor
    (weight) of a hit in the given attribute.
    <attribute>: <decimal>, at least one pair required, <attribute>: asset
    attribute in dot notation. Only the attributes
    which are used by default for searching are
    supported: titles, uiGenres, genreBroad,
    genreMedium, genreFine, originalTitle, keywords,
    categories, persons, subtitles, synopses,
    sourceNames. If the attribute is not a leaf of
    the asset object tree, a wildcard has to be used,
    e.g. persons.* or persons.*.perLanguage.english.
    The weight is a decimal number defining the score
    contribution of a search hit in the given
    attribute.
    ...
},
"autocorrection": boolean, optional, from R5.3, default true, allows to
    disable the automatic correction of typos based
    on phonetic analysis of the query
"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported
    before R5.6, allowed values
    "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode",
    "episode" (deprecated, same as
    firstUnwatchedEpisode),
    "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced"
    (deprecated, same as
    firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode",
    "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival",
    default "businessScore". Determines which
    episodes are first selected to populate each
    series group. By default the assets are selected
    randomly if the business scores of the episodes
    are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore).
    If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected,
    the first not yet watched episode of each series
    are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is
    specified, the first not yet watched episode is
    selected even if there are other episodes with
    higher business scores. firstEpisode and
    lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season /
    episode numbers available, ignoring which of them

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have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",

<pre> "offset": <duration> }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { <sourceId>: { "start": <timestamp>, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, </pre>	<pre> "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only. the sourceId the special window is applicable to optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs. the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used) optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1. optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration. required, the observation period </pre>
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<pre>"cap": <integer></pre>	<p>required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.</p>
<pre>}, "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> } }, "contributionAdjustment": { "minFactor": decimal } }</pre>	<p>optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString) mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax <code>\${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}</code>. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <code><defaultValue></code> if one is specified, or by <code>"</code> if no default is given.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will automatically fine tune the contribution of the engine between contribution and contribution * minFactor</p> <p>optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0[</p>
<pre>@b1ndPrefEngProps = {"assetTypes": [string], "name": string, "inputs": [string,...], "assetStores": [<storeid>], "playlists": [<string>], "subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>, "bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],</pre>	<p>optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.</p> <p>required, unique name of the engine</p> <p>optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used</p> <p>optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only).</p> <p>optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p> <p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.</p> <p>optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in</p>

The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.

"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool, optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.

"contribution": decimal, optional, range [0, +inf[
 "minScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1] . Preference engines ignore the minimum score requirement until the profile becomes active.

"minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1
 "minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.

"filter": @genericFilterVar, optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.

"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional
 "profileBlacklisting": boolean, optional, default = false
 "recordingSuggestion": boolean optional, default = false, if true, recommendation requests will return a flag indicating if the recommendation is suggested to be automatically scheduled by recording devices.

"skipProfileDislikeThreshold": int, optional, from if present, preference engines having no positively rated asset but at least the given number of negatively rated assets in the profile will be skipped by setting their contribution to 0, unless all preference engines would be skipped, in which case the attribute is ignored.

"skipProfileIds": [<string512>], optional, the specified profile IDs are excluded and do not contribute to the blending preference recommendations.

"skipProfileNames": [<string>], optional, the specified profile names are excluded and do not contribute to the blending preference recommendations.

"profileWeights": enum, optional, allowed values "uniform", "numberOfRatings", from R4.5 also "numberOfPositiveRatings", "logENumberOfPositiveRatings", default "uniform". Determines if the contributions of the individual profiles to the list of recommendations are equal (i.e. contribution of the engine / number of not skipped profiles) or weighted based on the number of (all or only positive) ratings in the individual profiles. The logarithmic weight algorithm results in a slower than linear increase of the weight with the number of ratings.

"excludeOwnRatedItems": enum, optional, R4.4, one of "none", "asset", "program", "series", excludes assets/programs/series which have already been rated in the profile from

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recommendations. Default "none".
"contributionAdjustment": { optional, from R4.6, allows to reduce the
                             contribution of the preference engine if the
                             strength of the profile is low. The adjustment is
                             done individually for each profile of the
                             subscriber.
"zeroContributionProfileStrengthLimit": deprecated from R5.0, renamed to
                             minContributionProfileStrengthLimit
"minContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [0:1]. If the
                             profile strength is below this limit, the
                             contribution of the preference engine is set to
                             contribution * minFactor. Negative values are
                             deprecated.
"fullContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [
                             minContributionProfileStrengthLimit, 1]. If the
                             profile strength is above that limit, the
                             contribution is not adjusted. If the profile
                             strength is between the two limit, the
                             contribution is linearly adjusted between zero
                             and the full contribution.
"minFactor": decimal optional, from R5.0, decimal value in range
                             [0.0:1.0[, default value 0.0. Defines the minimum
                             contribution of the engine as minContribution =
                             contribution * minFactor.
},
"randomizationFactor": decimal >= 1.0, optional, if provided, the engine does not return
                             the requested number of assets with highest
                             scores, but a random subset of the requested
                             number * randomizationFactor highest score
                             assets. Supported from R4.7.
"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported
                             before R5.6, allowed values
                             "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode",
                             "episode" (deprecated, same as
                             firstUnwatchedEpisode),
                             "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced"
                             (deprecated, same as
                             firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode",
                             "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival",
                             default "businessScore". Determines which
                             episodes are first selected to populate each
                             series group. By default the assets are selected
                             randomly if the business scores of the episodes
                             are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore).
                             If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected,
                             the first not yet watched episode of each series
                             are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is
                             specified, the first not yet watched episode is
                             selected even if there are other episodes with
                             higher business scores. firstEpisode and
                             lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season /
                             episode numbers available, ignoring which of them
                             have already been watched. latestArrival /
                             earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest /
                             latest availability start time to populate the
                             group. Only effective if type of items =
                             groups and if seriesId is among the grouping
                             attributes.
"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude",

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"includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only.

 <sourceId>: { the sourceId the special window is applicable to

<pre> "start": <timestamp>, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> "customExplanations": { <type>: { </pre>	<pre> optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs. the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used) optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1. optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration. required, the observation period required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber. }, optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString) </pre>
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<pre> <langcode>: <explanationText> } } } @bIndFiltPrefEngProps = { "name": string, "profile": string, "profileName": string, "assetTypes": [string], "inputs": [string,...], "assetStores": [<storeid>], "playlists": [<string>], "subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>, </pre>	<p>mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax <code>\${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}</code>. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <code><defaultValue></code> if one is specified, or by <code>"</code> if no default is given.</p> <p>required, unique name of the engine</p> <p>optional, <code><reference></code> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to one profile ID. The default value of <code>"<engineName>.profile"</code> is used if the profile reference is not specified.</p> <p>optional, <code><reference></code> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to one profileName, which, in connection with the subscriberId uniquely identifies a profile. If the query parameter <code><engineName>.profileName</code> is used as <code><reference></code>, the specification in the context is not necessary. Note that if "profile" is specified in the context or the <code><engineName>.profile</code> query parameter is present in the recommendation request, profileName and <code><engineName>.profileName</code> are ignored.</p> <p>optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.</p> <p>optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used</p> <p>optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only).</p> <p>optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p> <p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of</p>
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playlist IDs this will be merged with the
directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites
the global configuration for the specific engine.
Supported from R5.6.
"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>], optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in
The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used
as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.
"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool, optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of
the subscriber will be used as recommendation
candidates. After resolving into a list of
bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the
directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter".
Supported from R5.6.
"contribution": decimal, optional, range [0, +inf[
"minScore": dcimal, optional, range [0, 1] . Preference engines ignore
the minimum score requirement until the profile
becomes active.
"minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1
"minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum
age will overrule the global minimum age. If
"country" is specified in the global section of
the context, the corresponding age rating will be
used. If "country" is not specified, the highest
minAge of all countries available will be used.
"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional
"profileBlacklisting": boolean, optional, default = false
"recordingSuggestion": boolean optional, default = false, if true, recommendation
requests will return a flag indicating if the
recommendation is suggested to be automatically
scheduled by recording devices.
"excludeOwnRatedItems": enum, optional, one of "none", "asset", "program",
"series", excludes assets/programs/series which
have already been rated in the profile from
recommendations. Default "none".
"contributionAdjustment": { optional, allows to reduce the
contribution of the preference engine if the
strength of the profile is low. The adjustment is
done individually for each profile of the
subscriber.
"minContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [0:1]. If the
profile strength is below this limit, the
contribution of the preference engine is set to
contribution * minFactor. Negative values are
deprecated.
"fullContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range ]
minContributionProfileStrengthLimit, 1]. If the
profile strength is above that limit, the
contribution is not adjusted. If the profile
strength is between the two limit, the
contribution is linearly adjusted between zero
and the full contribution.
"minFactor": decimal optional, decimal value in range
[0.0:1.0[, default value 0.0. Defines the minimum
contribution of the engine as minContribution =
contribution * minFactor.
},
"randomizationFactor": decimal>=1.0, optional, if provided, the engine does not return
the requested number of assets with highest
scores, but a random subset of the requested

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number * randomizationFactor highest score assets. Supported from R4.7.

"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

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"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, default +infinity. Sets the
window of availability end or overrides the
global setting for the particular engine only.
See @globalProps for a complete description of
the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, defines the relative time
window in which recommendations shall be
available. Sets the relative window of
availability start or overrides the global
setting for the particular engine only. See
@globalProps for a complete description of the
attribute.

  {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    "startOfWeek"
    "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
  },
"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, defines the relative time
window in which recommendations shall be
available. Sets the relative window of
availability start or overrides the global
setting for the particular engine only. See
@globalProps for a complete description of the
attribute.

  {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
    "startOfWeek"
    "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
  },
"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { optional, overrules the generic window
of availability definition for selected source
IDs for the particular engine only.
  <sourceId>: { the sourceId the special window is applicable to
    "start": <timestamp>, optional, absolute start of the window
    "end": <timestamp>, optional, absolute end of the window
    "relativeStart": { optional, relative start of the window
      "origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
        "startOfWeek"
      "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
    }
    "relativeEnd": { optional, relative end of the window
      "origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
        "startOfWeek"
      "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format
    }
  },
  ...
},
"windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the
generic window of availability definition for
selected source group IDs.
  <sourceGroupId>: { the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable
to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both
used)
    "start": timestamp, optional, absolute start of the window
    "end": <timestamp>, optional, absolute end of the window
    "relativeStart": { optional, relative start of the window
      "origin": enum, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
        "startOfWeek"
      "offset": duration required, offset in XSD duration format
    }
  }
}

```

```

    "relativeEnd": {
      "origin": enum,
      "offset": duration
    },
    ...
  },
  "availabilityWindows": [<enum>],
  "frequencyCapping": {
    "timeWindow": <duration>,
    "cap": <integer>
  },
  "segments": [
    {
      "name": <string>,
      "filter": @genericFilterVar,
      "customExplanations": {
        <type>: {
          <langcode>: <explanationText>
        }
      }
    },
    "skipSegmentDislikeThreshold": int,

```

optional, relative end of the window
required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"
required, offset in XSD duration format

optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only.

optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.

required, the observation period
required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.

mandatory, list of segment definitions. The blending filter preference engine serves recommendations from different segments of one preference profile. The segments are primarily defined by a generic filter specifying which assets belong to the segment.

mandatory, the name of the segment
mandatory, defines the segment in generic filter syntax. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables. all recommendations coming from this segment
mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)
mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax `${<variableName!"<defaultValue>"}`. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given.

optional, if present, segments having no positively rated asset but at least the given number of negatively rated assets in the profile will be skipped by setting their contribution to 0, unless all segments would be skipped, in which case the attribute is ignored.

```

"segmentWeights": enum,
    optional, allowed values "uniform",
    "numberOfRatings", "numberOfPositiveRatings",
    "logENumberOfPositiveRatings", default "uniform".
    Determines if the contributions of the individual
    segments to the list of recommendations are equal
    (i.e. contribution of the engine / number of not
    skipped segments) or weighted based on the number
    of (all or of only positive) ratings matching the
    segment. The logarithmic weight
    algorithm results in a slower than linear
    increase of the weight with the number of
    ratings. Note that the weight algorithm only
    works exactly if the segment filters contain
    programType, genreBroad, genreMedium, and
    genreFine criteria. In all other cases the number
    of ratings matching the segment will be
    approximated.
}

@collSimEngProps =
{"assetTypes": [string],
    optional, defines the asset types to be used by the
    engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in
    the global context, it is overruled by this
    definition for the given engine. Note that for
    compatibility to earlier releases the asset type
    "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is
    never used by recommendation engines. If
    "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types
    with the exception of "ad" are used.
    required, unique name of the engine
    optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input,
    empty list or omitted inputs mean all
    sourceGroups will be used
    optional, if defined, all engines for which no
    separate assetStores configuration is provided
    will use the given asset store(s) instead of the
    active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no
    asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to
    provide recommendations from playlists only).
    optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the
    given playlists will be used as recommendation
    candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in
    addition to the assets in the active/given
    assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-
    empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists
    configuration for the specific engine.
    optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of
    the subscriber will be used as recommendation
    candidates too. After resolving into a list of
    playlist IDs this will be merged with the
    directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites
    the global configuration for the specific engine.
    Supported from R5.6.
    optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in
    The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used
    as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.
    optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of
    the subscriber will be used as recommendation
    candidates. After resolving into a list of

```

bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.

"minScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1]

"minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1

"minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.

"filter": @genericFilterVar, optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0

"contribution": decimal, optional, range [0, +inf[

"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional

"seed": string, optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL identifying the seed asset to be used. The default value of "<engineName>.seed" is used if the seed reference is not specified. If seed and seeds are both provided, the union of both is used.

"seeds": string, optional, from R5.6, <reference> from the recommendation request URL identifying the seed assets to be used. The default value of "<engineName>.seeds" is used if seeds is omitted. If seed and seeds are both specified, all the asset IDs are used.

"excludeSeed": enum, optional, one of "none", "asset", "program", "series", default: "asset", defines if only the seed asset, all assets with the same program ID as the seed, or all assets with the same series ID as the seed shall be excluded from Recommendations

"collaborativeLearningLevel": enum optional, supported from R5.0, one of "assetId", "programId", "seriesId", default: "assetId". This parameter defines if the collaborative engine shall work at individual asset level, at program level (not distinguishing between assets with the same program ID), or at series level (not distinguishing between assets with the same seriesId).

"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected,

the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the reletive window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

 {"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

 "offset": <duration> required, offset in XSD duration format

 },

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time

<pre> {"origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { <sourceId>: { "start": <timestamp>, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], </pre>	<p>window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only.</p> <p>the sourceId the special window is applicable to</p> <p>optional, absolute start of the window</p> <p>optional, absolute end of the window</p> <p>optional, relative start of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, relative end of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs.</p> <p>the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used)</p> <p>optional, absolute start of the window</p> <p>optional, absolute end of the window</p> <p>optional, relative start of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, relative end of the window</p> <p>required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"</p> <p>required, offset in XSD duration format</p> <p>optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported</p>
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<pre> "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> } }, "contributionAdjustment": { "minFactor": decimal } } @customScoreEngProps = {"assetTypes": [string], "name": string, "inputs": [string,...], "assetStores": [<storeid>], "playlists": [<string>], "subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>, </pre>	<p>from R5.1.</p> <p>optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.</p> <p>required, the observation period</p> <p>required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine</p> <p>mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString)</p> <p>mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax <code>\${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}</code>. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, if present, Ncanto will automatically fine tune the contribution of the engine between contribution and contribution * minFactor</p> <p>optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0]</p> <p>optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.</p> <p>required, unique name of the engine</p> <p>optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used</p> <p>optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only).</p> <p>optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p> <p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of</p>
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the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.

"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>], optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.

"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool, optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.

"contribution": decimal, optional, range [0, +inf[
 "minScore": dcimal, optional, range [0, 1]. Preference engines ignore the minimum score requirement until the profile becomes active.

"minBusinessScore": decimal, optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1
 "minAge": int, optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.

"filter": @genericFilterVar, optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables.

"scoreFunctions": [
 {
 "trigger": enum, required, define the custom score of the recommendations returned by the engine. The sum of the scores of all functions is used. required, one of "remainingAvailability", "elapsedAvailability" or any leaf attribute of the asset. Triggers have to be provided in dot notation and have to point to a leaf node of the asset. Branch nodes are silently ignored. Only one weight function per trigger is allowed

"nodes": [
 {
 "triggerValue": custom, required, all attributes requiring numeric trigger values are listed in the table below. triggerValue has to be unique for each node, multiple nodes with the same triggerValue are not allowed. For non-numeric triggers string and boolean values are expected. If the trigger attribute is multi-valued (e.g. genreBroad), multiple values may match a trigger value and the weights will be accumulated.

"weight": decimal, required, value of the weight function at the given triggerValue

}]
],
 "weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional
 "contributionAdjustment": { optional,if present, Ncanto will

```

        automatically fine tune the contribution of the
        engine between contribution and contribution *
        minFactor
    "minFactor": decimal optional, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0[
    },
    "randomizationFactor": decimal>=1.0, optional, if provided, the engine does not return
        the requested number of assets with highest
        scores, but a random subset of the requested
        number * randomizationFactor highest score
        assets.
    "groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported
        before R5.6, allowed values
        "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode",
        "episode" (deprecated, same as
        firstUnwatchedEpisode),
        "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced"
        (deprecated, same as
        firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode",
        "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival",
        default "businessScore". Determines which
        episodes are first selected to populate each
        series group. By default the assets are selected
        randomly if the business scores of the episodes
        are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore).
        If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected,
        the first not yet watched episode of each series
        are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is
        specified, the first not yet watched episode is
        selected even if there are other episodes with
        higher business scores. firstEpisode and
        lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season /
        episode numbers available, ignoring which of them
        have already been watched. latestArrival /
        earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest /
        latest availability star time to populate the
        group. Only effective if type of items =
        groups and if seriesId is among the grouping
        attributes.
    "filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude",
        "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the
        recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber
        already follows (play events are available) or to
        exclude such series IDs from the recommendations.
        In connection with grouping priority different
        behaviors for already followed series and for new
        discoveries can be configured.
    "windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, one of "overlap",
        "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default:
        "overlap". Sets the window of availability type
        or overrides the global setting for the
        particular engine only. See @globalProps for a
        complete description of the attribute.
    "windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, allowed values "relative",
        "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the
        window of availability priority or overrides the
        global setting for the particular engine only.
        See @globalProps for a complete description of
        the attribute. Note that engine level window of
        availability always overrides global window of
    
```

availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

```

    {"origin": <enum>,
      "offset": <duration>
    },
    "relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, defines the relative time
    window in which recommendations shall be
    available. Sets the relative window of
    availability start or overrides the global
    setting for the particular engine only. See
    @globalProps for a complete description of the
    attribute.
    {"origin": <enum>,
      "offset": <duration>
    },
    "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": {
      <sourceId>: {
        "start": <timestamp>,
        "end": <timestamp>,
        "relativeStart": {
          "origin": <enum>,
            "offset": <duration>
        }
        "relativeEnd": {
          "origin": <enum>,
            "offset": <duration>
        }
      },
      ...
    },
    "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the
    generic window of availability definition for
    selected source group IDs.
    <sourceGroupId>: {
    the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable
    to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both
  
```

<pre> "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, "customExplanations": { <type>: { <langcode>: <explanationText> } } } } </pre>	<pre> used) optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. optional, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration. required, the observation period required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber. optional, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine mandatory, explanation type (nonEmptyString) mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax \${<variableName!"<defaultValue>"}. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given. optional, defines the asset types to be used by the engine. If there is an assetTypes definition in the global context, it is overruled by this definition for the given engine. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used. </pre>
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<p>"name": string, "inputs": [string,...],</p>	<p>required, unique name of the engine optional, list of sourceGroupIds used as input, empty list or omitted inputs mean all sourceGroups will be used</p>
<p>"assetStores": [<storeid>],</p>	<p>optional, if defined, all engines for which no separate assetStores configuration is provided will use the given asset store(s) instead of the active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only).</p>
<p>"playlists": [<string>],</p>	<p>optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty). Overwrites global assetStores/playlists configuration for the specific engine.</p>
<p>"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,</p>	<p>optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates too. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Overwrites the global configuration for the specific engine. Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],</p>	<p>optional, list of bookmark list IDs. The assets in The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. From R5.1.</p>
<p>"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool,</p>	<p>optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Supported from R5.6.</p>
<p>"contribution": decimal, "minScore": decimal,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, +inf[optional, range [0, 1]. Preference engines ignore the minimum score requirement until the profile becomes active.</p>
<p>"minBusinessScore": decimal, "minAge": int,</p>	<p>optional, range [0, 1], supported from R5.1 optional, if defined, the engine specific minimum age will overrule the global minimum age. If "country" is specified in the global section of the context, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used.</p>
<p>"filter": @genericFilterVar,</p>	<p>optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. If a filter is present in the global section of the context too, the two filters will be intersected. Supports variables from R5.0.</p>
<p>"ratedAssetIds": string,</p>	<p>optional, <reference> from the recommendation request URL corresponding to the list of rated asset IDs. The default value of "<engineName>.ratedAssetIds" is used if not specified. The format of the query parameter value is [{"assetId": string, "rating": decimal}]. Note that a 400 exception is thrown if any of the asset IDs is not present in the active store, unless errorTolerance is set to true.</p>
<p>"errorTolerance": boolean,</p>	<p>optional, if true, the recommendation request will</p>

silently ignore if any of the rated asset IDs is missing from the active store.

"weightFunctions":[@weightFunction,...], optional

"recordingSuggestion": boolean optional, default = false, if true, recommendation requests will return a flag indicating if the recommendation is suggested to be automatically scheduled by recording devices.

"skipProfileDislikeThreshold": int, optional, if present, preference engines having no positively rated asset but at least the given number of negatively rated assets in the profile will be skipped by setting their contribution to 0, unless all preference engines would be skipped, in which case the attribute is ignored.

"excludeOwnRatedItems": enum, optional, R4.4, one of "none", "asset", "program", "series", excludes assets/programs/series which have already been rated in the profile from recommendations. Default "none". If set to program, program and asset IDs are excluded. If set to series, series, program, and asset IDs are excluded.

"contributionAdjustment": { optional, from R4.6, allows to reduce the contribution of the preference engine if the strength of the profile is low.

 "zeroContributionProfileStrengthLimit": deprecated from R5.0, renamed to minContributionProfileStrengthLimit

 "minContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [0:1]. If the profile strength is below this limit, the contribution of the preference engine is set to contribution * minFactor. Negative values are deprecated.

 "fullContributionProfileStrengthLimit": decimal, required, range [minContributionProfileStrengthLimit, 1]. If the profile strength is above that limit, the contribution is not adjusted. If the profile strength is between the two limit, the contribution is linearly adjusted between zero and the full contribution.

 "minFactor": decimal optional, from R5.0, decimal value in range [0.0:1.0[, default value 0.0. Defines the minimum contribution of the engine as minContribution = contribution * minFactor.

},

"randomizationFactor": decimal>=1.0, optional, if provided, the engine does not return the requested number of assets with highest scores, but a random subset of the requested number * randomizationFactor highest score assets. Supported from R4.7.

"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected

randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability star time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes.

"filterOwnSeries": enum, optional, allowed values "none"(R5.3), "exclude", "includeOnly". This parameter allows to limit the recommendations to seriesIds which the subscriber already follows (play events are available) or to exclude such series IDs from the recommendations. In connection with grouping priority different behaviors for already followed series and for new discoveries can be configured.

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, from R5.0, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Sets the window of availability type or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, from R5.0, allowed values "relative", "tightest", default value "relative". Sets the window of availability priority or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. Note that engine level window of availability always overrides global window of availability, the priority attribute only decides between absolute and relative windows specified at the same level.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default -infinity. Sets the window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, from R5.0, default +infinity. Sets the window of availability end or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute.

{"origin": <enum>, required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)

<pre> "offset": <duration> }, "relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": { <sourceId>: { "start": <timestamp>, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } "relativeEnd": { "origin": <enum>, "offset": <duration> } }, ... }, "windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { <sourceGroupId>: { "start": timestamp, "end": <timestamp>, "relativeStart": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], </pre>	<pre> required, offset in XSD duration format optional, from R5.0, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available. Sets the relative window of availability start or overrides the global setting for the particular engine only. See @globalProps for a complete description of the attribute. required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, from R5.0, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs for the particular engine only. the sourceId the special window is applicable to optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0) required, offset in XSD duration format {optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs. the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used) optional, absolute start of the window optional, absolute end of the window optional, relative start of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are </pre>
--	---

```

"frequencyCapping": {
    "timeWindow": <duration>,
    "cap": <integer>
},
"customExplanations": {
    <type>: {
        <langcode>: <explanationText>
    }
}

@adTargetingProps =
{"algorithm": enum,
"adFrequency": decimal,
"adPools": [string],
"assetTypes": [string],
"adAnnotation": string
}

@globalProps =
{"assetTypes": [string],
"grouping": enum,
"groupingAttributes": [string],

```

used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Overwrites the global setting for one engine only. Supported from R5.1.

optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Overrides for the particular engine the global frequencyCapping configuration.

required, the observation period

required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber.

optional, from R5.0, custom explanations applied to all recommendations coming from this engine

mandatory, explanation type (notEmptyString)

mandatory, language / explanation text pairs. The explanationText may include references to context variables in the syntax ``${<variableName!"<defaultValue">}``. Variable names which cannot be resolved are replaced by the <defaultValue> if one is specified, or by "" if no default is given.

optional, one of "similarity" or "preference" or "similarity+preference"

optional, range [0, 1]

optional, list of adPool IDs

optional, defines the asset types which in addition to assetType="ad" are considered as advertising assets too. For compatibility with earlier releases assetType="ad" is always used for ad targeting.

optional, annotationId to be applied to advertising. If not defined, the global annotation will be used.

optional, defines the asset types to be used by all engines. The global asset type setting may be overruled for individual engines in the engine specific section of the context. Note that for compatibility to earlier releases the asset type "ad" is reserved for advertising assets and is never used by recommendation engines. If "assetTypes" is not specified, all asset types with the exception of "ad" are used.

optional, one of "none", "program", "series", default="none", deprecated from R4.6

optional, list of asset attribute names in dot notation. The first attribute that is present in an asset will define the asset's group. Only leaf attributes are supported, no wildcards. Use

"groupingAttributes":["seriesId","programId"] as replacement of the deprecated "grouping":"series" configuration. Supported from R4.6. Overrides "grouping" if both are present in the context.

"groupingPriority": enum, optional, only episode & episodeForced supported before R5.6, allowed values "businessScore", "firstUnwatchedEpisode", "episode" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisode), "firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced", "episodeForced" (deprecated, same as firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced), "firstEpisode", "lastEpisode", "latestArrival", "earliestArrival", default "businessScore". Determines which episodes are first selected to populate each series group. By default the assets are selected randomly if the business scores of the episodes are identical (groupingPriority=businessScore). If firstUnwatchedEpisode priority is selected, the first not yet watched episode of each series are used. If firstUnwatchedEpisodeForced is specified, the first not yet watched episode is selected even if there are other episodes with higher business scores. firstEpisode and lastEpisode use the lowest / highest season / episode numbers available, ignoring which of them have already been watched. latestArrival / earliestArrival use the episodes with earliest / latest availability start time to populate the group. Only effective if type of items = groups and if seriesId is among the grouping attributes. This setting is used for all engines which don't have their own groupingPriority setting. An engine level setting overrides the global setting for that particular engine.

"stackedGroups": boolean, optional, from R5.3, if true, the assets belonging to a group are stacked into the first recommendation object of the group instead of a flat list of the recommendations. Allowed only if typeOfItems==groups.

"numberOfItems":int, optional, number of items to be returned

"typeOfItems": enum, optional, one of "assets", "groups", default = "assets"

"maxGroupSize": int, optional, defines the max. No. of assets per group, ignored if typeOfItems = assets

"windowOfAvailabilityType": enum, optional, one of "overlap", "strictStart", "strictEnd", "strict", default: "overlap". Defines the interpretation of window of availability and relative window of availability. If set to overlap, any overlap between the asset's availability and the specified window of availability will be allowed. If set to "strictStart" or "strictEnd", the availability start / end of the asset has to lie within the specified window of availability. If set to "strict", both the asset's availability start and also availability end have to lie within the specified window of availability.

"windowOfAvailabilityPriority": <enum>, optional, allowed values "relative", "tightest",

default value "relative". Relative means that if a relative window is specified, it overrides an absolute window. Thightest means that the more stringent of the relative and the absolute limits is used. Applies to the generic as well as to the per source window of availability. Only applies to global availability windows, an absolute availability window defined at engine level will overwrite a global relative availability window even if windowOfAvailabilityPriority=relative.

"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, default -infinity, defines the absolute time window in which results shall be available.

"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, default +infinity, defines the absolute time window in which results shall be available.

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available.

```

    {"origin": <enum>,
      "offset": <duration>
    },

```

required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, defines the relative time window in which recommendations shall be available.

```

    {"origin": <enum>,
      "offset": <duration>
    },

```

required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

"windowOfAvailabilityPerSource": {

```

    <sourceId>: {
      "start": <timestamp>,
      "end": <timestamp>,
      "relativeStart": {
        "origin": <enum>,
        "offset": <duration>
      }
    }
    "relativeEnd": {
      "origin": <enum>,
      "offset": <duration>
    }
  },
  ...

```

optional, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source IDs.
the sourceId the special window is applicable to
optional, absolute start of the window
optional, absolute end of the window
optional, relative start of the window
required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

optional, relative end of the window
required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" (R5.0)
required, offset in XSD duration format

},

"windowOfAvailabilityPerSourceGroup": { optional, supported from R5.6, overrules the generic window of availability definition for selected source group IDs.

```

    <sourceGroupId>: {
      "start": timestamp,
      "end": <timestamp>,
      "relativeStart": {
        "origin": enum,

```

the sourceGroupId the special window is applicable to (sourceGroupId and sourceGroupIds are both used)
optional, absolute start of the window
optional, absolute end of the window
optional, relative start of the window
required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek"

<pre> "offset": duration } "relativeEnd": { "origin": enum, "offset": duration } }, ... }, "availabilityWindows": [<enum>], </pre>	<pre> required, offset in XSD duration format optional, relative end of the window required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay", "startOfWeek" required, offset in XSD duration format </pre>
<pre> "frequencyCapping": { "timeWindow": <duration>, "cap": <integer> }, "country": string, "language": langCode "languages": { "sequence": [langCode], "count": int }, "fallbackLanguages": { "sequence": [langCode], "count": int }, </pre>	<pre> optional, allowed values: "originalStartEndTime" or "availabilityStartEndTime", default value ["availabilityStartEndTime"]. Defines which asset attribute pairs determine the asset's availability. By default only availabilityStartTime / availabilityEndTime are used. This can be replaced or extended by originalStartTime / originalEndTime. Global setting applicable to all engines without engine specific availabilityWindows. Supported from R5.1. optional, from R5.4, limits how often Ncanto is allowed to recommend the same asset to a subscriber in a time period. Global configuration applying to all engines which don't have their own frequency cap. required, the observation period required, the maximum number of occurrences of the same assetId in recommendations of the same subscriber. optional, used to select the desired age rating optional, determines the language of annotations and explanations. If language is present, "languages" and "fallbackLanguages" are ignored and the legacy behavior applies: all language maps are filtered to the single language desired, if that is not available an empty object is returned and no fallbacks apply. optional, from R4.5, ignored if "language" is given required, the first available <count> languages from the list are included in the response. If none of the languages is available in the metadata, the "fallbackLanguages" are used. required, optional, from R4.5, ignored if "language" is given required, the first available <count> languages from the list are included in the response if none of the preferred languages is available in the metadata. If none of the fallbackLanguages is available in the metadata, the defaultLanguage of the asset is used. If the asset has no defaultLanguage or if the defaultLanguage is not available, no language filtering is done at all, all available languages are returned. required, </pre>

<p>"minAge":int,</p>	<p>optional, if "country" is specified, the corresponding age rating will be used. If "country" is not specified, the highest minAge of all countries available will be used. Note that the global minAge limit may be overruled by per-engine minAge values.</p>
<p>"filter": @genericFilterVar</p>	<p>optional, allows to filter recommendations to any asset attribute value. Supports variables from R5.0.</p>
<p>"subscriberBlacklisting": boolean,</p>	<p>optional, default = false. If subscriberBlacklisting is enabled, the subscriber ID becomes a required parameter of the recommendation request</p>
<p>"sorting": enum,</p>	<p>optional default = "byScore", supported values: "byScore", "byTime", "byLineup", "byEpisode", "byEngine", "byGroupMaxScore", "byBusinessScore", "byRecordingSuggestion", "multi", or any asset attribute in dot notation. From R4.8 "random" is supported too. See Section 2.3.6 for details. You can change the sorting direction using sorting=multi.</p>
<p>"multiSorting": [@sortingCriterion],</p>	<p>required if "sorting"="multi", ignored otherwise</p>
<p>"annotation": string,</p>	<p>optional, annotationId to be applied to all asset types. Default: only assetId is returned.</p>
<p>"annotationAttributes":[string],</p>	<p>optional, list of asset attributes in dot notation, will be merged with "annotation" if both are present</p>
<p>"conditionalAnnotationAttributes":[@condAnn],</p>	<p>optional, list of conditional annotation attributes, see Section 3.10.1, will be merged with "annotation" if both are present</p>
<p>"annotationPerAssetType": { ... }</p>	<p>optional, individual <assetType>: string, annotations per asset type. If present, the global annotation is selectively overruled for the corresponding asset types.</p>
<p>"entitlement":[string,...],</p>	<p>optional, list of entitlements, empty list means all sources will be used. If provided, an entitlement defined here overrules the default entitlement of the subscriber. The union of entitlement, entitlementSources, entitlementSourceGroups, and entitlementFilter is used.</p>
<p>"entitlementSources": [string],</p>	<p>optional, list of source IDs to be used as entitlement. If provided, an entitlement defined here overrules the default entitlement of the subscriber. The union of entitlement, entitlementSources, entitlementSourceGroups, and entitlementFilter is used.</p>
<p>"entitlementSourceGroups": [string],</p>	<p>optional, list of sourceGroup IDs to be used as entitlement. If provided, an entitlement defined here overrules the default entitlement of the subscriber. The union of entitlement, entitlementSources, entitlementSourceGroups, and entitlementFilter is used.</p>
<p>"entitlementFilter": @genericFilter</p>	<p>optional, from R4.6, generic filter expression defining the entitlement. If provided, an entitlement defined here overrules the default entitlement of the subscriber. The union of</p>

```

entitlement, entitlementSources,
entitlementSourceGroups, and entitlementFilter is
used.
"sourceLineupName": string, optional, reference to one of the subscriber's
source lineups. If byLineup is one of the sorting
criteria, either sourceLineupName or sourceLineup
has to be specified.
"sourceLineup": [sourceId], optional, list of source IDs to be used for
sorting. If byLineup is one of the sorting
criteria, either sourceLineupName or sourceLineup
has to be specified. If both are present,
sourceLineup overrules sourceLineupName.
"lineupFilter": { optional, if present, the results are filtered to
(a subset of) the lineup filter defined by
sourceLineupName or sourceLineup. Supported from
R4.7.
  "startIndex": int, optional, default 0, specifies the index of the
first sourceId in the lineup which should be
included in the results
  "endIndex": int optional, default infinity, specifies the index of
the last sourceId in the lineup which should be
included in the results
},
"device": [string,...], optional, list of device identifiers
"timeZone": timezone, optional, time zone of the client used to evaluate
time of day based business rules
"maxExplanationLevel": int, optional, default = 1,
determines the depth of explanations to be
returned, deprecated from R4.6.
"explanationConfig": { optional, supported from R4.6, if present,
maxExplanationLevel is ignored
  "language": <langcode>, optional, the desired language of the explanation.
If missing, the first metadataLanguage is used,
or the default language English
  "types": [<type_enum>], optional, any of "engine", "reference", "feature".
"engine" returns basic explanations about the
algorithm used to provide the recommendation.
"reference" returns information about a reference
object used by the engine, e.g. which profile or
which seed asset was used. "feature" is only used
by preference and similarity engines and returns
the asset features which resulted in the
recpmmendation. From R5.0 the custom explanation
types defined in customExplanations are allowed
values, too.
  "metadataLanguages": [<langcode>] optional, preferred language of the asset
attributes used in the explanation. If missing
the first available language from the global
context's "language", "languages" or
"fallbackLanguages" will be used. If none of the
languages is available in the asset, the IDs and
canonical names will be used.
},
"assetIds": [<string512>], optional, if provided, the request will filter the
response to the given list of asset IDs.
"assetStores": [<storeid>], optional, if defined, all engines for which no
separate assetStores configuration is provided
will use the given asset store(s) instead of the
active asset store(s). If the list is empty, no

```

```

"playlists": [<string>],
"subscriberPlaylists": <boolean>,
"bookmarkListFilter": [<string>],
"subscriberBookmarkListFilter": bool,
"setting": {
  "timeOfDayBin": <string>,
  "timeOfWeekBin": <string>,
  "device": <string>,
  "locationBin": <string>,
  "moodBin": <string>,
  "activity": <string>,
  "autoTimeOfDayBin": {
    <offsetFrom>: <binName>
  },
  "autoTimeOfWeekBin": {
    <offsetFrom>: <binName>
  }
},
"filterFacets": {
  <attribute>: <count>
}
}

```

asset store will be used (this is useful e.g. to provide recommendations from playlists only). optional, list of playlist IDs. The assets on the given playlists will be used as recommendation candidates (exclusively if assetStores=[], in addition to the assets in the active/given assetStores if assetStores is missing or non-empty) for all engines for which no separate playlists/assetStores configuration is provided. optional, if true, all assets in all playlists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of playlist IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "playlists". Supported from R4.3.

The given bookmark lists will be exclusively used as recommendation candidates. Only valid for engines without their own bookmarkList specification. From R5.6.

optional, only the assets in all bookmark lists of the subscriber will be used as recommendation candidates. After resolving into a list of bookmark list IDs this will be merged with the directly specified IDs in "bookmarkListFilter". Only valid for engines without their own bookmarkList specification. Supported from R5.6.

optional, viewing setting the recommendations are requested for

optional, e.g. "morning", "evening"

optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend"

optional, the device used

optional, e.g. "home", "work"

optional, e.g. "happy", "sad"

optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing"

optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair

optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair

optional, from R4.4, returns the specified number of attribute values of the given asset attributes.

leaf attribute of @asset in dot notation: number of values to be returned (0=unlimited)

Only leaf attribute names without wildcards are supported, branch attributes and attributes including wildcards are ignored.

@weightFunction =

```

{"trigger": enum,
  "type": enum,
  "nodes": [
    {"triggerValue": custom,
      "weight": decimal,
    },...
  ]
}

```

required, one of "remainingAvailability", "elapsedAvailability", "profitability", "priceBin", "communityRating". Starting from R4.5 also "communityViewCount", "communityShareCount", "communityTrendScore", "productionYearFirst", "productionYearLast", "durationSeconds", "leaseDurationMinutes", "viewCount", "lightness", "pace". Starting from R4.5 any non-numeric leaf attribute is supported as "discrete weight function" to boost individual values of the trigger attribute. Triggers have to be provided in dot notation and have to point to a leaf node of the asset. Branch nodes are silently ignored. Only one weight function per trigger is allowed

required, one of "multiplicative", "additive". "additive" is deprecated from R4.7. Because score normalization in similarity, search, social, and posting engines takes place after business scoring, the actually applied weights may be smaller than specified for those engines.

required, all attributes requiring numeric trigger values are listed in the table below. triggerValue has to be unique for each node, multiple nodes with the same triggerValue are not allowed. For non-numeric triggers string and boolean values are expected. If the trigger attribute is multi-valued (e.g. genreBroad), multiple trigger values may be matched and the weights will be accumulated.

required, value of the weight function at the given triggerValue

trigger	trigger value definition and unit
remainingAvailability	time until availabilityEndTime in seconds. (note that multiple availability windows are not considered)
elapsedAvailability	time since availabilityStartTime in seconds (note that multiple availability windows are not considered)
profitability	customer defined, same as used in @asset
priceBin	Discrete price bin values 0="free", 1="cheap", 2="inexpensive", 3="not too expensive", 4="premium", 5="expensive"
communityRating	Average rating of the whole user base, decimal value in range [0:1]
communityViewCount	Total number of "play" interactions registered for the asset. Integer value in range [0, infinity[
communityShareCount	Total number of "share" interactions registered for the asset. Integer value in range [0, infinity[
communityTrendScore	Trend score of the asset, decimal value in range [0:1]
productionYearFirst	Integer
productionYearLast	Integer
durationSeconds	Non-negative integer
leaseDurationMinutes	Non-negative integer
viewCount	Non-negative integer
lightness	Decimal in range [0:1]
pace	Decimal in range [0:1]

<pre> @genericFilterVar = { "term": string, "value": string, "variable": string, "values": [string], "variables": [string], "operator": enum, "criteria": [@genericFilter] } </pre>	<p>optional, name of the asset attribute, e.g. "uiGenre.<type>.<lang>". All asset attributes are supported. If term is specified, the filter consists of one single criterion and a value has to be specified.</p> <p>required if "term" is defined and operator is not "in", "exists", or "notExists", value of the asset attribute, not allowed if operator is "in", "exists", "notExists". Used as fallback in case a "variable" is defined but returns null.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, only supported by recommendation requests, name of the variable the value of which should be substituted by Ncanto.</p> <p>required if "term" is defined and "operator"="in", not allowed for other operators, supported from R4.0". Used as fallback in case "variables" is defined but returns a list of all nulls.</p> <p>optional, from R5.0, list of variables the values of which should be substituted by Ncanto. Only supported by recommendation requests.</p> <p>optional, one of "and", "nestedAnd", "or", "equals", "notEquals", "contains", "notContains", "atMost", "atLeast", "smaller", "larger", "in", "exists", "notExists". If operator is one of "and", "nestedAnd" (R4.6), "or": "criteria" have to be specified. If "operator" is one of "equals", "notEquals", "contains", "notContains", "atMost", "atLeast", "smaller", "larger": "term" and "value" have to be specified. If operator is "in": "term" and "values" have to be specified. If operator is "exists", "notExists": "term" has to be specified. If "operator" is missing, the default value "equals" is assumed. The allowed combinations of "term" and "operator" are listed in Table 1. Note that "notEquals" returns true if the given metadata attribute is not present at all.</p> <p>required if "operator" equals "and", "nestedAnd", or "or".</p>
<pre> @sortingCriterion = {"criterion":enum, "condition": @genericFilter, "direction": enum, </pre>	<p>required, one of "byScore", "byTime", "byLineup", "byEpisode", "byEngine", "byGroupMaxScore", "byBusinessScore". Any asset attribute in dot notation is supported too. See Section 2.3.6 for details. From R4.8 "random" sorting is supported.</p> <p>optional, from R4.6. If the criterion points to a list of objects with nested mapping the condition may be used to select which element of the list should be used for sorting. Please note that this only applies to data structures inside customProperties and clientCustomProperties, and that nested mapping has to be configured by XroadMedia personnel.</p> <p>optional, one of "ascending", "descending", default value of criterion used if missing, see Section</p>

```

"sequence": [string]
}

@condAnn =
{<attribute>:<@genericFilter,
}

```

2.3.6 for details.

optional, supported from R4.5, Values in the sorting sequence are always sorted to the beginning of the result list, in the order of their appearance in the sequence. The remaining values are sorted according to the specified direction. Note that the sorting sequence only works for single value leaf attributes.

at least one attribute:critierion pair required
 <attribute>: asset attribute name in dot notation
 @genericFilter: condition which has to be met for the attribute to be returned, syntax see above. Note that the "and" operator does not make sense in an anotation condition, it is interpreted as an equivalent of "nestedAnd" in annotation conditions, i.e. the condition is applied to each element of a list individually.

3.16.2 Retrieve one or multiple Context(s)

GET	/context/<contextId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	contextId not found
response	@context	

GET	/context?count=<no_of_contexts>&startAfter=<contextId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@context] Contexts are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

To retrieve context IDs only (instead of full contexts) the `idsOnly` parameter has to be added to the request:

GET	/context?idsOnly=true&count=<no_of_contexts>&startAfter=<contextId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[<contextId>] Context IDs are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.16.3 Delete a Context

DELETE	/context/<contextId>	
result	204 OK	Request successful

3.16.4 Context Example

The example below shows a typical context of Ncanto.

```

{
  "contextId": "default",
  "rules": [
    {
      "title": "basic engine config",
      "then": {
        "global": {
          "grouping": "none",
          "numberOfItems": 20,
          "typeOfItems": "assets",
          "windowOfAvailabilityStart": "",
          "windowOfAvailabilityEnd": "",
          "sorting": "byScore",
          "country": "deu",
          "minAge": 16,
          "subscriberBlacklisting": "true",
          "annotation": "smartphone_short",
          "entitlement": [
            "BBC_TV",
            "VoD_library_17"
          ],
          "device": [
            "smartphone"
          ]
        },
        "preferenceEngines": [
          {
            "name": "prefTv",
            "contribution": 10,
            "inputs": [
              "SrcGrp_TV1",
              "SrcGrp_TV2"
            ],
            "profileBlacklisting": "true",
            "profile": "prof1"
          },
          {
            "name": "prefVod",
            "contribution": 10,
            "inputs": [
              "SrcGrp_VoD"
            ],
            "profileBlacklisting": "true",
            "profile": "prof2",
            "weightFunctions": [
              {
                "trigger": "remainingAvailability",
                "type": "multiplicative",
                "nodes": [
                  {
                    "triggerValue": "86400",
                    "weight": "2.0"
                  },
                  {
                    "triggerValue": "172800",
                    "weight": 1.5
                  },
                  {
                    "triggerValue": "432000",

```


Note that the contexts do not specify subscriber, profile or asset IDs directly but always refer to such IDs via ID references. The actual IDs to be used have to be provided in the recommendation request. For troubleshooting purposes an optional trace information block is available. In contrast to the explanation, which is intended to outline why a specific asset is recommended, the trace shall not be sent to the client devices.

Subscriber ID, although not required by some engine types, shall always be submitted by the client. If the subscriber ID is not available, Ncanto is not able to populate the collaborative matrix and to perform quality monitoring. Starting from R4.5 a fallback to a default subscriber ID is attempted if the subscriber ID provided is not available in the database.

Please note that Ncanto supports multiple recommendation engines per context and hence multi-engine recommendation requests. In request based business models a single recommendation request involving N engines is counted as N requests.

The recommendation API supports pagination of results via the paginationOffset and paginationLimit query parameters. Note that the numberOfItems specification of the context is still observed, but only a subset of the result is returned.

The preference profiles can be addressed by the combination of a subscriber ID and a profile name instead of a unique profile ID.

Starting from R4.5 arbitrary additional query parameters may be added to the recommendation request. Those are available as criteria for conditional context rules. E.g. a query parameter "deviceType"="tablet" could be used to define context rules only applicable to tablets.

GET	/recommendations?context=<contextId>&subscriber=<subId>&reference=<profileId>&reference=<profileName>&reference=<assetId>&...&trace=true false&adHocContext=@context&query=<searchQuery>&paginationLimit=<nonNegInteger>&paginationOffset=<nonNegInteger>&conditionParameter=<string>&defaultSubscriber=<defaultSubId>&track=<boolean>&autocloneSubscriber=<string>	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	context	Optional, type string. ID of the pre-defined context to be used. If missing, an adHocContext is mandatory.
	subscriber	Mandatory only if sorting by lineup or lineupFilter are used by the context, of if a subscriber based business model is in place. Type string. ID of the subscriber. If present, the entitlement of the subscriber will be applied.
	defaultSubscriber	Optional, type string. If present, the request will not throw a 404 exception if the subscriber Id is missing but will use the defaultSubscriber instead.
	<reference>	Optional, type string. Parameter names are defined in the context, e.g. profile IDs of preference engines of seed asset IDs of similarity engines.
	trace	Optional, type boolean. If true, the response will contain a trace message useful for debugging.
	adHocContext	Optional, type @context. If missing, a pre-defined context ID is mandatory. If both are present, the adHocContext will be merged with the pre-defined context.
	query	Mandatory if a search engine is present in the context, type string.
	paginationLimit	Optional, type positive integer. If present, only the requested number of recommendations starting from paginationOffset are returned.
	paginationOffset	Optional, type non-negative integer, default value 0. If present, the first paginationOffset recommendations will be skipped in the response.
	<conditionParameter>	Optional, type string. Additional parameters which may be used as rule conditions in the context.
track	Optional, type boolean. Supported from R4.8.6. If present, the string specified by parameter "query" will be tracked. See Section 13.23 for details.	

	autocloneSubscriber	Optional, supported from R5.6. type string (subscriber ID). If present Ncanto won't throw a 404 exception if the subscriber to be used (query parameter "subscriber" is not present, but will clone the subscriber using the autocloneSubscriber ID as template. See Section 3.8.37 for more details. autocloneSubscriber is not compatible with defaultSubscriber, a 400 exception is thrown if both are provided.
body	-	
result	200 OK	
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	No active asset store present, one of the referenced IDs or names not found. Note that if a non-existing adpoolId is specified, the request will still return recommendations without ads. The response code will be 200 in such case.. Further details are given in the response.
	409 CONFLICT	One of the profileNames given cannot be resolved into a unique profileId
response	{"recommendations" : [@rec], "trace": @trace, "attributeValues": [@attributeValues], "contextNames": @contextNames }	

Because of a length limitation of request URLs to 7000 characters, an equivalent POST request is offered, where the ad-hoc context (which is typically the longest part of the parameters section) is moved into the request body.

POST	/recommendations?context=<contextId>&subscriber=<subId>&reference=<profileId>&reference=<profileName>&reference=<assetId>&...&trace=true false&query=<searchQuery>&paginationLimit=<nonNegInteger>&paginationOffset=<nonNegInteger>&<conditionParameter>=<string>&&defaultSubscriber=<defaultSubId>&track=<boolean>	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	context	Optional, type string. ID of the pre-defined context to be used. If missing, an adHocContext is mandatory.
	subscriber	Mandatory only if sorting by lineup or lineupFilter are used by the context, of if a subscriber based business model is in place. Type string. ID of the subscriber. If present, the entitlement of the subscriber will be applied.
	defaultSubscriber	Optional, type string. If present, the request will not throw a 404 exception if the subscriber Id is missing but will use the defaultSubscriber instead.
	<reference>	Optional, type string. Parameter names are defined in the context, e.g. profile IDs of preference engines of seed asset IDs of similarity engines.
	trace	Optional, type boolean. If true, the response will contain a trace message useful for debugging.
	query	Mandatory if a search engine is present in the context, type string.
	paginationLimit	Optional, type positive integer. If present, only the requested number of recommendations starting from paginationOffset are returned.
	paginationOffset	Optional, type non-negative integer, default value 0. If present, the first paginationOffset recommendations will be skipped in the response.
	<conditionParameter>	Optional, type string. Additional parameters which may be used as rule conditions in the context.
	track	Optional, type boolean. Supported from R4.8.6. If present, the string specified by parameter "query" will be tracked. See Section 13.23 for details.
body	@context	mandatory if no pre-defined context is used, the adHocContext to be used.
result	200 OK	
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	No active store present, one of the referenced IDs or names not found. Note that if a non-existing adpoolId is specified, the request will still

		return recommendations without ads. The response code will be 200 in such case. Further details are given in the response.
	409 CONFLICT	One of the profileNames given cannot be resolved into a unique profileId
response	{"recommendations":[@rec], "trace": @trace, "attributeValues": [@attributeValues], "contextNames": @contextNames}	

```
@rec =
{"asset": @asset ,
  "groupId": string,
  "groupSize": int,
  "score": decimal,
  "businessScore": decimal,
  "rating": decimal,
  "recordingSuggestion": boolean
  "explanations": [@explanation,...],
  "adPlacements": [@adPlacement],
  "highlights": {
    <attributeName>: [
      <fragment>,
      ...
    ],
    ...
  },
  "stackedRecommendations": [@rec]
}
```

assetId and annotation of the recommended asset, based on the annotationId defined in the context. Starting from R 3.3 availabilityStartTime and availabilityEndTime are converted to the subscriber's time zone (if known)

ID of the recommendation group the asset belongs to. groupIds are consecutive integer numbers 0, 1, 2, ... generated by Ncanto to indicate assets which represent multiple occurrences of the same program or episodes of the same series

number of recommendations in the group, i.e. having the same groupId as this recommendation. Supported from R5.3.

recommendation score of the asset

business score of the asset

previous rating of the asset, only used by assets recommended by preference engines

flag indicating that Ncanto suggests to automatically record the asset

list of explanations why the asset has been recommended

list of targeted ads

supported from R4.1 for search results only

name of the asset attribute the search term was found in dot notation

asset attribute value containing the search term

additional occurrences of the search term in the same attribute

additional occurrences of the search term in other attributes

optional, additional recommendations of the same group if the global context parameter stackedGroups==true.

```
@trace =
{"trace": json,
}
```

verbose debugging information in JSON format

```
@attributeValues =
{"attribute": <attribute_name>,
 "values": [
  {"value": <value>,
   "count": integer
  }
]
```

name of the attribute in dot notation

value of the attribute

number of assets carrying the attribute value

```

]
}

@explanation =
{"originator": string,
  "level": int,
  "type": enum,
  "message": string
}

@adPlacement =
{"asset": @asset,
  "location": enum,
  "score": decimal,
  "businessScore": decimal,
  "explanations": [@explanation]
}

@contextNames =
{
  <langCode>: <contextName>
}

```

identifies the source of the explanation (e.g. engine type, engine name, producer,...)

indicates the level of detail of the explanation. 0 stands for the most generic, highest level explanation (e.g. "Recommended by Social Engine", increasing level numbers indicate more detailed information. Deprecated from R4.6.

replaces the level information from R4.6, one of "engine", "reference", "feature". "engine" corresponds to level 0. "reference" corresponds # to level 2 and contains a reference to an object used by the engine, e.g. the name of the profile used by the preference engine or the title of the seed asset used by the similarity engine. "feature" explanations are only returned by preference and similarity engines and contain detailed information about the asset features which led to the explanation.

the explanation itself, e.g. "Recommended because it belongs to the most watched assets"

metadata of the placed ad asset, filtered according to the annotation template used

placement location, one of "pre-roll", "post-roll", "interstitial", "generic", currently only "generic" supported

score of the ad

not supported in the current release

explanation why the ad has been placed, not supported in the current release

The context names as defined in the context, with resolved variables and filtered to the language specified in explanationConfig (global context). If explanationConfig does not specify a language, the first of the metadata languages of the explanationConfig is used. If the specified language is not available in contextNames, an empty object is returned. If explanationConfig is not specified, all languages are returned.

3.18 Ad Targeting API

This request is used to place ads into one or a list of assets. The response is equivalent to the response of a recommendations request. Adding the subscriber ID to the request is optional, if not provided, Ncanto is not able to perform quality monitoring. Note that ad interleaving is intended to be used for video assets only.

POST	recommendations/adInterleaver?subscriber=<subId>	
body	{ "interleavingParameters": @interleavingParameters, "assetIds": [<assetId>, ...] }	required required
result	200 OK	
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request is syntactically incorrect,
	404 NOT FOUND	No active store present, one of the referenced IDs not found or context evaluation resulted in incomplete configuration. Further details are given in the response.
response	{ "recommendations":[@rec], "trace": @trace }	

```

@interleavingParameters =
{"algorithm": enum,                required, one of "similarity" or "preference"
"profileId": string512,            optional, profileId to be used for "preference"
"adFrequency": decimal,           required, range [0, 1]
"adPools": [string],              required, list of adPool IDs
"assetTypes": [string],           optional, defines the asset types which, in addition
                                   to "ad" are considered as advertising and may be
                                   interleaved. For compatibility to earlier
                                   releases, assetType="ad" is always used by the ad
                                   engines. Supported from R4.0
"windowOfAvailabilityStart": timestamp, optional, default -infinity, defines the
                                   absolute time window in which results shall be
                                   available. The absolute window is overruled by
                                   relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart if both are
                                   present.
"windowOfAvailabilityEnd": timestamp, optional, default +infinity, defines the
                                   absolute time window in which results shall be
                                   available. The absolute window is overruled by
                                   relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd if both are
                                   present.
"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityStart": optional, from R4.0, defines the relative time
                                   window in which recommendations shall be
                                   available. Overrides the absolute time window if
                                   both are specified.
  {"origin": <enum>,               required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
   "offset": <duration>            required, offset in XSD duration format
  },
"relativeWindowOfAvailabilityEnd": optional, from R4.0, defines the relative time
                                   window in which recommendations shall be
                                   available. Overrides the absolute time window if
                                   both are specified.
  {"origin": <enum>,               required, one of "currentTime", "startOfDay",
   "offset": <duration>            required, offset in XSD duration format
  },
"country": string,                 optional, used to select the desired age
                                   rating
"language": langCode,              optional, determines the language of annotations
                                   and explanations
"annotation": string,              optional, annotationId to be used for
                                   recommendations (all asset types)
"annotationPerAssetType": {        optional, supported from R4.0, individual
  <assetType>: string,              annotations for recommendations per asset type.
  ...                               If present, the global annotation is selectively
  }                                 overruled for the corresponding asset types.
"adAnnotation": string,            optional, annotationId to be used for ads

```

```
"entitlement":[string,...],           optional, list of entitlements, not yet
                                     supported
"device":[string,...],              optional, list of device identifiers, not yet
                                     supported
}
```

3.19 Panel Management

See Section 2.3.13 for a description of the panel concept. Panels are used to specify a group of recommendation containers, corresponding to a group of contexts, which have to be populated by recommendations with the help of a single API call.

3.19.1 Create or Update a Panel

PUT	/panel/<panelId>	
body	@panel	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

@panel =

```
{
  "panelId": string,           optional, unique ID of the panel, ignored by PUT
                              requests
  "customProperties": noDotsJson, optional, arbitrary json object of max. 2kB size
  "presentationProperties": noDotsJson, optional, supported from R5.6. If present, the
                              contents are copied into the recommendation
                              response. Intended to communicate presentation
                              and layout parameters to the client.
  "containers": [
    at least one element required, lists the containers
    of the panel. The order of the containers defines
    the duplicate removal priority, the
    recommendations of a container are excluded from
    following containers in the list.
    {
      "id": string,           required, unique ID of the container in the panel
      "size": integer,       required, positive integer, number of
                              recommendations in the container
      "contextId": string,   required, ID of the context used to populate
                              the container
      "customProperties": noDotsJson, optional, arbitrary JSON object of max 2kB size.
      "presentationProperties": noDotsJson, optional, supported from R5.6. If present, the
                              contents are copied into the recommendation
                              response. Intended to communicate presentation
                              and layout parameters to the client.
    }
  ]
  "slots": [
    optional, the slots of the container. If empty or
    missing the whole container will be populated by
    all engines of the context.
    {
      "size": integer,       required, positive integer, the number of
                              recommendation positions occupied by the slot. If
                              stackedGroups==true in the context used, each
                              recommendation position will be populated by one
                              stack. Otherwise a recommendation position will
                              be populated by a single recommended asset.
    }
  ]
  "engineNames": [string]   required, at least one element required, list of
                              preferred engine + fallback engines used to
```

populate the slot. Note that blending preference, shared profile preference, blending filter preference, and multi-seed similarity engines are not allowed.

```
}
]
}
]
}
```

3.19.1 Retrieve one or multiple Panel(s)

GET	/panel/<panelId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	panelId not found
response	@panel	

GET	/panel?count=<no_of_panels>&startAfter=<panelId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@panel] Panels are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

To retrieve panel IDs only (instead of full panels) the `idsOnly` parameter has to be added to the request:

GET	/panel?idsOnly=true&count=<no_of_panels>&startAfter=<panelId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[<panelId>] Panels IDs are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.19.2 Delete a Panel

DELETE	/panel/<panelId>	
result	204 OK	Request successful

3.20 Multi-context (panel) recommendations

The panel recommendations API is used to retrieve recommendations for a whole panel in a single call. In contrast to the recommendations API only a GET request is supported and the contexts used by the panel have to be pre-defined (ad-hoc contexts are not supported).

The panel recommendation service internally calls the recommendation service for each container of the panel.

In case of containers without slot specification, the standard recommendation service as described in Section 3.17 is called. In case of containers with slot specification the number of items and the engine contributions specified in the context of the container are ignored and the amount of recommendations required from each engine is determined from the slot sizes and the engine names. In addition, if slots are defined, the sorting criteria defined in the context are applied on a per engine basis separately.

GET	/panelRecommendations?panelId=<panelId>&subscriber=<subId>&<referenceKey>=<referenceValue>&query=<searchQuery>&defaultSubscriber=<defaultSubId>&track=<boolean>	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	panelId	Required, type string. ID of the panel to be used.
	subscriber	Mandatory only if sorting by lineup or lineupFilter are used by the context, of if a subscriber based business model is in place. Type string. ID of the subscriber. If present, the entitlement of the subscriber will be applied.
	defaultSubscriber	Optional, type string. If present, the request will not throw a 404 exception if the subscriber Id is missing but will use the defaultSubscriber instead.
	<referenceKey>	Optional, type string. Parameter names are defined in the context, e.g. profile IDs of preference engines of seed asset IDs of similarity engines.
	query	Mandatory if a search engine is present in the context, type string.
	track	Optional, type boolean. Supported from R4.8.6. If present, the string specified by parameter "query" will be tracked. See Section 13.23 for details.
body	-	
result	200 OK	
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	No active asset store present, one of the referenced IDs or names not found.
	409 CONFLICT	One of the profileNames given cannot be resolved into a unique profileId
response	{ "panelRecommendations": [@panelRecommendations], "presentationProperties": noDotsJson }	

with @panelRecommendations being the relevant subset of the recommendation response (cf. Section 3.17) and containing the recommendations of one container of the panel:

```
@panelRecommendations =
{
  "contextNames": {
    <langCode>: <string>
  },
  "presentationProperties": noDotsJson,           contains the presentationProperties of the
                                                container
  "recommendations": [@rec]
}
```

See Section 3.17 for the definition of @rec.

3.21 Operations API

3.21.1 Retrieve product version

This request returns information about the currently deployed Ncanto version.

GET	/version	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	{ "product": string, "version": string, "revision": string, "revisionDate": string }	

3.21.2 Log Subscriber Interaction

This request is used to communicate subscriber interactions to Ncanto. Any type of interaction is supported, but there is a list of standard interactions which are evaluated by Ncanto to improve profiles and to populate e.g. the matrix of the collaborative engine. Customer specific non-standard interactions can be included in the calculation of profile and collaborative data on request.

Ncanto takes into account subscriber interactions according to the following algorithm:

- all interactions with a rating<>NULL
- all interactions listed in Table 8

Please note that Ncanto supports the transfer of multiple interactions in one single request. In request based business models a log request containing N interactions is counted as N requests.

POST	/log	
body	[@interaction,...]	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD REQUEST	Malformed request
response		

```

@interaction =
{"timestamp": timestamp,
"subscriber": string,
"profile": string,
"assetId": string512,
"positionSeconds": int,
"interaction": string,
"contextId": <string>,
"comment": string,
"ratingEquivalent": decimal,
"setting": {
  "timeOfDayBin": <string>,
  "timeOfWeekBin": <string>,
  "device": <string>,
  "locationBin": <string>,
  "moodBin": <string>,
  "activity": <string>,
  "autoTimeOfDayBin": {
    <offsetFrom>: <binName>
  },
  "autoTimeOfWeekBin": {
    <offsetFrom>: <binName>
  }
},
"revenue": <decimal>,

```

optional, automatically generated if not present in the request

optional, unique ID of the subscriber performing the interaction

optional, unique ID of the profile the interaction is associated with

optional, unique ID of the asset the interaction is associated with

optional, position of the interaction in seconds from the beginning of the asset

required, description of the interaction

optional, if provided, the given contextId will be logged in the interaction log.

optional

optional, range [-1:+1], the implicit rating the interaction corresponds to

optional, from R4.2, viewing setting of the rating

optional, e.g. "morning", "evening"

optional, e.g. "weekday", "weekend"

optional, the device used

optional, e.g. "home", "work"

optional, e.g. "happy", "sad"

optional, e.g. "traveling", "relaxing"

optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfDayBin is set, defines the time of day bin values to be set automatically depending on current time

at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the day (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair

optional, from R5.6, ignored if timeOfWeekBin is set, defines the time of week bin values to be set automatically depending on current time

at least one required, offset wrt beginning of the week (xsdDuration) bin name (string) pair

optional, revenue of the interaction, from R5.6

```
"currency": <string>                                optional, currency of the revenue of the
}                                                    Interaction, supported from R5.6
```

The following interaction types are used for implicit ratings:

Interaction	Description
play	The asset has been played starting at <position>
stop	Playing the asset has been stopped at <position>
select	The asset has been selected by the subscriber (e.g. purchased, rented, scheduled for recording, added to favorites, etc.)
deselect	The asset has been deselected by the subscriber (e.g. removed from favorites, deleted, purchase canceled, etc.)

Table 8: List of reserved interaction types

Note that "select" and "deselect" interactions as well as all interactions with "ratingEquivalent" set are being used by the collaborative engine and for the "bestRated" lists of the statistical engine.

The following interaction types are reserved for internal use:

Interaction	Description
rate	This interaction type is used for log entries automatically generated by the "Rate an Asset" API request.
requestRecommendations	This interaction type is used for log entries automatically generated by the Recommendation API request.
requestProgramGuide	This interaction type is used for log entries automatically generated by a retrieve assets by filter request.
calibrateProfile	This interaction type is used for log entries automatically generated when a preference profile is calibrated by Ncanto.
requestQueries	This interaction type is used for log entries automatically generated by query builder requests.

Table 9: List of interaction types for internal use

The following interaction types are used to populate statistical lists and to calculate community asset attributes:

Interaction	Description
select/deselect	Used to calculate asset attributes communityRating, communityTrendScore and to populate bestRated, hottest/trending, and mostPopular statistical lists.
Any interaction type with ratingEquivalent set	Used to calculate asset attributes communityRating, communityTrendScore and to populate bestRated, hottest/trending, and mostPopular statistical lists.
share	Used to calculate communityShareCount and to populate mostShared statistical lists (R4.4).

Table 10: List of interaction types used to calculate community asset attributes and to populate statistical lists

The following interaction types are used for frequency capping:

Interaction	Description
-------------	-------------

recommendationImpression	<p>Notifies Ncanto that the assetId was actually shown to the subscriber as recommendation. Used by the frequency capping feature to avoid repeating the same recommendation to the same subscriber several times.</p>
--------------------------	--

Table 11: List of interaction types used to calculate community asset attributes and to populate statistical lists

3.21.3 Retrieve basic analytics data

This request returns the number of subscribers and the number of preference profiles stored in the system. Note that the counts are not calculated in real time but once per day in the background only. The timestamp in the response indicates when the numbers have been obtained.

GET	/analytics	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	<pre>{ "numberOfSubscribers": int, "numberOfProfiles": int, "numberOfAssetStores": int, from R4.0 "totalNumberOfAssetsInStores": int, from R4.0 "timestamp": xsddatetime}</pre>	

3.22 Query Builder API

In order to find related content in public video sources, Ncanto provides queries to be sent to the APIs of such sources. Initially YouTube queries are supported. In compliance with the terms of use of YouTube Ncanto suggests YouTube API queries which have to be sent to the YouTube API by the client. The query builder accepts asset IDs and social topic IDs as input. Note that the query builder API is intended to be used with video seed assets only.

GET	/queries?target=<targetSystem>&targetVersion=<targetSystemVersion>&seed=<assetId1>&seed=<assetId2>&topic=<topic1>&topic=<topic2>&subscriber=<subId>&language=<langCode>	
	<targetSystem>: required, currently only "YouTube" supported <targetSystemVersion>: required, for YouTube "2.0" or "3.0" are supported <assetId>: optional, ID of the asset to find similar content to <topicId>: optional, ID of the topic to find similar content to <subId>: optional, subscriber ID, used only for logging and reporting purposes <langCode>: optional, supported from R4.3, if present the metadata in the specified language will be used to generate the queries	
result	200 OK	
	400 BAD REQUEST	Request is syntactically incorrect
	404 NOT FOUND	One of the referenced IDs not found
response	[@externalQuery]	

```
@externalQuery =
{"httpMethod": enum,           optional, one of GET, POST, default value GET
 "httpHeaders": [@keyValuePair], optional, list of http headers to be used
 "queryParameters": [@keyValuePair], optional, list of query parameters to be used
 "requestBody": string,       optional, body of the request
 "broadness": integer,        optional, if multiple external queries are
```

```

"explanation": string
}

@keyValuePair =
{"key": string,
 "value": string
}

```

provided, the client shall first try the narrowest query (the one with lowest broadness value) and, if the number of results is not sufficient, continue with broader queries.

optional, explanation for which asset/topic the query was built for

required, query parameter or http header name

required, query parameter or http header value

3.23 Frequently used search terms

From R4.8.6 Ncanto supports the tracking of search terms and the retrieval of frequently used search terms for a specified time interval.

The tracking of search terms is available for recommendation requests (if a search engine is part of the context) as well as for retrieve assets by filter requests (e.g. for use cases where the client combines the search phrase suggestions feature with a filter request).

3.23.1 Create or update search terms blacklist

Undesired terms may be excluded from search terms tracking via the blacklisting feature. Search terms containing any of the blacklisted words are not tracked, unless they include a whitelisted phrase. Black- and whitelisted terms and phrases require an exact match to be effective.

PUT	/search-terms/config	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	-	
body	<pre>{ "blacklist": [<string>], "whitelist": [<string>] }</pre>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD_REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect
response	-	

3.23.2 Retrieve search terms blacklist

GET	/search-terms/config	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	-	
body	-	
result	200 NO RESPONSE	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	No search terms configuration was found
response	<pre>{ "blacklist": [<string>], </pre>	

	"whitelist": [<string>] }
--	------------------------------

3.23.3 Retrieve frequently used search terms

GET	/search-terms?limit=<positiveInteger>&timeWindow=<duration>&actualCounts=<boolean>&startsWith=<string>	
path parameters	-	
query parameters	limit	Type: positive integer, defines the number of most frequent search terms to be returned
	timeWindow	Type: positive duration, defines the time window from which the popular search terms should be collected
	actualCounts	Type: boolean. If true, Ncanto checks how many assets matching the search term are available in the active store at the time of querying.
body	-	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	400 BAD_REQUEST	Request parameters are syntactically incorrect
response	<pre>{ "totalCount": <integer>, the total count of tracked search terms for the time window specified "searchTerms": [{ "searchTerm":<string>, the search term (lowercased) "count": <integer>, the number of occurrences of the search term within the time window "actualCount": <integer> the number of assets in the active store matching the search term }] }</pre> <p>Note that actualCounts is omitted from the response if the query parameter is missing or set to false.</p>	

3.24 Dump

Ncanto provides a generic storage facility for JSON objects called "dump". The dump is typically used by clients to store global configuration data. Ncanto is not using the dump internally.

3.24.1 Create or Update an dump object

This request is used to create a new or to update an existing dump entry.

PUT	/dump/<objectId>	
body	JSON object	
result	204 NO_RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD_REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

3.24.2 Retrieve dump object

This request is used to retrieve a dump entry.

GET	/dump/<objectId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	objectId does not exist

response	JSON object
-----------------	-------------

3.24.3 Retrieve all dump object IDs

This request is used to retrieve the IDs of all dump objects. Pagination is supported via the count and startAfter query parameters . Supported from R4.1

GET	/dump?count=<no_of_objects>&startAfter=<objectId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	objectId of startAfter parameter not found
response	[<objectId>]	

3.24.4 Delete a dump object

This request is used to delete one dump entry.

DELETE	/dump/<objectId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	entId successfully deleted or not found

3.25 Dynamic Subscriber Groups

Ncanto supports conditional context rules based on the subscriberGroups property of the subscribers. Such conditional rules are typically used for A/B testing of two configurations. Which groups a subscriber belongs to can either be hard coded into the subscriber object ("subscriberGroups" property) or assigned dynamically at the time the subscriber uses Ncanto via the dynamic subscriber groups.

There are three different criteria which define a dynamic subscriber group, all three have to be matched:

1. subscriberId is one of the IDs in the list. This feature is typically used to confine the subscriber group to a special subset of the whole subscriber base, e.g. to the most active subscribers.
2. The subscriber matches a generic filter, e.g. customProperties.propertyI=valueI
3. The hashed subscriber ID divided by the modulus results in one of the specified remainders. The modulo filter is used to split the subscriber base into a number of random groups.

For context evaluation and logging the dynamic subscriber groups are used as if they were static subscriber groups. There can be multiple dynamic subscriber group definitions stored in Ncanto, but maximum one of them may be active at any time.

3.25.1 Update Dynamic Subscriber Group Definitions

PUT	/dynamicSubscriberGroups/<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>	
body	@dynamicSubscriberGroups	
result	204 NO_RESPONSE	Request successful
	400 BAD_REQUEST	Request body is syntactically incorrect

```
@dynamicSubscriberGroups =
{
  "dynamicSubscriberGroupId": string, unique ID of the group definition rule set
  "active": boolean, specifies if the groups are active or not
}
```

```

"groups": [
  <groupName>: {
    "subscriberIds": [<subId>],      for candidate subscriberId lists coming from
                                     external sources, e.g. from Yaveo
    "filter": @genericFilter,       additional filtering for subscriber
                                     attributes
    "moduloFilter": {
      "modulus": int,              number of equal segments the subscribers
                                     should be split to
      "remainders": [int]         list of remainders of the modulo calculation
                                     which belong to the group
    }
  }
]

```

3.25.2 Retrieve Dynamic Subscriber Group Definitions

GET	/dynamicSubscriberGroups/<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
	404 NOT FOUND	dynamicSubscriberGroups definition does not exist
response	@dynamicSubscriberGroups	

GET	/ dynamicSubscriberGroups?count=<no_of_results>&startAfter=<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[@dynamicSubscriberGroups] Results are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

To retrieve dynamicSubscriberGroupIds only (instead of full objects) the idsOnly parameter has to be added to the request:

GET	/ dynamicSubscriberGroups?idsOnly=true&count=<no_of_results>&startAfter=<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>	
result	200 OK	Request successful
response	[<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>] IDs are returned in a deterministic but unsorted way. Note that for performance reasons count is limited to 1000, even if count is not specified, maximum 1000 are returned.	

3.25.3 Delete Dynamic Subscriber Group Definitions

DELETE	/dynamicSubscriberGroups/<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	subscriber group definition successfully deleted or not found

3.25.1 Activate and Deactivate Dynamuc Subscriber Group Definitions

POST	/dynamicSubscriberGroups/<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>/activate	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	subscriber group definition successfully activated, the previously active set of groups deactivated
	404 NOT FOUND	<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId> not found

POST	<code>/dynamicSubscriberGroups/<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId>/deactivate</code>	
result	204 NO RESPONSE	subscriber group definition successfully deactivated
	404 NOT FOUND	<dynamicSubscriberGroupsId> not found

4 Appendix: Metadata Attributes

The following table describes the metadata attributes supported by Ncanto in detail. Mandatory attributes are indicated by grey background.

Attribute	Description
"assetId": string512	The asset ID is the unique ID identifying an asset in Ncanto's database.
"assetGroups": [string]	The assetGroups attribute allows to provide search phrase suggestions from a subset of the assets only. Note that search phrase suggestions don't support the usual filtering features.
"sourceId": string	The source ID defines which source an asset belongs to. Source IDs may denote different broadcast TV channels (BBC1, BBC2, ...) or VoD libraries (VoD lib 1, VoD lib 2,...), they represent the first hierarchical level to organize and group assets.
"sourceGroupId": string	Source groups represent the second hierarchical level to group assets. They may e.g. be used to distinguish between different content providers (BBC = BBC1, BBC2, ...; DisneyLibs = VoDlib1, Vodlib2). The use of Source Groups is optional, but the input of a recommendation engine, e.g. the candidate assets which are considered by the engine, can only be defined at source group level. The usage of sourceGroupId is deprecated from R4.1, the attribute is replaced by sourceGroupIds.
"sourceGroupIds": [string]	List of source groups the asset belongs to. Example ["BBC_TV_channels", "English_language_channels"]
"sourceLogoUrl": string	URL of the logo of the source, e.g. of the TV station. Only used as annotation.
"availabilityStartTime": timestamp	Beginning of the availability window of an asset. For TV assets this will typically correspond to the start time of the broadcast. For VoD assets, it will correspond to the beginning of the license window. It is preferred that the start time is available including time zone information.
"availabilityEndTime": timestamp	End of the availability window of an asset. For TV assets this will typically correspond to the end time of the broadcast. For VoD assets, it will correspond to the end of the license window. It is preferred that the end time is available including time zone information.
"durationSeconds": int	Duration of the asset in seconds.
"titles":{<lang>: <title>, <lang>: <title> }	The title of the asset in different languages. Ncanto does not dictate the use of standardized language representations (like ISO 639), any

	classification which can be mapped on a string is allowed. At least one title is required.
"programType": string	Program type is a high level (typically broader than genreBroad) classification of assets, e.g. into types movie / documentary / show / sports / news. If the program type classification uses IDs, the mapping to human readable program types shall be available in uiProgramType.
"assetType": string	Defines the type of the asset, e.g. TV, VoD, OTT, advertising. By default, recommendation engines use assets with assetType!="ad", the Ad Engine and the Ad Interleaver only work with assets of type="ad". The used asset types are configurable by engine.
"assetFamilies": [string]	Supported from R5.4, assetFamilies are used in addition to assetType where a multi-valued attribute is required (e.g. for an asset that is available in catch-up as well as in VoD).
"programId": string	Assets with the same programId represent a single program, i.e. multiple airings of the same TV show or different versions (SD, HD, ...) of the same on demand asset. programId is used for blacklisting.
"genreFine": list of strings	Fine granularity genre classification. Multiple fine genres per asset are allowed but the order is not taken into account. If genreFine is provided, genreMedium and genreBroad are mandatory, too. Example: genreFine = 1.3.4, genreMedium = 1.3, genreBroad = 1. If the genre classification uses IDs, the mapping to human-readable genre names shall be available in uiGenres.
"genreMedium": list of strings	Medium granularity genre classification. Multiple medium genres per asset are allowed but the order is not taken into account. Using a rich genreMedium classification is highly recommended as it has a big impact on recommendation quality and consistency. If genreMedium is provided, genreBroad is mandatory too. If the genre classification uses IDs, the mapping to human-readable genre names shall be available in uiGenres.
"genreBroad": list of strings	Broad granularity genre classification. Multiple broad genres per asset are allowed but the order is not taken into account. Using a rich genreBroad classification is highly recommended as it has a big impact on recommendation quality and consistency. If the genre classification uses IDs, the mapping to human-readable genre names shall be available in uiGenres.
"originalStartTime": timestamp	This parameter is used as annotation and represents the original start time of a broadcast TV asset. Note that startBins are calculated based on originalStartTime, hence it is essential that originalStartTime includes correct time zone information.
"originalEndTime": timestamp	This parameter is only used as annotation and represents the original end time of a broadcast TV asset.
"publicationTime": <timestamp>	Date/time of publication of the asset

"lastUpdateTime": <timestamp>	Date/time of last modification of the asset, if missing, it is set automatically by update and ingest asset requests.
"first": boolean	Used to indicate first broadcasting of a program.
"last": boolean	Used to indicate the last broadcasting of a program.
"live": string	Used to indicate if an asset is live, live (recorded), or not live.
"pay": boolean	Indicates if an asset is a pay per view asset or not.
"onDemand": boolean	Indicates if an asset is an on demand asset or not.
"seriesId": string	All episodes of the same series are indicated by the same seriesId
"season": int	Indicates which season the episode of a series belongs to.
"episode": int	The episode number of an asset within a series.
"ageCountry": map of <country>: <age> pairs	Country specific age limits and parental ratings. <age> has to be specified as integer value.
"parentalGuidance": noDotsJson	Arbitrary information in JSON format to describe the parental guidance. May contain e.g. explanations in different languages.
"tip": list of strings	List of editorial tips of the asset, e.g. "Movie tip of the day". Deprecated from R5.2, replaced by "structTip".
"structTip": [{ <string>: <int>, <string>: <decimal>, <string>: <string>, ... }, ...],	List of structured editorial tips of the asset, to be used as an alternative to the flat list attribute "tip" if additional information about e.g. the vendor and the type of the tip are required. Example: {"vendor": "editor1", "type": "movie tip of the day", "value": 1}. Note that integer and decimal numbers have to be provided without double quotes in order to use smaller/larger/atLeast/atMost operators.
"editorialRating": list of strings	List of editorial ratings of the asset, e.g. "humor:3 stars", "action:5 stars", "total:4 stars". Deprecated from R5.2, replaced by "structEditorialRating".
"structEditorialRating": [{ <string>: <int>, <string>: <decimal>, <string>: <string>, ... }, ...],	List of structured editorial ratings of the asset, to be used as an alternative to the flat list attribute "editorialRating" if additional information about e.g. the vendor and the type of the tip are required. Example: {"vendor": "editor1", "type": "humor", "value": 4} Note that integer and decimal numbers have to be provided without double quotes in order to use smaller/larger/atLeast/atMost operators.
"communityRating": decimal	Average rating of the asset by the whole subscriber base. Normalized to range [0...1]
"communityViewCount": integer	Overall number of play interactions the asset received.
"communityShareCount": integer	Overall number of share interactions the asset received.
"communityTrendScore": decimal	Expresses how trending the asset is. Calculated from the ratio of the number of interactions with

	the asset in the last 12h period and of the previous 12h period. Normalized to range [0:1].
"stereo": boolean	Indicates if stereo audio is available.
"surroundSound": boolean	Indicates if surround audio is available.
"multiChannelAudio": boolean,	Indicates the availability of multiple independent audio channels.
"bw": boolean	Indicates if an asset is black & white
"subtitled": boolean	Indicates if subtitles / closed captions are available.
"wideScreen": boolean	Indicates if the aspect ratio of the video is wide (16:9, 21:9) or normal (4:3)
"encoded": boolean	Indicates if the asset requires special decoding means (smartcard, ...). Used for TV assets.
"forBlind": boolean	Indicates if the asset comes with audio commentary for visually impaired persons.
"hd": boolean	Indicates if the asset is high definition /high resolution.
"interactive": boolean	Indicates if the asset is interactive (e.g. includes a game, allows to influence the action,...)
"threeD": boolean	Indicates if the asset is 3D.
"originalTitle": string	The original title of the asset, e.g. for movies. Only used as annotation.
"originalSubtitle": string	The original subtitle of the asset, e.g. for movies or for series episodes.
"seasonOriginalTitle": string	The original title of the season of a series asset.
"audioLang": list of strings	List of audio languages supported
"defaultLanguage": string	The default metadata language of the asset. Used by language filtering as a fallback if the desired languages are not available. Supported from R4.5.
"subtitleLang": list of strings	List of subtitle (closed caption) languages supported. Available from R4.0.
"themeCircle": list of strings	Additional genre like classification of the asset. Only used as annotation.
"keywords":{<lang>: [<keyword>,...],...}	List of keywords of the asset in different languages.
"persons": { <function>:[{ "canonical":string, "perLanguage":{ <lang>:<name>, ... }, "character": { <lang>:<name>, ... }, },], }	List of persons (cast) of the asset. The top level hierarchy inside "persons" is the function of the persons, i.e. director, actor, composer of the music, etc. For every person the canonical name (the main name of the person used by the engines or an ID) and language specific spellings are supported. Optionally, e.g. for actors, the character the actor is playing may be added in different languages. Example: "persons": { "actor": [{ "canonical": "Clinton Eastwood", "perLanguage": { "eng": "Clint Eastwood", "rus": "КЛИНТ ИСТВУД" }, "character": { "eng": "Harry" } },], }

	<pre> } }], "director": [{ "canonical": "Sergio Leone", "perLanguage": { "eng": "Sergio Leone", "rus": "Серджио Леоне" } }] } } </pre>
<pre> "uiFunctionNames": { <function_id>: { <lang>:<function_name>, ... }, ... } </pre>	<p>Used if the <function> key of the persons attribute does not contain human readable information or if function names (actor, director, ...) are required in multiple languages.</p>
<pre>"imageUrl": list of strings</pre>	<p>List of URLs of thumbnail images of the asset.</p>
<pre>"contentUrl": list of strings</pre>	<p>List of URLs of the asset content itself, e.g. for streaming, downloading, etc.</p>
<pre> "media": [{ <string>: <int>, <string>: <decimal>, <string>: <string>, ... }, ...], </pre>	<p>List of arbitrary media representing the assets. This generic and open attribute supports structured information about arbitrary media (images, streaming content, anything that may be linked to the asset).</p> <p>The characteristics of a medium are described by a flat list of string, integer, and decimal values, e.g. "url": http://video.com, "type": "trailer", "encoding": "mp4", "width_pixels": 320, "height_pixels": 240.</p> <p>Integer and decimal attributes support smaller/larger operators (e.g. to return all thumbnail images with a specified minimum size).</p>
<pre>"leaseDurationMinutes": int</pre>	<p>Lease duration of a pay per view asset indicating how long the subscriber can access the asset after purchasing. Unit: minutes</p>
<pre>"viewCount": int</pre>	<p>View count of a pay per view asset indicating how many times the subscriber can view the purchased asset.</p>
<pre>"copyControl": list of strings</pre>	<p>List of DRM attributes. E.g. copy control, CGMS, DTCP attributes.</p>
<pre>"productionYearFirst": int</pre>	<p>Year of production or first year of production if spread over multiple years.</p>
<pre>"productionYearLast": int</pre>	<p>Last year of production if spread over multiple years.</p>
<pre>productionCountry: list of strings</pre>	<p>List of the production countries of the asset.</p>
<pre> "uiProductionCountry": { <lang>: [<string>], ... } </pre>	<p>Used if productionCountry contains IDs or if multiple languages are needed.</p>
<pre>"price": map of <currency>:<price> pairs</pre>	<p>Price of the asset in different currencies. Used as annotation only.</p>

<p>"priceBin": one of 0="free", 1="cheap", 2="inexpensive", 3="not too expensive", 4="premium", 5="expensive"</p>	<p>Used to understand preference of high or low price items. The mapping of price to priceBin is arbitrary and shall reflect local perception of price levels. In order to support weight functions the price bin is encoded in integer format.</p>
<p>"profitability": decimal</p>	<p>Profitability indicator used by weight functions to calculate business scores. The scale is arbitrary and defined by the service provider, the profitability parameter is not used by Ncanto except to calculate business scores.</p>
<p>"targetDemographic" list of strings</p>	<p>An arbitrary list of preferred demographic characteristics of subscribers the asset should be recommended to. Will be used in future release of Ncanto only.</p>
<p>"targetDevice" list of strings</p>	<p>List of devices the asset is suitable for. The classification of devices is up to the service provider, Ncanto provides filtering to assets which are suitable for the device used by the subscriber.</p>
<p>"subtitles": {<lang>: <subtitle>, ...}</p>	<p>Subtitles of the asset in different languages. Used by the recommendation engines and as annotation.</p>
<p>"seasonTitles": {<lang>: <seasonTitle>, ...}</p>	<p>Season titles of the asset in different languages. Used by the recommendation engines and as annotation.</p>
<p>"categories": {<lang>: <category>, ...}</p>	<p>Any other characterization of the asset in addition to genres and program type.</p>
<p>"synopses": {<type>: {<lang>: <synopsis>, ...}, ...}</p>	<p>Textual description of the asset in different classifications (e.g. short/long synopsis) and languages.</p>
<p>"sourceNames": {<type>: {<lang>: <sourceName>, ...}, ...}</p>	<p>Contains the full names of the source of the asset in different classifications and languages. Example: "sourceNames": { "short": { "eng": "CNN International" }, "long": { "eng": "Cable News Corporation International" } }</p>
<p>"sourceGroupNames": [{<lang>: <sourceGroupName>, <lang>: <sourceGroupName>, ...}, ...], ...]</p>	<p>Human readable names of the source groups. The order of the language maps shall correspond to the order of source group IDs.</p>
<p>"uiGenres": {<type>: [{"id": <genre>, <lang>: <uiGenre>, ...}, ...], ...}</p>	<p>Genre information for annotation and explanation purposes. In contrast to genreFine, genreMedium, and genreBroad, uiGenre supports multiple languages. Multiple uiGenre classifications are supported e.g. for hierarchical classifications.</p>

	<p>If types "broad", "medium", and "fine" are present, they are interpreted as the human-readable representations of genreBroad, genreMedium and genreFine, and will be used in explanations of the preference engine. For each genre classification, an asset can have multiple genres.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>"uiGenres": { "broad": [{ "id": "17", "eng": "movie", "deu": "Spielfilm" }], "fine": [{ "id": "17.15", "eng": "action movie", "deu": "Actionfilm" }, { "id": "17.17", "eng": "horror movie", "deu": "Horrorfilm" }] } </pre>
<pre>"uiProgramType":{<lang>: <prgT>, <lang>: <prgT>, "id": <prgtId> ... }</pre>	<p>Program type information for annotation and explanation purposes. If an "id" is present it will be used to translate the programType into human-readable representations.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>"uiProgramType":{ "id": "2", "eng": "movie", "deu": "Spielfilm" }</pre>
<pre>"adProduct": string</pre>	<p>For advertisement assets only, description of the advertised product.</p>
<pre>"adCompany": string</pre>	<p>For advertisement assets only, manufacturer of the advertised product</p>
<pre>"adTaxonomy": list of strings</pre>	<p>For advertisement assets only, contains the taxonomy of the advertising asset.</p>
<pre>"customProperties": noDotsJson</pre>	<p>Any service provider defined properties of the asset in JSON format. Used by Ncanto to learn preference profiles. Note that if any special mapping of attributes is required (e.g. timestamp, language map, or nested), you have to ask XroadMedia personnel to configure it.</p>
<pre>"clientCustomProperties": noDotsJson</pre>	<p>Any service provider defined properties of the asset in JSON format. Not used by Ncanto. Note that if any special mapping of attributes is required (e.g. timestamp, language map, or</p>

	nested), you have to ask XroadMedia personnel to configure it.
"lightness": decimal	Lightness describes the mood of the asset along the axis sad-serious-lighthearted-humorous. In general the value range comprises all negative and positive decimal values. The asset importers (Funke importer etc.) map "sad" to lightness=-1, neutral/serious assets to lightness=0, and humorous assets to lightness=1.
"pace": decimal	Pace describes the mood of the asset along the axis slow-fast. In general all negative and positive values are supported. The asset importers (Funke importer etc.) map slow to 0 and fast to 1.
"relatedAssets": noDotsJson	Optional attribute allowing to link other assets from the asset store, e.g. trailers or bonus material. Example: "relatedAssets":{ "trailers":[<assetId>], "bonus":[<assetId>] }
"metadataQuality": decimal	Optional attribute supported from R5.1, indicating the the richness and the quality of the metadata. Assets with metadataQuality below a certain threshold (0.1 by default, configurable by XroadMedia personnel) are masked in preference profiles. I.e. the asset will still be visible in the profile as rated asset, but the like degrees will not be influenced.
"awards": ["name": string, "uiName": { optional, <langCode>: <string> }, "category": string, "uiCategory": { <langCode>: <string> }, "year": int, "grade": string, "person": string }]	Optional attribute supported from R5.2. List of the awards the asset won or was nominated for. Only the award name is mandatory, all other attributes are optional. Example: "awards": [{ "name": "Academy Awards", "uiName": { "eng": "Academy Award", "fra": "Oscars du cinéma" }, "category": "Best Actor in a Leading Role", "uiCategory": { "eng": "Best Actor in a Leading Role", "fra": "Meilleur acteur" }, "year": 2018, "person": "Gary Oldman", "grade": "won" }]

Table 12: Detailed explanation of asset attributes supported by Ncanto